PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
**TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.**
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
*The Bombay Gazette* Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

TEN PAGES.

MORNING EDITION.

NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK.
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,303.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing, Saturday | Steamers. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **2-30 P.M. 1908.** | | | | |
| 11th Jan. | ORIENTAL | 5284 | INDIA | 7911 |
| 18th " | OCEANA | 6610 | | |
| 25th " | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 1st Feb. | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 8th " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | VICTORIA | 6529 |
| 15th " | ORIENTAL | 5284 | | |
| 22nd " | MACEDONIA | 10512 | | |
| 29th " | ARCADIA | 6603 | | |
| 7th Mar. | CALEDONIA | 7558 | BRITANNIA | 6535 |
| 14th " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 21st " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | MOOLTAN | 9631 |
| 28th " | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 4th Apl. | MARMORA | 10509 | | |
| 11th " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 18th " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | MOLDAVIA | 9500 |
| 25th " | MACEDONIA | 10512 | | |
| 2nd May | ORIENTAL | 5284 | HIMALAYA | 6898 |
| 9th " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | | |
| 16th " | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 23rd " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
*Superintendent*, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
Bombay, 28th September 1907.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | THURSDAY |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,378 | Combe | 23rd Jan. 1908. |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,365 | Verron | 20th Feb. " |
| NERA | 5,338 | Schmitz | 19th Mar. " |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Martin | 16th Apr. " |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 14th May " |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,378 | Combe | 11th June " |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,365 | Verron | 9th July " |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captain | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Martin | 31st Jan. 1908. |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 28th Feb. 1908. |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,378 | Combe | 27th Mar 1908. |

For further Particulars apply to—
L. BRICARD,
*Agent.*
*Esplanade Road*, BOMBAY.

### ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged :—

| Steamers. | Captain. | Tons. | Date. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 1907. |
| CASTALIA | F S Blight | 6300 | 7th Jan 08. |
| BRITANNIA | R. J. Garrick | 3169 | 21st " " |
| MASSILIA | J. Thomson | 5091 | 12th Feb. " |
| OLYMPIA | C.F.Osborne,R.N.R. | 5171 | 29th " " |
| CHRONSSIA | Alex Haig | 6,716 | 18th Mar " |
| SCINDIA | Shafto Abrey | 5,106 | 26th " " |
| CASTALIA | F. S Blight | 6,300 | 11th April " |
| BRITANNIA | R. J. Garrick | 3,169 | 19th " " |
| MASSILIA | J. Thomson | 5,091 | 14th May " |
| OLYMPIA | C.F.Osborne,R.N.R. | 5,194 | 28th " " |
| CHROASSIA | Alex Haig | 6,716 | 14th June " |
| SCINDIA | Shafto Abrey | 5,106 | 25th " " |
| CASTALIA | F. S. Blight | 6,300 | 15th July " |

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez | Rs. 325 |
| Bombay to Port Said | Rs. 418 |
| Bombay to Marseilles | Rs. 570 |
| Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 675 |
| Bombay to London from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent | Rs. 653 |
| Bombay to New York | Rs. 792 |
| Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 990 |
| Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool | Rs. 1038 |

All Return Tickets are available for 2 years.
Concession granted to Families. Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and all steamers with the exception of those marked * have electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
The Attention Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
For any further information regarding passage, etc., apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
*Agents, Bombay.*

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing Date. | Time. | Route.—Via. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LINGA | 2,170 | Mon. 13th Jan. | 11 a. m. | P. D. & O.* |
| DWARKA | 1,700 | Thur. 9th Jan. | 9 a. m. | Cutch Mandvie. |
| LHASA | 2,170 | Frid. 10th Jan. | 7 a. m. | (Direct). |

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on MONDAY, 13th Jan., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 9th Jan., calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,976 tons, sailing on or about 7th Jan.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
*Agents*, BOMBAY.
6th January, 1908.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN

LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| BOHEMIA | 4283 | M. Dabocvich | 16th Jan. 1908 |
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st Feb. 1908 |
| IMPERATOR | 4140 | F. Mocca | 16th Feb. 1908 |
| KOERBER | 5301 | A. Foresti | 1st March 1908 |
| BOHEMIA | 4283 | M. Dabocvich | 16th March 1908 |
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st April 1908 |
| IMPERATOR | 4140 | F. Mocca | 16th April 1908 |
| KOERBER | 5301 | A. Foresti | 1st May 1908 |
| BOHEMIA | 4283 | M. Dabocvich | 16th May 1908 |
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st June 1908. |

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ‡ ISTOOK | 2891 | M. Ticac | 25th Jan. 1908 |
| * † NIPPON | 6317 | F. Tarabocchia | 29th Feb, 1908 |
| * † AUSTRIA | 7866 | G. Gillhuber | 28th Mar. 1908. |
| * † VORWAERTS | 5999 | B. Bednarz | 24th Apr. 1908. |
| * † PERSIA | 5895 | P. Craglietto | 25th May 1908. |

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume
‡ Takes no Passengers.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| VORWAERTS | 5999 | B. Bednarz | 20th Jan. 1908 |

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the

AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 28, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

### THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure, 1908 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MOYORI MARU | ... | Hands | 25th Dec. | 8th Jan. |
| YEBOSHI MARU | ... | T. Kon | 7th Jan. | 19th Jan. |
| RIOJUN MARU | ... | T. Irisawa | 15th Jan. | 29th Jan. |
| TAKASAKI MARU | ... | A. Mocker | 28th Jan. | 9th Feb. |
| TOTOMI MARU | ... | M. Winckler | 8th Feb. | 19th Feb. |
| YETOROFU MARU | ... | K. Sato | 18th Feb. | 1st Mar. |
| KAGESHIMA MARU | ... | T. Arakawa | 26th Feb. | 11th Mar. |
| WAKAMIYA MARU | ... | R. Takeda | 10th Mar. | 22nd Mar. |
| KAGOSHIMA MARU | ... | K. Kori | 18th Mar. | 1st April. |
| MOYORI MARU | ... | Jas. Hands | 31st Mar. | 12th April. |
| YEBOSHI MARU | ... | T. Kon | 8th April | 22nd April |
| RIOJUN MARU | ... | T. Irisawa | 21st April | 3rd May. |
| TAKASAKI MARU | ... | A. Mocker | 29th April | 13th May. |
| TOTOMI MARU | ... | M. Winckler | 12th May | 24th May. |
| YETOROFU MARU | ... | K. Sato | 20th May | 3rd June. |
| KAGESHIMA MARU | ... | T. Arakawa | 2nd June | 14th June. |
| WAKAMIYA MARU | ... | R. Takeda | 10th June | 24th June. |
| KOGOSHIMA MARU | ... | K. Kori | 23rd June | 8th July. |
| MOYORI MARU | ... | Jas. Hands | 1st July | 15th July. |
| YEBOSHI MARU | ... | T. Kon | 14th July | 29th July |
| RIOJUN MARU | ... | T. Irisawa | 22nd July | 8th Aug. |
| TAKASAKI MARU | ... | A. Mocker | 4th Aug | 16th Aug. |
| TOTOMI MARU | ... | M. Winckler | 12th Aug | 28th Aug. |

For Freight apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO,
*Manager.*
Nawazi Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL :—

| Steamers | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail about |
|---|---|---|---|
| ‡ PRASIDENT | 3310 | Tepy | 13th Jan. 1907. |
| * REISCHTAG | 2085 | Ihle | 24th Jan. 1907 |

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
‡ Will call at Seychelles.
For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agent,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY, 7TH DECEMBER, 1907.

***Messrs. O. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.***

***The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those inquiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.***

WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS, "KEYMER, LONDON."

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange, List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Clearings and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 16. Single ,, Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Mandvee Street.

## INSURANCES.

### ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE

LIFE

***FIRE DEPARTMENT.***

Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.

***LIFE DEPARTMENT.***

New Prospectus just Issued containing LARGELY REDUCED RATES.

Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.

*Apply for Particulars,*

| BRANCH OFFICE: | AGENTS: |
|---|---|
| SECY. C. M. ROSS, | T. H. MOORE & Co. |

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, HUMMUM STREET, 42/48, *Church Gate Street*, BOMBAY

THE DEMAND FOR STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1906

| | |
|---|---|
| ISSUED FOR | £2,384,400 |
| ACCUMULATED FUNDS | £11,750,000 |
| ASSURANCES IN FORCE | £29,222,600 |

ASK FOR THE 1906 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

### EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

**Head Office: BOMBAY.**

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.

Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies, WITH PROFITS.

| Age next Birth day. | Assurances of Rs. 1000 payable at death. Whole Life Premiums. | Premiums Limited to 10 years. | 15 years. | 20 years. | Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1000 Payable at Death or at the end of 15 years. | 20 years. | 25 years. | Age next Birthday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | |
| 20 | 31 10 | 48 8 | 36 6 | 30 7 | 64 5 | 47 6 | 37 11 | 20 |
| 25 | 34 2 | 52 5 | 39 4 | 33 0 | 64 13 | 48 0 | 38 7 | 25 |
| 30 | 37 4 | 56 13 | 42 13 | 36 0 | 65 10 | 49 0 | 39 11 | 30 |
| 35 | 41 5 | 62 4 | 47 1 | 39 12 | 66 13 | 50 8 | 41 10 | 35 |
| 40 | 46 11 | 68 12 | 53 5 | 44 9 | 68 11 | 52 14 | 44 10 | 40 |
| 45 | 53 14 | 76 7 | 58 12 | ... | 71 11 | 56 13 | ... | 45 |

***Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.***

E. F. ALLUM,
*General Manager.*

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 2,75,00,000

INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and lodged with the OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.

For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
*Manager, HOMBAY.*

### NOTICE

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE," may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld.'

# Your CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR Gifts

Can best be purchased where the

STOCK IS LARGEST,
VARIETY GREATEST,
SELECTION CHOICEST,
PRICES LOWEST.

For choice there is nothing in India to compare with the almost endless variety of new and original designs—be it JEWELLERY or SILVER WARE—and our Prices will compare favourably with those of any establishment in India.

1001 KNICK-KNACKS which will make most appropriate souvenirs are now on view and every article on Exhibition combines

ELEGANCE,
ORIGINALITY,
DISTINCTIVENESS
and that
STURDINESS
which invariably characterises the Best Class of
BRITISH-MADE WARE.

## MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

# LIPTON'S TEAS

FRAGRANT. REFRESHING

## THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105 MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DEALERS in Italian, French, and German OILMAN STORES and PROVISIONS.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN, GORGONZOLA, and all other kinds of Cheese.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes always fresh in stock throughout the year.

WALNUTS, ALMONDS, HAZELNUTS, CHESTNUTS, NAPLES FIGS, and MUSCATEL RAISINS, all guaranteed fresh, and of Italian produce.

PURE OLIVE OIL, and PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

ITALIAN WINES of all descriptions from the best Houses.

GRIGNOLINO CLARET WINE in great demand, "the Genuine," only Rs. 10 per dozen.

Singapore and Hongkong RATTAN CHAIRS, SOFAS, WORK BASKETS, etc., always in stock and in great demand.

## ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & Co., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the SUPPLY of Machinery and Erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, etc.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses, Half Presses and Finishers for Half-Pressed Bales, Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and rope Gearing Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Water Carts, Tanks, etc.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade Requirements, we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, including Special Testing Plant, and greatly extended our foundry.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE BRITISH ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION AND PAINT CO., LTD.
(VON HOVELINGS PROCESS.)
PAINTS
As supplied to the Principal Navies of the World.

Messrs. THE ATLAS METAL and ALLOYS CO., LTD., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's Brand.

Messrs. SAMUELSON and Co., Ltd.

Patent Power Hammers and Roots, "Acme" Blowers and Exhausters.

For Sale.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks etc., Also Steel Bars, Plates, and Angle Irons of the largest sections, Diamonds Silver, and other Steel and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in Stock.

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BRANCH FACTORY—CARNAC IRON WORKS,
OPPOSITE VICTORIA DOCKS.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRETARY AND MANAGER.
D. LONGWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure in certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Minister Hill, Bombay.

THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the Bombay Gazette containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE is being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPHLET FORM.—Price 1 Annas each, at the Office

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

DUBOIS FRERES & CAGNION'S COGNAC.

FLEUR DE BLANZAC.
Rs. 3-12 per bottle.
JOCKEY CLUB.—Rs. 2-12 per bottle.
Liberal Terms to the Trade.

TO BE HAD FROM
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

## BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£600,000
RESERVE FUND .....£600,000

HEAD OFFICE :
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calcutta. | Delhi. | Cawnpore. | Tuticorin |
| Lahore. | Bombay. | Colombo. | Zanzibar. |
| Amritsar | Madras. | Mandalay. | Mombasa |
| Kurrachee. | Rangoon. | Newera Eiya. | Nairobi. |
| Steamer Point, Entebbe. | Aden. | Kandy. | Chittagong |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive, same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | Yen | 24,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | " | 24,000,000 |
| ORDINARY RESERVE FUND | " | 11,550,000 |
| SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND | " | 1,000,000 |
| SPECIAL RESERVE FUND | " | 2,800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| London | Shanghai | Tientsing | KOBE |
| Lyons | Hongkong | Changchun | Osaka |
| New York | Hankow | Antung-Hsien | Tokyo |
| San Francisco | Tientsin | Ryojun (Port Arthur) | Nagasaki |
| Honolulu | Peking | | Bombay |
| (Hawaii) | Newchwang | Fengtien | |
| | Chefoo | Liaoyang | |
| | | Dairen (Dalny) | |

LONDON BANKERS :—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World

K. KODAMA,
Albert Buildings, *Manager*
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ | 10,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ | 10,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $ | 11,750,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund | £ | 1,000,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*

LONDON BANKERS :
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.

A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY. | HONGKONG. | RANGOON. |
| BANGKOK. | KOBE. | SAIGON. |
| BATAVIA. | LONDON. | SAN FRANCISCO. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SHANGHAI |
| CALCUTTA | MANILA. | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | TIENTSIN. |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | YOKOHAMA. |
| HANKOW. | PENANG. | YLOILO. |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

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C. H. WILSON,
*Agent.*
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY

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BANKERS AND AGENTS.
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BRANCHES AT KARACHI, RAWALPINDI, MURREE AND SRINAGAR.

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LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.
COX'S AGENCY Ld., engage Passages and secure best available berths to all parts of the World Free of Charge for Commission.
PASSENGERS met on Arrival and
BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.
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List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL | £1,200,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £1,475,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £1,200,000 |

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg. | Medan, Deli (Bo-matra). | Foochow. |
| Bombay. | Singapore. | Saigon. |
| Karachi. | Kwala Lumpor | Shanghai. |
| Calcutta. | Bangkok. | Tientsin. |
| Madras. | Batavia. | Hankow. |
| Rangoon. | Sourabaya. | Yokohama. |
| Colombo | Manilla. | Kobe. |
| Penang. | Cebu (Philippines). | New York. |
| Thaiping (Perak). | Hongkong. | |
| Ipoh (Perak). | | |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Agent

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BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
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## WAS DELIRIOUS WITH ECZEMA

On Chest, Back, and Head—Pain, Heat, and Tingling Were Excruciating—Nerves in Exhausted Condition—Sleep Badly Broken.

CURE BY CUTICURA SEEMED LIKE MAGIC

"Words cannot express the gratitude I feel for what Cuticura Remedies have done for my daughter, Adelaide. She is fifteen years of age, and had never had anything the matter with her skin until four months ago, when an eruption broke out on her chest. The first symptom was a redness, and then followed thickening and blisters, which would break and run matter. I took her to a doctor, and he pronounced it to be eczema of a very bad form. He treated her, but instead of being checked, the disease spread. It showed itself on her back and then quickly spread upwards until the whole of her head was affected, and all her hair had to be cut off. The pain she suffered was excruciating, and what with that and the heat and tingling her life was almost unbearable. She became run down in health, and at times was very feverish, languid, and drowsy, and occasionally she was delirious. Her nerves were in such a low state that she could not bear to be left alone. In spite of the cold weather she would insist on having her bedroom window open, and would lean out on the window-sill. She did not have a proper hour's sleep for many nights. The second doctor we tried afforded her just as little relief as the first, and I really do not know what we should have done if we had not read how Cuticura cured a similar case. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills, and before the Ointment was three-quarters finished every trace of the disease was gone. It really seemed like magic. Her hair is coming on nicely, and I still apply the Cuticura Ointment as I find it increases the growth wonderfully. Mrs. T. W. Hyde, 1, Osprey Place, Brentwood, Essex. May 8, 1907."

Send to nearest depot for free Cuticura Book on Treatment of Skin Diseases.

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris,

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's S.S. "BOHEMIA" from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE Ports, viz KARACHI, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 8 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days after the discharge of the respective cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEY must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

### NOTICE

MARINE STORES of INDIAN MANUFACTURE or PRODUCE required for the ROYAL INDIAN MARINE DOCKYARD, Bombay Tenders will be received at the Bombay Dockyard, up to 2 P. M. of 3rd February, 1908.

For Particulars see Notice No. 7996 in Bombay "Government Gazette" of 28th November, 1907, or apply to the DIRECTOR, Royal Indian Marine.

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL persons having CLAIMS against Undersigned, are hereby requested to send the same post paid to him within one month.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,
c/o THOS. COOK AND SON.

### SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(NO ICE No. 64.)

SEALED TENDERS for Contracts will be received and opened at Quetta by the Divisional Contract Officer at Quetta Division at 12 NOON on the dates noted against each article as specified below.

2. Forms of Tenders and Schemes and all further particulars can be obtained on application to the
(1) Divisional Contract Officer, Quetta;
(2) Station Supply Officer, Karachi;
(3) Warrant Officer, Supply Depot, Hyderabad,
up to 2 o'clock (P. M.) on the dates previous to the receipt of Tenders. Sundays and Holidays excepted.

3. No Tenders will be received except on Forms obtainable from the above Officers. A fee of rupee One will be charged for each set of Tender form issued.

Tenders will be opened at Karachi by the Divisional Contract Officer, IV (Quetta) Division.

| Particulars. | Maximum requirements. | Where required. | Earnest money. | Period. From | Period. To | Date of opening Tenders. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hospital bottled Beer and Porter. | As provided for in the Schedules. | Quetta ... Karachi ... Hyderabad ... Quetta ... | 25 25 25 40 | 1st April 1908. | 31st March 1909. | 6th February 1908. |
| Oil of sorts ..... Mis: articles for repairs etc. of equipments of different arms of services | | Quetta .... | 30 | | | |
| Shoes and Nails for Mules, Bullocks and Ponies. | | Quetta .... | 30 | | | |
| Cooking Utensils... | | Karachi ... Quetta ... Karachi ... | 25 25 25 | | | |
| Fowls, scores ... | 200 | Quetta .... | 20 | | | |
| Chickens, scores .... | 300 | | | | | |
| Eggs, scores ..... | 3,00 | | | | | |
| Millet is for repair of gear of artillery | As provided for in the Schedule | Quetta .... | 30 | | | |
| Charcoal ..... | Ibs. 500 0 | Quetta .... | 25 | | | |
| Bullock and Mule gear, | As provided for in the Schedule. | Quetta .... | 150 | | | |
| Salt for Men and Animals | | Karachi ... Quetta .... | 18 100 | | | |

F. W. HALLOWES, MAJOR,
Divisional Contract Officer,
IV. (Quetta) Division.

### SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(NOTICE No. 65.)

SEALED TENDERS for Contracts will be received and opened at Karachi by the Divisional Contract Officer, IV. (Quetta) Division, at 12 noon, on the dates noted against each articles as specified below.

2. Forms of Tenders and Schedules and all further particulars can be obtained on application to the
(1) Divisional Contract Officer, Quetta;
(2) Station Supply Officer, Karachi;
(3) Warrant Officer, Supply Depot, Hyderabad,
Up to 2 o'clock (P. M.) on the dates previous to the receipt of Tenders. Sundays and Holidays excepted.

3. No Tenders will be received except on Forms obtainable from the above Officers. A fee of rupee One will be charged for each set of Tender form issued.

Tenders will be opened at Karachi by the Divisional Contract Officer, IV (Quetta) Division.

| Particulars. | Stations where required. | Maximum requirements. | Earnest money. | Period From | Period To | Date of opening Tenders. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | lbs. | Rs. | | | |
| Potatoes..... | Karachi ... Hyderabad .. | 4 88,000 3,00,000 | 200 300 | | | |
| Boat tonnage for conveyance of stores. | Karachi ..... | As provided for in the Schedule. | 500 | | | |
| Linseed ..... | Karachi ..... Hyderabad .. | 9,000 15,000 | 25 40 | | | |
| Provision for Native Troops | Karachi ..... | As provided for in the Schedule. | 300 | 1st April 1908. | 31st March 1909. | 8th February 1908. |
| Oil of sorts ..... | Karachi ..... Hyderabad .. | | 25 25 | | | |
| Materials for repairs of gear of Carts, etc. | Karachi ..... | | 170 | | | |
| Charcoal ..... | Karachi ..... Hyderabad .. | 23,500 9,000 | 95 25 | | | |
| Mis: articles for repairs, etc. of equipments of different arms of services. | Karachi .... Hyderabad | As provided for in the Schedule. | 30 25 | | | |

F. W. HALLOWES, MAJOR,
Divisional Contract Officer,
IV. (Quetta) Division.

## GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... 48 Lakhs.
PENSIONS PAID ..... 28 Lakhs.

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Terms moderate.

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JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Cowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs, Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

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The Sisters Feed, Nurse, Clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.

The House is entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

## RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| The Lover of Queen Elizabeth. Being the Story of the Life of Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester. By Mrs. Audrey Richardson, Author of "Famous Ladies of the English Court." Demy 8vo., fully illustrated. Hand-Coloured Photogravure Frontispiece ... ... ... ... | 8 8 |
| The Pirates of Malabar, and an Englishwoman in India 200 Years Ago. By Col. John Biddulph. With a Frontispiece and Map, large post 8vo.. | 5 4 |
| The On Look says:—Mrs. Gyffford's experiences form only one of many existing, not to say romantic, episodes which are recounted by Colonel Biddulph in his exceptionally interesting book." | |
| Through the Magic Door. By A. Conan Doyle, Author of "The White Company." With 16 page Illustrations ... ... ... ... ... | 2 4 |
| ∴ A series of chats about books. The man who desires to start a little book collection of his own might find it his best guide. | |
| The Chemistry of Commerce. By Prof. R. K. Duncan, Author of "The New Knowledge," &c. Demy 8vo, illustrated ... ... ... | 6 9 |
| This book explains, by a series of remarkable working examples, how discoveries in the great laboratories may be applied by manufacturers with enormous saving and profit. The concluding chapter, "Industrial Fellowship, propounds a scheme for systematically utilising these tips from scientific experts. | |
| In Wildest Africa. By C. G. Schillings, Author of "With Flashlight and Rifle in Equatorial East Africa." Translated by Frederic Whyte. With about 300 illustrations direct from the Author's wonderful photographs. In two volumes ... ... ... ... ... ... | 21 0 |
| Through Persia in a Motor Car. By Russia and the Caucasus. By Claude Anet. Translated by Mr. Beresford Ryley. Illustrated from photographs ... ... ... ... ... | 14 0 |
| Descriptive of the perilous and exciting adventures of Motoring from Bucharest into the very heart of Persia. | |
| Hunters of the Silences. By Ch. G. D. Roberts. 50 illustrations (several in Colour) by Charles Livingston Bull ... ... ... ... ... | 5 4 |
| "Makes a strong appeal to the minds of young people."—Country Life. | |
| In the Footsteps of Marco Polo. By Major Clarence Dalrymple Bruce ... ... ... ... | 18 6 |
| In this account of his journey from Simla to Pekin Major Bruce, a great traveller, relates a delightful narrative of his interesting and valuable experiences. The volume is full of illustrations reproduced from the Author's photographs, and has a specially prepared map. | |
| Old and New Japan. A series of word pictures depicting the inner life and spirit of the Japanese. By Clive Holland, Author of "Things Seen in Japan," &c. With 50 Illustrations in colour by Montague Smyth ... | 13 2 |
| The Altar Fire. By A. C. Benson ... ... ... | 6 9 |
| The World says:—"In conception and in execution this study of a high-souled but inveterate egotist contrasted to humility and altruism by the discipline of suffering, is an achievement of rare power, pathos and beauty, and, so far, incomparably the finest thing that its author has given us." | |
| Across Persia. By E. Crawshay Williams An account of a journey made under favourable auspices—Mr. Williams journeyed up the Persian Gulf with the Viceregal party from India—in 1903 ... ... ... ... | 10 15 |
| The South-Bound Car. By Owen Llewellyn and L. Raven-Hill. With 85 Illustrations ... | 3 10 |
| A vivacious narrative of the events of a tour by motor in Spain. Mr. Raven-Hill's sketches fully illustrate the incidents humorous and otherwise. | |
| The Marches of Hindustan. By David Fraser. 150 illustrations. Sketches, and Maps ... | 18 6 |
| Mr. David Fraser is well known as the Author of "A Moderan Campaign." His "Marches of Hindustan," announced above for immediate publication is the record of a journey he has just returned from in Thibet, Trans-Himalayan India, Chinese Turkistan, Russian Turkistan and Persia. | |

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AND
### LA MARTINIERE GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL,
KHURSHAED MUNZIL,
LUCKNOW.

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GRAND PROGRAMME.
IN TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME
We will Exhibit
A DRAMA IN SEVILLE.

A very sensational realistic subject in which one can see THE MATADOR killed by the BULL.

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MAGNIFICENT PROJECTION PERFORMANCES.

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Entire CHANGE of PROGRAMME and it is the first time we are introducing such attractive LIVING PICTURES. We beg the public to give their generous patronage, use their imaginative forces and kindly to judge our play.

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|---|---|
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USUAL DAILY SESSIONS.
FRIDAY, 10TH JANUARY,
HOCKEY MATCH, at 10 30 P. M.
SATURDAY, 11TH JANUARY,
USUAL DAILY SESSIONS.
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CINDERELLA QUADRILLE PARTY,
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MOTOR TYRES & TUBES
Of every description in stock.

For prices, etc., apply to
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THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own sense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
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They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
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ABDULLA'S
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FRESH CONSIGNMENTS FORTNIGHTLY,
ALWAYS IN STOCK
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### MAGIC PILLS.
*An Excellent Tonic for Young and Old.*
EVERY MAN SHOULD HAVE A BOX,

ALL details cannot be published. Those who want to know the particulars, should write to the Manager with half-anna stamp for reply. Price Rs. 3-8 per box.

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RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

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THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 7th Instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Victoria House, Byculla, in the premises lately vacated by Messrs. Breslaur & Co., and close to Messrs. Phillips & Co., (where the kit has been removed for sale) the valuable and artistic design teakwood, blackwood, and Satinwood and Mahoganized furniture, also few pieces by Breslaur, such as sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror back sideboard and dumb waiters, meat safe, marble top circular tables and teapoys, English tiled top teapoys, plush and tapestry lined fan pattern, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, Corner and side cabinets, marble top chiffoniers, brica-brac, sofa, jardiniers, lady's and gents' easy chairs, office and varanda seats, office tables, plate glass door, library and book presses, single and double mirror door almirahs, single and double bedsteads, dressing and washhand tables, chest of drawers, table and hall lamps by Ditmar, rich glassware and crockeryware, best plateware by Reed and Barton and others, cases of cutlery and forks, sets of spoons and forks, Indian large and small carpets, old blue China large size jars, year's winding clock, sweet-toned ebonized ironframed cottage piano specially built for India, musical box playing 12 Hindustani tunes, with spare rollers on stand, American 12 stops church organ, concert phonograph by Remichander, Graphophone, etc., the property of Captain J. Henderson and Infantry Mess.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 7TH JANUARY 1908.

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From MR. E. L. M. ASANSOLE, E. I. Railway:—"I had very bad Dyspepsia, my food used to turn rotten and sour my stomach and I used one bottle of Essence of Papiya and now I am sure I could digest a brick. It has thoroughly cured me of Dyspepsia, hence I have so much confidence in your medicines. You certainly deserve credit for introducing such a medicine to poor suffering dyspeptics. You may certainly publish what I have said about your Papiya Essence."

From MR. W. F. LEGGE, Buttowrah Jaunpore:—"I had for several months been suffering from severe attacks of Dyspepsia and loss of appetite, and in fact lost over 4 stone in weight, when a friend who had for years been a sufferer from the same disorder, advised me to try your Edward's Papiya Essence, which he said had done him a wonderful deal of good. I followed his advice and I am happy to say, have found relief. I have taken it according to the instructions on the bottles; am no longer troubled with indigestion and have recovered my appetite. As I think this agreeable remedy should be generally known, you are at liberty to publish this statement."

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E. J. LAZARUS & CO.,
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Price Rs 3 per Bottle.

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Cheapest D

# COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *January* 5.] [BOMBAY, *January* 6.

## IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

| Package. | Value | From | Vessel. | Importer. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | | | |
| 1 Box Gold Bullion | 76,800 | London | Oceana | Comp Nat de Paris |
| 15 Packages Rs | 34,000 | Dubai | Nerbudda | Sundry Importers |
| 6 Bundles Rs .. | 16,000 | Koweit | do | do |
| 56 Packages Rs and half Sovs | 1,12,486 / 710 | Bahrein | do | do |
| 3 Packages Sovs half Sovs, Gold Coins and Rs | 22,116 | Jeddah | Mostari | do |
| 15 Packages Sovs and half Sovs Gold Coins & Rs | 2,01,620 | do | Ahmadi | do |
| 16 Packages Rs 2 Cases Sovs and half Sovs | 22,300 / 18,500 | Linga Jeddah | Nerbudda Ahmadi | do / B & P S N Co |

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING.] [6TH JANUARY 1908.

### FINANCIAL.

**Money :—**

The Bank of Bombay cash balance is Rs. 10 lakhs up.

**Exchange :—**

The market opened quiet at 1s. 3 29/32d. T. T. and 1s. 3 15/16d. on demand, but at these rates there was little or no enquiry. At one or two Banks it was possible to get demand bills for the mail at 1s. 3 31/32d., but before the close this latter rate was probably off. Bills remain very scarce but notwithstanding there were only one or two buyers of Credits at 1s. 4 7/32d. three months' sight. Far Eastern rates have improved following the firmer silver advices.

We quote :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| T. T. on London ... | ...1s. 3 29/32d. | |
| Demand Draft ... | ...1s. 3 15/16d. | |
| Credits—3 months' sight | ...1s. 4 7/32d. | to 1/4 |
| Do. 6 months sight | ...1s. 4 13/32d. | |
| Do. 2 months' sight—France | 170 | |
| Do. 3 months' sight—Marks. | 129 | 1/4 |
| Hongkong—30 days' sight ... | 140 | |
| Yokohama—30 days' sight ... | 150 | 3/4 |
| Shanghai—30 days' sight ... | 188 | |

**Government Paper :—**

This has been the settling day in the Government Paper Market and a large business has been transacted. At opening the quotation for ready Paper was 96 1/16 but early in the day business was done up to 96½. Later the rate eased to 96⅜ after which the settlement was practically arranged. The steadier feeling, however, continued and before the close the ready rate again became 96½ buyers. In the early part of the day there were budleers arranged at 3 annas in favour of the seller for next settlement but at the close the difference is only 1/16 between ready and forward.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash ... ... ... ... | Rs. 96 4 |
| 1st Settlement ... ... ... | „ 96 5 |

**Bullion :—**

On Saturday there was a further advance in the price of Bar Silver in London and America due, according to private advices, to purchases on behalf of the Mexican Government. Prices in London advanced 3/16 to 25⅞ while the New York quotation was ⅛ higher at 55⅞. Locally the market has been firmer but although the ready rate has remained steady at 66½ ex-duty, forward rates has improved to 66 1/16 and 66 3/61 ex-duty for the first and second settlements respectively. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| English Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 6 | 0 |
| Australian Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 5 | 0 |
| Bombay Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 4 | 0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns ... | 15 | 2 | 0 |
| English Dragon Sovereigns ... | 15 | 2 | 0 |
| Silver ex Duty—Ready ... | 66 | 14 | 0 |
| Ditto 1st Settlement ... | 66 | 1 | 0 |
| Ditto 2nd Settlement ... | 66 | 3 | 0 |

### COTTON.

**Market Report :—**

The market opened easier with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 2 lower. There has again been little enquiry from any source and business is flat. After the Liverpool opener there was a slightly steadier feeling, and prices close as under.

In ready cotton a small business was reported at Colaba.

**QUOTATIONS :—**

| | Rs. | Delivery. |
|---|---|---|
| Fine M. G. Broach ... | 273 | March |
| Good M. G. Broach ... | 267 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti ... | 231 | Jan. |
| Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon | 224 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Khangaum Akola ... | 218/19 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Amraoti ... | 218 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Muttia ... | 204/5 | „ |
| F. G. M. G. Khandeish ... | 200 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Khandeish ... | 205 | „ |
| Fine M. G. Bengals ... | 196/7 | „ |
| F. G. M. G. Bengals ... | 191 | March |
| F. G. H. G Bengals ... | 191 | Jan. |
| Good Westerns ... ... | 239 | Apl-May |
| Good Saw Ginned Dharwar ... | 253 | „ |

**Liverpool Opener :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Opening Tone... ... ... ... | Quiet. |
| Estimated Sales ... ... ... | 7,000 bales. |
| Total Imports ... ... ... | 8,000 „ |

**Future Delivery Prices :—**

| J.-F. | F.-M. | M.-A. | A.-M. | M.-J. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5·64 | 5·66 | 5·67 | 5·69 | 5·69 |
| +03 | +03 | +04 | +04 | +04 |
| J.-J. | J.-A. | A.-S. | S.-O. | |
| 5·69 | 5·67 | 5·60 | 5·48 | |
| +04 | +04 | +04 | +04 | |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Linseed :—**

The market is steady but there is not much doing. We quote :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ready bold ... ... | Rs. | 7 14 0 B T. |
| April-May ... ... | „ | 8 9 0 R. T. |

**RAPESEED—**

The market is quiet but steady as under :—

Brown Cawnpore Apl.-May... Rs. 9 6 0 R T.

**Gingellyseed :—**

The market is steady with a moderate business passing. We quote :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bold White, 85 p.c. ... ... | Rs. | 62 0 0 |
| „ 75 p.c. ... ... | „ | 61 0 0 |
| Black Kutki ... ... ... | „ | 55 8 0 |
| White Havre... ... ... | „ | 62 0 0 |
| Yellow Hingaghat ... ... | „ | 63 0 0 |

**Poppyseed :—**

Rs. 11 1 0 Apl.-May

**Castorseed :—**

Ready ... ... ... Rs. 34 0 0
Apl.-May ... ... ... „ 35 0 0
Tone—Steady.

**Cottonseed :—**

Rs. 23 8 0
Tone—Quiet.

**Mowraseed :—**

Rs. 5 5 0
Tone—Steady.

**GROUNDNUTS :—**

Rs. 45 0 0 Jan.-Feb.
Tone—Easier.

**Wheat :—**

White Delhi ... ...Rs. 6 5 0 Apl.-May.
Tone—Firm.

### THE SHARE MARKET.

**Banks :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay ... ... ... ... | 1,385 |
| India ... ... ... ... | 614 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... ... | 54 |

**Mills :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Central India Spinning ... ... | 1,910 |
| David ... ... ... ... | 336 1/4 |
| Kisnin Mahanji Mill ... ... | 720 |
| Manockji Petit ... ... ... | 2,175 |
| Sassoon S. & W. Coy ... ... | 925 |
| Jowraj Bales Mills ... ... | 420 |

**Miscellaneous :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Steam Nav. Pref. ... | 265 |
| Colaba Land and Mill ... ... | 1,020 |
| Marks and Co ... ... ... | 132 |
| Port Canning & Land I Coy ... | 625 |

**Railways :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Tapti Valley ... ... ... | 65 1/8 |

## RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton ... ... ... ... | 19,268 | bales |
| Wheat ... ... ... ... | 2,532 | cwts |
| Linseed ... ... ... ... | 48 | „ |
| Rapeseed ... ... ... ... | 772 | „ |
| Gingellyseed ... ... ... | 4,723 | „ |
| Poppyseed ... ... ... | 19 | „ |
| Groundnuts ... ... ... | 332 | „ |
| Castorseed ... ... ... | 954 | „ |
| Rice ... ... ... ... | 3,479 | „ |
| Myrabollams ... ... ... | 11,827 | „ |
| Cottonseed ... ... ... | 16,262 | „ |
| Mowraseed ... ... ... | 176 | „ |
| Grass ... ... ... ... | 1,104 | „ |
| Jowwar ... ... ... ... | 1,755 | „ |
| Maize ... ... ... ... | nil | „ |

At a Meeting of Directors of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, held yesterday it was resolved to recommend the declaration of a final dividend of Rs. 330 per whole share and Rs. 82-8 per quarter share for the year ending 31st May last.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP
COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, Jan. 7.

6 Det.—I for the week ending Saturday the 11th instant.
To-day, Tuesday the 7th—Practice for Buglers in rear of Skating Rink at 8-30 p.m.
Wednesday the 8th—Commanding. Officer's Parade.
Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 5 p m.
Dress—Drill Order, Uniform, with Forage Caps.
Subject—Battalion Drill, Sections 91 to 100 Infantry Training 1908.
Thursday the 9th—Semaphore Drill in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a.m.
Friday the 10th—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 7 p. m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL,
COMMANDING, B. V. A.
Bombay, Jan. 7.

374 DRILLS

No 1 Company—Tuesday the 7th instant at 9 p m Squad Drill with Rifles in the Town Hall Compound.
Dress—Plain clothes.
No 2 Company—Tuesday the 7th instant at 9 p m Lecture on Ammunition at Nesbit Road Head-Quarters. Thursday the 9th inst at 9 pm 6th Z L C Gun Drill at Mahaluxmi Fort.
Dress—Khaki and Caps.

375 PROF. CLASS.

The proficiency class will be held at the B V A Club on Thursday the 9th instant at 9 p.m.

376 INSPECTIONS.

It is notified for information that the Inspector-General of Volunteers in India will inspect the Corps at Aiming Rifle Practice at Middle Ground, Fort, on Saturday the 18th instant.

377 CORPS PARADE.

The Corps will parade at the B V A Club on Saturday the 11th instant at 5 p m to proceed to Middle Ground, Fort, for 1" Aiming Rifle Practice.
All members are requested to attend as it will be a complete Rehearsal for the 18th instant.

378 H E Co.

The H E Coy will parade at 6-30 p m on Wednesday 8th inst at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground and Oyster Rock for Electric Light Manning.

379 TRANSFERS.

Gr W Thomson No 2 Co is transferred from the Reserve to the active Lists
Gr T Halse No 2 Co is transferred from the active List to the reserve

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

NOTICE.

Spoon Competition was held on Sunday last 5th inst. Result as follows :—

| | 200 yds. | 500 yds |
|---|---|---|
| S M H Solley ... | 31 + 4 = 34 | 29 + 5 = 34 |
| Gr O M P Clyne ... | 28 + 4 = 32 | 31 + 5 = 36 |
| Gr W Thompson ... | 27 + 7 = 34 | 30 + 8 = 38 |
| S I A R Mabey ... | 27 + 9 = 36 | 25 + 10 = 35 |
| S I A Williams ... | 27 + 11 = 38 | 32 + 9 = 31 |
| Br C Fisck ... | 21 + 15 = 36 | 21 + 16 = 37 |
| Corpl J Welch ... | 18 + 6 = 24 | 13 + 7 = 20 |

Winners of Spoons.

200 yds Srt A Williams.
500 yds Gr W Thomson.

The next Spoon Competition will take place at Santa Cruz on Sunday the 12th inst at 200 and 600 yds

A. W. BAKER, Gr. Hon. Sec.
B. V. A. R. Assns.

### THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday give the following results :—

| Wards. | Plague Attacks. | Plague Deaths. | Deaths from all causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade .... | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri ... | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ... | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi ... | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada ... | 0 | 0 | 19 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion ... | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| G Mahim and Worli ... | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Water Division ... | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Non-Resident and Unknown ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals ... ... ... | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Total ... | 0 | 0 | 88 |
| Total plague deaths to date.. | 141,696 | | |
| Same date last year ... | 3 | 2 | 86 |

### THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

The following table shows the results of the rat campaign :—

JANUARY, 5th 1908.

| Ward. | Alive. | Dead. | Found Infected. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A ... | 78 | 93 | 1 |
| B ... | 165 | 179 | 16 |
| C ... | 65 | 179 | 8 |
| D ... | 115 | 81 | 0 |
| E ... | 199 | 145 | 1 |
| F & G ... | 72 | 1 | 0 |
| Total to date.. | 695 | 671 | 26 |
| Total rats killed ... | | | 1,366 |

## FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

| Great Britain. | Continent of Europe. | America. | Australia. | China. | Africa. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Brest Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Aden Perfect. |
| Via Turkey Interrupted Via Suez Perfect. | Via Turkey Interrupted Via Suez Perfect. | Via Valentia Perfect. Via Direct Cable Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. ..... | Via Amoor Perfect. Via Bhamo Perfect. | Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect. Via Lisbon. Vincent Perfect. |

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 6th Jan. 1908.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

| Via | Latest Dates. D. | H. | M. | Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs. | Mts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Turkey ... | ... | nil | nil | nil | nil |
| Teheran ... | 6 | 12 | 20 p m | 1 | 42 |
| Suez ... | 6 | 2 | 10 p m | 0 | 40 |

NOTICE.

Turkish route interrupted beyond Bassora (5-1-08).

Teheran route both lines right at 4-31 p.m. Saturday 4th (6-1-08).

THE death of Major-Gen. Francis Rawdon Chesney took place at the Hotel des Alpes, Vevey, on Dec. 15. Son of the late Capt. Charles Cornwallis Chesney, he was born in November 1824, and entered the Royal Eng. in the year 1842, in which corps he served for thirty-three years, chiefly in the Colonies. General Chesney at one time commanded the Southern Tasmanian Volunteers, and subsequently took part in the New Zealand war of the sixties, for which he received the medal. When at Barbados, in the year 1872, he was thanked by the Governor for having suppressed a riot in Bridgetown. He was the elder brother of the late Col. Charles Cornwallis Chesney and of General Sir George Chesney, both well-known millitary writers and nephew of the late General F. B. Chesney, the Euphrates Valley explorer.

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

MILLETT—December 29, the wife of the Rev. Hugh Tregarthen Millett, Chaplain of Chittagong, of a daughter.
RRIPPSTECK—December 24, at Lucknow, the wife of Joseph Brippsteck, of T. Valario and Co., of a son.

MARRIAGE.

CUTTS—HAMILTON—December 28, at Christ Church, Simla, by the Rev. H. A. Herbert, George Sizeland Cutts to Evelyn Hamilton (nee Baker).

DEATHS.

BLAMIRES—December 31, at St. John's Hill, Bangalore, of Bright's disease, Joseph Blamires, late Staff Armourer Sergeant of H. M. 16th Queen's Lancers and H. M. 19th Hussars, aged 66.
COOPER—January 1, at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, Frederick Friston Cooper, Tea Planter, Assam, eldest son of the late Frederick Candler Cooper, B. P. S., aged 33 years.
REAKS—January 1, at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, William Morris Reaks, in the 74th year.
SAMUEL—January 4, at Egmore, Madras, Rachael Amma, the beloved wife of V. Samuel, of C. S. M. College, Madras, aged 45 years.


**H. T. BINKS,**
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

**DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,**
62-64, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.
A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS—FLOWERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPES—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED
Always in Stock.
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIO SITIES displayed in large Variety.


# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 7h., 14m.; Sun sets, 6h. 16m.; High water, 1-48m., 1-53a.; Low water, 7-58m., 7-36a.
Port Trustees' Annual Inspection of Harbour and Lighthouses, tenders to start at 11 a.m., Apollo Bunder.
Mr. Stevenson's Billiard Exhibition, Bombay Gymkhana.
Skating Rink, Esplanade, 9-30 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade, 7 p.m., 8-30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
The Empire Cinematograph, Framji Cowasji Hall, 7 p.m., 8-30 p.m., and 10 p.m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Jan. 10th, First Quarter, 7h. 22·9 p.m.; Jan. 18th, Full Moon, 7h 6·9m. p.m.; Jan. 26th, Last Quarter, 8h. 31·3m. p.m.; Jan. 4th, in Perigee, 6h. a.m.; Jan. 19th, in Apogee, 7h. p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Wednesday, January 8.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m.; Sun rises, 7h. 14m; Sun sets, 6h. 17m; High water, 2-32m., 2-46a.; Low water, 8-47m., 8-23a.
Thursday, January 9.—Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p. m. Mr. Stevenson's Billiard Exhibition, Bombay Club. Bombay Hunt, the Kennels. St. Joseph's Roundling Home, Mazagon, annual festival, 5 p.m. Sassoon Mechanic's Institute, lecture by Professor Sharp, 6-30 p.m. Sun rises, 7h. 14m. Sun sets, 6h. 17m. High water, 3-17m., 3-44a. Low water, 9-41m., 9-14a.
Friday, January 10.—Sun rises, 7h. 14m; Sun sets, 6h. 18m; High water, 4-6m., 4-52a.; Low water, 10-45m., 10-23a.
Saturday, January 11.—Bombay Extra Races. Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races. Sun rises, 7h. 14m.; Sun sets, 6h. 18m.; High water, 5-1m., 6-15a. Low water, 11-52m., 11-36a.
Sunday, January 12.—1st Sunday after Epiphany. Sun rises, 7h. 15m. Sun sets, 6h. 19m. High water, 6-3m., 7-46a. Low water, 0 57a.
Monday, January 13.—Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m. Sun rises, 7h. 15m. Sun sets, 6h. 20m. High water, 7-14m., 9-5a. Low water, 1-29m. 1-54a.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHURBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of December last was 1,046, of whom 770 were males and 276 females.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, FORT.—During December the number of Hindu patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 3,182. Among them the number of new admission was 698; classified as stated below :—Bhattias, 75, Vanias, 118, Brahmins, 96, Lohanas, 60, other castes, 349. The average daily attendance was 103.

FATAL TRAM-CAR ACCIDENT.—A fatal tram-car accident occurred in Abdul Rahiman Street yesterday afternoon. A Mahomedan was going along the road when a horse tram-car (No. 88) came from behind and knocked him down. The wheels of the car passed over his chest and he was picked up lifeless. The car was in charge of driver No. 12.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Saturday the 11th instant, A supplemental mail will also be closed at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 12th idem.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China and Japan, per s.s. "Moyori Maru," will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on the 9th instant. Parcel mail for Japan closes at 10 a m. on the same day.

A CHALLENGE.—Mr. T. Harrison, of Australia, has challenged any local or other Skater to run a one-mile, a two-mile, and a three-mile race on Roller Skates for a "Championship Cup." The Cup is on view at the Rink, and any Skaters wishing to join in the contest can register their names and see the rules, under which the Race is to be run, at the Rink Office.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.—The High Court re-opened yesterday on the termination of the Christmas vacation. On the Appellate Side, the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, sat with the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor in one Court; and the Hon. Mr. Justice Knight in the other. On the Original Side, the four division Courts were presided over, respectively, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar, the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

BAND AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel J. S. McNeill, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Batt. G. I. P. Ry. Vol. will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day:—

| | |
|---|---|
| March ... | Unter Die Soldaten ... Fahrbach |
| An Oriental Scene ... | The Dervish Chorus ... Sebek |
| Selection ... | Faust ... Gounod |
| Serenade ... | In this hour of Softened Splendour ... Eisute |
| Selection ... | The Gi ls of Gottenberg ... Caryll |
| Valse ... | Petele Annonce ... Berger |
| Highland Patrol ... | The Wee Macgreggore ... Amir |

ROBBED IN A VICTORIA.—Mr. H. Ballantine has reported to the Police that at 2 a m., yesterday he got into a victoria near the Imperial Hotel, Fort, and told the driver to take him to the Fitzgerald Hotel, Byculla. He fell asleep in the gharry and when he woke up he found himself near Chinchpokly. On feeling his pockets he found that his watch and chain and cash, of the aggregate value of Rs. 375, were removed. The Police inquiries show that the driver of the victoria is an unlicensed man. His version is that being unacquainted with the locality he picked up a Mahomedan to guide him. That Mahomedan said that he knew the sahib and his bungalow. The Mahomedan jumped out of the Victoria somewhere between the Byculla Bridge and Chinchpookly. The Police are making further investigations.

ST. ISABEL'S (LADIES') CHARITABLE ASSOCIATION, KALBADEVI CIRCLE.—Mrs. David Thompson, Honorary Secretary, begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations towards the Kalbadevie Circle from 1st July to 31st December 1907 :—H H the Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Rameshwar Singh Bahadur KCIE, (Building Fund) Rs. 100; Raja Sati Prasad Gorga Bahadur, ICS, and H H Raja Sir Bhure Singh, KCSI, CIE, each Rs 50; H E Commodore Sir George Warrender, CVO, CB, (Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's Naval Forces in the East Indies) Rs. 30; HH Shree Maharane Lady Gujputseeras Garu, Rs. 15; H E the Right Hon'ble Sir G Clarke, GC. MG, GCIE, (Governor of Bombay), Sheth Chinubhai Madhowlal, CIE, Mr Burjorjee Maneckjee Patel, the Hon'ble Dr Rash Behari Ghose, CIE, Mr Ernest Aug Goll, the Stand and Oil Co of New York and AHSA. each Rs. 10; JAH and RD, Rs. 6; Sir Sassoon J David, Kt, Messrs M M Bottlewalla and Co., Mrs M S Mackenzie, Mr M H Crowder, the Hon'ble Mr U T Morison, ICS, Mr J Fairclough, Framjee Muncherjee Cama Charity, Mr P B Haig ICS, R K, Khan Bahadur Burjorjee D Patel, CIE, Khan Bahadur Eduljee Sorabjee Chinoy, HM, RW, H, Mr D W Wilson, Mr P Meidenger, Mr Dwarkadas Dharamsy, Mr H R Dunk, Messrs Whitesway Laidlaw & Co CHSB Mr B H Hewett, J D and Co, Mr H R Greaves, M G Mr J H Demkerby, Mr P Glynn Messenl, JJH, Mr A S Westropp ICS, Mr George Service, WWF, Mr M C Synes O M, Mr W A Chambers, F R W Mr N Leslie, Mr P B Haig ICS, Mr A Warren Jones, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Kt Mr S B Bharoocha, R K, Mr CJA Wadia, Mr L H Saville Mr B D Richards, Mr George McKenzie, Mr H L Richardson, Mr P M Dalal, P E P, Mr B Stanley Carter, Mr J Fairclugh, Mr H Harwood, Mr A B Price, Mr C F Stevens, Mr H P Stringfellow, O M E F N, D H G, A M T J, F A R, A S, M H H, Mr N W Wadia, C I E, E P, Mr Jas, Murdoch, Bombay Gas Co. Lt, H, Mr J S Mackenzie, Messrs M M Bottlewalla & Co, Mr E F Allum, Khan Bahadur Bomonjee Dorabjee Pndumjee, Mr R B Baman-Behram, Mr W T Scotill, Mr H M Mehta, Mr J S Brown, Mr Dady Limjee Bottleboye, C. Mr D Longworth, Mr Vermon J Reid, G F H, R H B, H F B, I F, P A B, Mr A C W Fosbery, A E B, Mr Francis J H Macleod, Mr Wilfred Crompton, Mr J A Stewart, D K, Mr J F Seaton. Mr A H Hammond, Mr H F Weston, Mr R H Gahagan, A E B, E M W, E C R, R L, H G W M, Mr E Levey, W, S C, J L A, Messrs Macmillan and Co, Lt, Mr A G Dorey A H C, Mr E P Coomber, K, A B, Mr I Murdock, L C B M, Mr V C French, A H B, P E K, A H K, Mr J Harper, G O, H B, T D M, A B C, C H D, Messrs A H Wheeler and Co, Mr C A Russ, W H M, Mr C B Boilean, Mr H Crawshaw, C H G, Mr W J A Foulkes, Vis ount de Wrem, Mr W E Holl, Mr J H Nelson, A Friend, Mr W M Ross, Mr J W Hepworth, Mr J A Grant Mr Septimas E Greaves, the Hon'ble Mr Justice N G Chandavarkar, B A, LL B, Mr J R Martin, Surg, H Cogill, H B, Mr F Comaglia, W C H, C B, H O Q, J A G, the Hon'ble Mr W T Morison, I C S, the Hon'ble Mr. Alexander McRobert, Mr Mahomedbhoy Datoobhoy, Major J H McDonald, I M S, B, the Hon'ble Mr W L Cameron, A M I C E, Mr T J Bennett, C I E, Mr J Cavadias Mr R E Enthoven, I C S. D J T, Messrs N Powell and Co, G M W, S G, H G, G W H, N G H, Mr W S, Millard, N N W, G R L, Mr G Bottoni, Mr Arthur Hill, C I E, E C B A, Mr W D Sheppard, I C S, S J G, H E E P, F Y S, T W C, R A L, Framjee Muncherjee Cama Charity, Mr Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy and Mr Framjee Bomonjee Jeejeebhoy each Rs 5, and various other items under Rs 5. Further contributions will be thankfully accepted and acknowledged.

## BOMBAY CORPORATION.

### Death of a Councillor.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Chambers, Mr. James Macdonald occupying the chair in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey.

Before the Corporation proceeded to the transaction of the business the Chairman said that since the last meeting one of their colleagues, Khan Bahadur Abdur Razak bin Kartaz, had passed away and it was the invariable custom of the Board to adjourn the meeting before proceeding with the work, in respect to the memory of a deceased colleague. He had known Mr. Kartaz for a number of years. He first made his acquaintance when he was associated with him in plague work in the most troublous time and in the most troublous district. He carried out his duties in the district most faithfully and tactfully and was instrumental in establishing happy relations between Government and members of his community. He had lost a personal friend by the death of Mr. Kartaz.

He then called upon Mr. Dikshit to move the resolution for adjournment of the House.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Dikshit moved "that the Corporation have heard with deep regret of the death of their colleague Khan Bahadur Abdur Razak bin Kartaz, who as a member of the Corporation for over four years rendered useful service to the city. That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Corporation's sympathy in their bereavement. That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the meeting do adjourn without proceeding to the transaction of business."

Dr. Dadachanjee seconded the resolution, observing that Mr. Kartaz had rendered most valuable services in pacifying the Zoolai Mahomedans at the time of the outbreak of disorder consequent upon the enforcement of certain plague measures.

The resolution was carried and the Corporation adjourned to Thursday next.

## ALLEGED DEFAMATION OF A SOLICITOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the report published in your issue of date regarding Mr. Patell's defamation case against Sulleman Cassum Haji Misha we have to request you to be good enough to correct a mistake which has crept therein regarding a comment made by Mr. Davar Counsel for the complainant, in the course of the hearing and the Magistrate's ruling thereon. The following is what occurred to the best of our knowledge.

Mr. Acworth made an application to be examined at once as a witness as he said he had to go to Hyderabad. Mr. Davar said he would examine his witnesses in the order which suited him. Mr. Acworth thereupon went on to state what his evidence would be. Mr. Davar commented on this, whereupon Mr. Acworth called upon him to withdraw his remark. Mr. Davar denied having said what was imputed to him by Mr. Acworth. Mr. Acworth thereupon asked for the Magistrate's ruling, which he did by stating that he thought that Mr. Acworth was within his rights in applying to be examined as a witness as he was going to Hyderabad just as Mr. Padshaw had done in the beginning of the case, but that anything stated by Mr. Acworth thereafter was out of order. In giving his ruling the Magistrate never mentioned Mr. Davar's name. Your report stating to the contrary is a misunderstanding on the part of your reporter inasmuch as he applied to Mr. Davar the Magistrate's remark which was not intended for him.

As the case is "sub judice" and such an inaccuracy may prejudice our client, we hope you will publish this letter correcting the mistake.—Yours, etc.,

KANGA & PATELL.


**A MESSAGE FROM MARS.**

**TO MOTORISTS :—**

"Ring out the old, ring in the new
Ring out the false, ring in the true."

o o o o o o

"But Ring the FULLER Minstrel in."

Fuller Accumulator, Latest improvements.
Fuller Battery,
Fuller Coil 20,000 Sparks a minute,
Fuller Ignitialities and Motor Accessories,
Fuller Charging Set.

Connect the Accumulator at night.
It is fully charged in the morning.

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**D. R. DADY,**
*CHURCH GATE BUILDINGS,*
BOMBAY.


## BOMBAY PRESIDENCY NATIONAL MAHOMEDAN ASSOCIATION.

### Meeting at Surat.

A MEETING of the Bombay Presidency National Mahomedan Association Zillah Committee was held at Surat on Sunday. Many members attended, including several notables and others from Rander and Surat.

Nawabzada Nasrullah Khan said :—Raisis and Gentlemen,—Today's meeting is held to offer our heartiest thanks to the Vice-President and Presidency Secretaries and all members of the Zillah Committees of the Association for the patriotic work which they have been doing. It is a matter of very great satisfaction that the Mahomedans entirely kept away from the Congress politics.

Much work is to be done in respect to the amelioration of our community. Our affairs are such that they should be managed and looked after by the proper leaders, those men whom every section of the community regard as their spokesmen and representatives, not those who pose themselves as leaders for the sake of being known by that epithet.

The work done by the Association is most patriotic and useful. The line of policy adopted by this Association is both patriotic and loyal, and I have to thank the leaders in the Moffusil for supporting it so strongly and patriotically. Soon after the formation of this body I had published a pamphlet pointing out several matters regarding the Mahomedans, amongst which I had shewed the necessity of class representation, which concession we are grateful to say has been graciously granted by the Imperial Government (Applause.), thanks to the efforts of several leaders with whom the late Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk worked so strenuously and patriotically (Cheers).

The late Nawab was most anxious to attend our meeting some day, but alas! he is no more.

In the work of the deputation that waited upon His Excellency the Viceroy our Association played a most important part. Had Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk been spared he would have himself expressed his appreciation of the efforts so nobly put forth by you all to support such a body.

Let us adhere to the policy which we have been pursuing, and I am sure the time is not far distant when we shall see that our community has made still better progress in the right direction. And we must, because I know we have men amongst us who wield unlimited influence over all classes of people and who work as patriots and not as persons disposed to seek public notice and undue praise.

The Mahomedans of Surat and of the Districts of Gujerat showed excellent sense in keeping aloof from the Congress which has now ended in a fiasco.

Gentlemen, Surat is the birthplace of British Rule and it is a city of Mahomedan Saints. It is a belief common amongst us Mahomedans that Surat is a place of Mahomedan Saints. Such being the case all good things prosper here. The other day I was told by a venerable person that the British Rule has prospered and will prosper because it secures Justice, Peace and Plenty to the subjects, and that all those who agitate against it will perish. We fully realize this. The Nawab Saheb of Sachin is unable to attend, whom we would have welcomed most heartily had he been present. (Cheers).

We are sure he will interest himself in all affairs that are connected with our community as far as he can. The Rulers of Native States have a duty to perform towards their subjects and to guard their interests.

It was a matter of great rejoicing to see that His Highness sent a circular round to his subjects to steer clear of the political agitation (Applause).

No Ruler of a Native State who has the good of his subjects deeply at heart would fail to prevent his subjects from joining such meetings which in no way connect the subjects of the Native States with those who take part in such political movements.

The fiasco on memorable 27th December would have resulted in a serious breach of peace had it not been for the peace abiding habits of our Hindu friends of Surat (Cheers). The assistance given by the District Authorities was most praiseworthy (Applause).

We sincerely hope that the supporters of the Congress would profit by the recent event and expel that element which opposes all moderation and favours measures which are most unsuited to an oriental country like India where the interest of all the communities, even sections of a community, clash against each other.

The Moderates are to be congratulated upon the good sense which characterised all their proceedings. It is said that 'company has an effect,' and I am sure the credit of keeping the peace on that day is due to our Bania friends of Surat. (Laughter and Cheers).

The Hindus of Surat are a contented people (Cheers,) and I assure you, gentlemen, that the rowdy element would have been taught a lesson had it not been for the forbearance and gentlemanliness on the part of our Hindu friends of Surat (Cheers), several of whom have now seen the uselessness of joining such political meetings. (Cheers).

We have to thank the Hon'ble Syed Zain Saheb Edroos, (Cheers.), the Buxi Saheb, Nawab Mir Sadruddin Khan, Syed Gulam Hussein Inamdar, Khan Bahader Kazi Mir Giasudini, Sardar Kazi Amirudin, Sheth Ibrahim Harron, Peerzada Syed Mia Kadri, Shaikh Mahomed Salauddin, Syed Gulam

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N. B.—We shall be glad to send our representative to any out-station.

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OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPHERS,
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32, HORNBY ROAD.

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AN ART TO PROMOTION IN LIF AND AN ATTAINMENT IN ITSELF.

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Colonel T. S. WEIR, I. A. S. :—"The Simplex is certainly simple, it may take the place of Pitman in India. The characters give great facilities for rapid delineation. It is much easier to read than Pitman."

KHAZAN SINGH, C. and M. G. :—"I have great pleasure to say that it is not over three months, I commenced The Simplex I can now write 78 wo ds a minute."

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# The Bombay Gazette.

TUESDAY, JAN. 7, 1908.


## THE BURMESE FRONTIER.

RELATIONS with Tributary States and Frontier Affairs still furnish the Lieutenant-Governor and his advisers a sufficiency of work, though transfrontier relations are generally satisfactory throughout the length of the border and friendly intercourse is maintained with the French and Chinese officials. On the north-end frontier, however, turbulent tribes have to be dealt with. As the most noticeable event of the past year in the Chin Hills and adjacent frontier tracts the massacre of Shandus by Kons in the unadministered territory north of the Hill District of Arakan, is mentioned. It was at one time apprehended that the Shandus might attack the Kons in retaliation and follow them into administered territory. Measures were therefore taken to protect the Northern Arakan frontier. So far the Shandus have not attempted reprisals, but it is inconceivable that they will fail to avenge the massacre of twenty-seven of their fellow-tribesmen even if the strictest justice is meted out to the murderers by the Burma Government. In the Chin Hills the past year was uneventful, and progress in several directions proved satisfactory. New crops and improved methods of cultivation are commending themselves to the Chins, and there are other indications of their growing confidence in us and our institutions. Among administrative measures mention is made of the organisation of a Chin Civil Police Force modelled on the lines of that established in the Pakokku Hill tracts. It appears that the sudden departure of the Superintendent of the Pakokku Hill tracts was to some extent regarded as affording a favourable opportunity to disaffected persons to give trouble, but a large number of unlicensed guns were withdrawn and the prompt action of the new Superintendent in arresting the leader of the disturbance and the capture of his followers removed all cause for alarm. A satisfactory feature of the incident was the correct attitude of the transfrontier Chins. On the Upper Chindwin frontier amicable relations continue to prevail between the Chins and the inhabitants of the valleys.

Although relations with the transfrontier tribes under Chinese control are shown to have been on the whole satisfactory, one serious irruption into British territory is recorded. On that occasion twenty-three armed men from the Chinese Shan State of Mengwan raided the Kachin village of Tulum. But the disturbances just across the border, caused by the failure of the Mengwan Sawbwa to control the Kachins of his State and by disputes regarding the succession in Santra gave rise to some unrest among the Kachins in the Bhamo and Myitkyina districts and rendered necessary special measures to prevent them becoming involved. These precautions fortunately were successful in restraining the tribes on our side of the border from taking an active part in the dissensions. The disputes in Santra resulted in the flight of the Sawbwa, who is a minor, from his State and he is now with his mother a refuge in Myitkyina. It is recorded that the comparative immunity from disturbance enjoyed on the Chinese frontier was not shared by that part of Myitkyina district which borders on unadministered territory. On the eastern section of the northern administrative boundary of that district several raids of a serious nature were committed during the year by Kachins from across the N'Maikha. The gravest outrage of the year was perpetrated by Kachins from the Sana tract west of the Malikha, who, in March, made a pre-concerted attack on the temporary Military Police post at Anche in revenge for the death of one of their number, Shingrai La, who was killed by the havildar of the post while resisting arrest for attempting to smuggle opium. The attack was easily repulsed as the post had been forewarned. The experiment of enlisting Kachins in the Military Police continues to be satisfactory. Steps are being taken to regulate the possession of firearms in the hill tracts in the east of the Myitkyina district, which is probably well in view of the fact that steps are to be taken to prevent the destruction of forests. The condition of the people in the Tributary States is satisfactory. A decided advance is noticeable in the work of the Co-operative Credit Societies, the object of which is to enable the cultivators to help themselves and to deliver themselves from the slough of debt in which many of them are sunk. The volume of trade, whether it falls. There has been little or no expanded enormously and the figures of the year are well ahead of all previous records. The increasing wealth and prosperity of the country are undeniable and are reflected in the material condition of the people. On the other hand the year was generally unhealthy, plague was prevalent and the death-rate in respect of all the principal diseases was higher than usual.

In most of the Southern Shan States much useful work in connection with communications is recorded, the most noticeable feature being the completion by the Sawbwa of Yawnghwe of the navigable canal from the Yawnghwe of the navigable canal from the Yawnghwe Lake to Mawlihsut on the proposed railway line. The examination of the project of the proposed railway to the Southern Shan States is reported to have made substantial progress. The proposed change from a narrow gauge to a metre gauge line and the investigation of the possibilities of the electric traction caused some unavoidable delay in the completion of the project. A final survey has now begun and the present season's work is expected to result in a complete and practicable scheme which it may be possible to put into effect at an early date. In Karenni, though it is not yet possible to record any improvement of the conditions under which forests are being worked, the outlook is bright and if anticipations prove correct the tin mines will before long become a valuable asset. The trade in lac and cutch flourish and on the whole the condition of the people is prosperous. Conditions on the external frontier of the Northern Shan States are shown to have continued normal during the year 1906-07. The annual conference between the local officers and the Chinese authorities of the adjoining prefectures of Yunran took place in December, and an amicable settlement of many pending cases was arrived at. His Majesty's Consul at Tengyueh contributed not a little to the maintenance of harmonious relations. The internal condition of the States was one of undisturbed tranquillity, and the people continue to be quietly prosperous and contented. The Sawbwa of Tawngpeng has at last escaped from his personal financial embarrassment; but evidence is not wanting to show that in matters relating to personal expenditure the Sawbwas are frequently in need of sound advice. Economic conditions, too, have been on the whole satisfactory. The cultivation of tea is still extending in the Western States, from which it seems clear that the local cultivators at all events have no anxiety as to finding a market for their produce. Among adverse agricultural occurrences the chief were the continued mortality of cattle from rinderpest and the plague of caterpillars, which were doubtless identical with those that caused so much destruction in the Southern Shan States. Both imports into and exports from Burma increased in value. The increase under the former head is wholly accounted for by heavier extraction of forest produce. To all appearances the financial position of the different States remains satisfactory; but comparisons are found to be difficult owing to the increased length of the period now under review. The condition of the States as regards crime remained practically unchanged, and it is evident that cases are well and expeditiously disposed of and that the confidence of the public in the administration of criminal justice is growing. On the other hand the state of several of the Sawbwas' police forces leaves a great deal to be desired. The aspect of educational affairs is a little less gloomy than it was in the previous year, and the progress of the Lashio school is encouraging; though much remains to be done before the position as a whole can be viewed with any complacency. Still, taking everything into account, the Tributary States of Burma have much cause for gratitude that the country is under British administration and no longer liable to raids and wanton destruction.

MISSION WORK IN INDIA. BISHOP Whitehead of Madras in the fourth of his series of articles on "Our Mission Policy in India" asks boldly whether it is worth while carrying on the struggle along present lines. Should we, he asks, continue to throw our main energies into the work of putting the Gospel before the people who, for the past fifty years, have shown no inclination to accept it, hoping that by spreading a general leaven of Christian truth and morality among them we may be preparing the way for some movement in the future, or ought we to modify the policy of the past and definitively look forward to the building up of the Christian Church from the lowest strata of Hindu Society? Turning for guidance to the only source from which it is possible to draw light on the problem, the Bishop shows that there is good scriptural precedent for considering only those who have been willing to accept Christianity. There are many ways of looking at the subject and one of them is the question of finance. "If our resources do not allow us to carry on both kinds of work (i.e. appealing to the high caste and helping the low-caste man) efficiently, the question we shall have to consider is which is most worth doing? The question he answers at once:—"I fully believe, paradoxical as it may seem, that by far the most effective method of proclaiming the Gospel to the higher castes of India is to convert and elevate the lower castes. Christianity will never make its way in India simply as a philosophy or a system of truth. It must come before the peoples of India as a new life. And in no way can the true nature of the Christian life be better manifested, in vivid contrast to the deadness and corruption of Hinduism, than by the conversion and elevation of those depressed and degraded classes whom Hinduism has kept for over two thousand years fast bound in misery and iron. I believe that nothing which the Christian Church has done in South India during the last half-century has made a more profound impression upon educated and thoughtful Hindus than its work among the poorest and most degraded classes of Hindu society. If, then, with the experience of the past before us, we should in the future turn from the Brahmin to the Pariah and from the University students to the aborigines I should not regard this as giving up in despair the conversion of the higher castes; on the contrary, I believe that it would prove, in the end, by far the most effective method of bringing home the power of the Christian life to their hearts and consciences. In India, as in Galilee and Judæa, the most cogent proof of the claims of Christ will be, that 'the poor have the Gospel preached to him.'" In this very frank admission of the difficulties of the subject His Lordship enunciates many truths: "I feel sure' he says, "that one reason, at any rate, which has largely tended to damp missionary enthusiasm at Home has been the apparent hopelessness and ill success of the work in India." This probably is so, but it does not follow that a fresh plan to build up the church out of those already converted will, as suggested, cause an awakening of missionary zeal even though there be ten million Christians already in the Church. We think there are other causes which have helped to increase the difficulty of providing the funds necessary for carring on the work and because those difficulties seem more likely to increase rather than decrease, we agree with the principle of following the line of least resistance which, in short, is what His Lordship suggests. One other practical reform is suggested. I feel strongly, he says, that we need a better organisation if we are to make the most of our forces in India and not waste our strength. In the past it has been assumed that when once a Mission has been established in a place it must stay there permanently, whether it succeeds or fails. There has been little or no attempt to survey the whole field in India, to find out where the enemy's line is strong and where it is weak; and when great opportunities occur, there has been hardly any effort made to take advantage of them promptly and effectively. One illustration of what I mean will suffice. A great movement has been going on in the Telugu country for the last forty years. Had the S.P.G. realized the opportunity thirty years ago, and concentrated large forces there, they might have increased tenfold the number of converts. The S.P.G. Telugu Mission at the present moment employs six European missionaries and no European ladies at all, and it has 17,000 adherents (including both Christians and catechumens) and five native priests. The American Baptist Telugu Mission, who are working in a neighbouring district and began operations about the same time, employ thirty-nine Europeans and twenty ladies, and they now have in their Mission 150,000 adherents and sixty-three native pastors. The figures speak for themselves, and they show what we have lost by not being alive to the importance of an open door." That changes are desirable in the Missionary field has long been recognised and what is most likely to help forward the work in making it appeal more to those who have yet given it little consideration is the frank way in which Bishop Whitehead has stated the difficulties and possibilities of the case.

THE STRACHEYS. THE late Sir John Strachey who died the other day, belonged to a remarkable family which has been connected with India now for four generations, and which claims so many men distinguished both in India and elsewhere. The connection of the Straheys with this country began already in the days of Clive whose Private Secretary during his memorable second administration of Bengal in 1765-66, was Sir Henry Strachey, the grandfather of Sir John, who became the first Baronet in 1801. His Secretary was a great help to live during the anxious period of his rule in Bengal during which a mutiny of European officers, and other evils, ruffled his calm. He afterwards engaged in home politics, becoming an Under Secretary of State, First Secretary of the Treasury and Master of the Household of George III. Sir Henry's second son, Edward, the father of the late Sir John, joined the Bengal Civil Service in the last decade of the eighteenth century, and became the lifelong intimate of Mountstuart Elphinstone who was only five years his junior and who addressed to him many of those interesting letters that have been printed by Sir Edward Colebroke in his delightful biography of the greatest Governor Bombay has ever had. Edward Strachey married the daughter of Colonel William Kirkpatrick, the famous diplomatist of whom the Marquis of Wellesley said that he was the only man from whom he could hope to receive important assistance in the political and diplomatic line, and who is famous in literature as the author of the first accurate account of Nepal where he had gone on a mission, and as the translator of Tippu's letters. William's younger brother Archilles Kirkpatrick, was a well-known Resident at the Nizam's Court, who came in more than diplomatic contact with that Court, by contracting a romantic marriage with a Begum of Hyderabad. Edward Strachey was, at the beginning of the nineteenth century, for some years at the Court of the Peishwa at Poona with Mountstuart Elphinstone under him. He retired early from the service like the latter and died early at the age of 58 in 1832. He had six sons, the eldest of whom succeeded his uncle in the family Baronetcy and died at the age of 89 in 1901.

Of the other five no less than four served in India. Henry, born in 1816, and Sir Richard, born the next year, joined the Bengal Army and are still alive. The latter distinguished officer married a daughter of Sir John Peter Grant, sometime Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal during the famous dispute with Indigo Planters in the sixties. The latter was the son of a Judge of the Supreme Court of Bombay of the same name, whose dispute with our Governor Sir John Malcolm, and whose action in closing his Court in 1828 created great stir at the time. The wife of Sir Richard has latterly published the very readable journal kept in Bombay in those days by her aunt, the daughter of this Judge, in her "Memoirs of a Highland Lady." The late Sir John Strachey was the third son of Edward to join the Indian service. How he distinguished himself in it for nearly 40 years we have seen two weeks ago when he died. Here we are concerned to show how the connection with India has been kept up by his sons and sons-in-law. One of his sons, the late Sir Arthur Strachey was ten years ago a brilliant Judge of our High Court here, and later went to Allahabad as its Chief Justice, only to die in 1901 there, leaving behind him the promise of a very useful career but half fulfilled. Another of his sons fought in the second Afghan War and also the Burmese War. One of his sons-in-law is Sir Hugh Barnes who won his spurs as Foreign Secretary, at the Delhi Durbar of 1902-1903, and later for a short time became Lieutenant Governor of Burma. A son of Sir Richard also served in the last Burmese War, and married a daughter of the late Sir Henry Norman who declined the Viceroyalty of India "with thanks" in 1893. The present talented editor of the London *Spectator* Mr. St. Loe Strachey, is the nephew of Sir Richard and the late Sir John. The Straheys, it may be added here, are very long-lived. Sir John died at 84. Sir Richard is still alive at 91 and Henry at 92. Their eldest brother Edward died at 89. Their father was born in 1774, a hundred and thirty-four years ago. Their grand father was born in 1737 and their great grandfather in 1707. Thus four lives cover two centures,—a rather remarkable record.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Oriental," with the outward Mails of the 27th ultimo, left Aden at 4 a.m. on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 p.m. on Friday next. The Mails have been delayed in transit across the Continent.

THE homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co's s.s. "Dumbea," from Bombay, arrived at Suez on Saturday, the 4th instant, at 4 p.m.

THE death from inflammation of the lungs, at Colombo, is reported of Lieutenant-Colonel Guise, Deputy Inspector General of Police in Bengal.

THE Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "Africa" left Trieste for Bombay on the 3rd instant, and is due here on the 19th instant. The same Company's s.s. "Nippon" left Kobe for Bombay on the 5th instant.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 14th December 1907 shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1906 of 214,869 maunds and Rs. 20,289 in the earnings.

A BRISBANE telegram dated December 16th says: August Milewski, a Russian Pole, who was convicted of the murder of a Hindoo, was executed this morning. The condemned man walked firmly to the scaffold, and with the noose round his neck, denied his guilt. Without even the semblance of a tremor, he spoke bitterly of his wife, and died with a malediction on his lips.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged, and will take place at Nagapatam, South India, on Feb 20, between Robert Amyatt Ray, of the 4th King's Own Regt., Burma, only son of Amyatt Edward Ray, of Grove House, Grove End Road and Lady Gertrude Bentley-Reynolds, elder daughter of William Bentley-Reynolds, of Nagapatam, South India.

# UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

## AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE.

### Tariff Questions.

### TRANS-AUSTRALIAN RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, DECEMBER 23.

The new defence scheme has been much discussed in military circles, and, as far as can be gathered, it does not appear to be received, with wide favour. A desire is, however, expressed to withhold criticism until the details are made public. "It is all very well," said an officer high in the service, yesterday, "to put on abstract plan before the public, but so far the Government has not fully disclosed its hand." He went on to point out that there were great difficulties in the way of compulsory service, and that if the period each year were limited to 18 days many of the recruits would be obliged to give up far more of their time than others. It would, he said, take at least a fortnight for recruits living in the back blocks to get to and back from the camp, and the 18 days would in such cases virtually become over a month. He further suggested that if the scheme were persisted in, some arrangement should be made for those living in the back blocks to skip a year. A commanding officer of one of the strongest Victorian corps complained recently that his regiment had only been visited once in the last year by an instructional officer.

MR. DEAKIN'S VIEWS.

The Prime Minister says that his new compulsory service scheme does not provide for any payment to young men who are to submit to training their nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first years. Referring to the militia, he said that the scheme had yet to receive the approval of Parliament. When that was obtained, the present members of the militia force would be available for training the new forces. Practically each militia regiment would be raised to three times its present strength by taking in the new enrolment as extra companies. By those means the new force would fit into the frame of the old force, and would be supplied with its officers and non-commissioned officers at once. Pay would go on, but the rates had not yet been fixed. "We shall not have any reserves for three years," said Mr. Deakin. "I have said that we shall have some further proposals to make by that time. I do not want to overcloud the present scheme. It is complete in itself for three years but not for all time. We thought it wise not to diffuse the discussion over a wider area." The Prime Minister went on to refer to the naval proposals, which he explained, included the loan of four cruisers from the Admiralty, two to be manned by Australians and to be under Australian control, and two others also be manned by Australians, but to be under Imperial control. The two last-named are to have 400 of the 1,000 men offered to the Admiralty. "Everybody seems to forget that these proposals are only for three years," continued Mr. Deakin. "I expressly pointed out, particularly in regard to the naval side of the question, that it would be unwise to look further ahead than three years, or to make definite provision for a longer period. Our ideas go beyond that, but it was thought that it would be unnecessary to overburden the understanding of the public by asking the people to discriminate between what is proposed to be done at once and what we hope to do in the future. A further development of the naval coastal protection scheme will come at the close of three years. Neither the land nor sea proposals come to a dead wall. They are the beginning of a growth that will go on."

TARIFF PREFERENCE TO GREAT BRITAIN.

In spite of the efforts of both the protectionists and the revenue tariffists to respectively obtain advantages on certain items of the tariff, many of the changes made both ways are, it appears, entirely illusory. There was a tremendous fight to make cases for pianos free of duty, and it was successful as far as upright pianos were concerned. The Customs authorities point out that the whole discussion could have been saved, as it had been decided beforehand that all outside packages should be free. The whole fight was, therefore, about nothing. A duty was knocked out on vaseline, but it turns out that the article is dutiable all the same as petroleum jelly. A duty of 15 per cent. general tariff and 10 per cent. preferential tariff was imposed on cotton yarns, but no duties are, however, being collected, this item coming in free under the departmental regulations as amended, it being used in the manufacture of certain goods. Many other similar instances could be quoted.

In reply to the English Press criticisms about the unsubstantial nature of the preference, the Customs Department has prepared the following return showing the percentage of the total duty received in favour of British goods:—Biscuits, 33 1-3 per cent. candles (a), 25 per cent., (b) 33 1-3 per cent; (a) confectionery, 16 2-3 per cent., (c) cocoa, etc., 11 1-9 per cent.; (c) cocoa shells, etc., 33 1-3 per cent., (f) cocoa butter etc., 14 1-3 per cent.; Jams and jellies, 25 per cent.; matches 50 per cent.; milk (a1), 25 per cent., (a2) 20 per cent., (b) 25 per cent.; pickles etc., 10 per cent.; carry manufactures, 25½ per cent.; starch, 20 per cent.; starch flours, 20 per cent; trimmings, etc., 40 per cent.; arms, guns, and rifles, 33 1-3 per cent., (a) iron, galvanised, corrugated, 33 1-3 per cent., (b) galvanised, not corrugated etc., 50 per cent.; lamps and lampware, 40 per cent.; mangles, wringers etc., 37½ per cent.; adding and computing machines, cash registers, and automatic weighing machines, 50 per cent; nails, fish plates, etc., 33 1-3 per cent.; iron pipes, 25 per cent.; oils, bottled, etc., 25 per cent.; paints and colours, 12½ per cent., colours, dry, 20 to 25 per cent; glass, plate 9 per cent.; sheet, 11 per cent., bottles, empty 25½ per cent.; glue, 16 2-3 per cent; cement, 16 2-3 per cent; gelatine, 25 per cent; furniture 18½ per cent.; articles of wicker, bamboo, and cane 25½ per cent; basketware, n. e. i., 25½ per cent.; hats and trees, wooden, 25½ per cent.; paper and station ry (c) Australian directories, guides, etc., 33 1-3 per cent., (i) brown paper, etc., 10 per cent.; (j) cartridge and blotting 10 per cent., (z) bags, 64 per cent., (m) cardboard, waste-board etc., and paper hangings, 25 per cent.; (p) coated boards, 20 per cent.; pianos (a), grand and semi-grand, 16 2-3 per cent., (b) upright, 16 2 3 per cent.; pipes, smoking, cigar and cigarette holders, etc., 20 per cent.

TRANS-AUSTRALIAN RAILWAY.

Interviewed by a "West Australian" representative yesterday, Sir John Forrest expressed great satisfaction at assent having been given by the South Australian Parliament to the survey of the proposed Trans Australian railway. After six years' constant effort in the Federal Parliament the authorisation for the survey of this rail ay has now been obtained, most of the delay being due to the Senate or States' House placing so many difficulties in the way of the passage of the Appropriation Bill for carrying out the work. Although the action of South Australia in regard to the promise made by its Premier, and other of its public men, before Federation, has been adversely referred to by me on many occasions, all difficulties appear now to be removed in regard to this matter, by the South Australian Parliament authorising the survey to be made, and also having included in the Bill for the transfer of the Northern Territory of South Australia to the Commonwealth a clause giving complete power and control to the Federal Parliament to construct a railway from Port Augusta to the Western boundary of South Australia, by any route and on any gauge that may be approved of by the Federal Parliament. We have now, therefore, arrived at a definite position in regard to the railway which is to connect Eastern and Western Australia. The Commonwealth Government has now full power to make a survey, and to carry on the work, having been authorised to do so by both the South Australian and Western Australian Legislatures. There can be no question whatever as to the results that will be obtained by the survey. It must certainly prove that no engineering difficulties whatever exist, and that for nearly the full 1,100 miles the railway will traverse level country with but slight undulations, and it will prove also—and this is most important—that the cost of constructing the railway will be far less than has generally been stated by engineers, who always desire, and wisely so, to be on the right side, and I believe that when the whole matter is settled the railway will not cost more than £3,300-000. A great change has come over public opinion throughout Australia in regard to the absolute necessity for the construction of this great work, not only in the interests of trade and commerce, and not even only in the interests of defence, which make it an absolute necessity, but more I think in the interests of the real federation and unity of the Australian people. Altogether this important question has now reached a practical stage, and, although it has taken six years to obtain the present position I think, considering all things, perhaps we may congratulate ourselves that the completion of a work which had a large share in inducing Western Australia to join the Federation, and without which Federation can never be a reality and can be no more than a name to the people of Western Australia, seems now to be close at hand."

ANOTHER ECCLESIASTICAL DISPUTE.

Bishop Armstrong has called upon the Rev. George Gladstone to resign his position as rector of Nathalia. This Mr. Gladstone refuses to do. Three charges are preferred against the Rev. G. Gladstone first, that, in righteous condemnation of evil, he has been led into exaggeration and mistakes; second, that he fails to secure the adherence to the church of people in leading positions and third, that he has no spiritual influence with young people. To these charges, Mr. Gladstone replies as under:—(1) His main allegation he is prepared to prove, if necessary, in a court of law contending that side issues and minor matters have, in some cases, become confused by untrustworthy reports; (2) he admits that his ministry is particularly to the poor and humble, rather than to the upper classes but he contends that in this respect he follows in the footsteps of his Divine Master; and (3) he points to the happy success of the recent Sunday school picnic as a complete refutation of the charge. A letter from Mr. Gladstone was sent to Bishop Armstrong requesting an impartial inquiry, but this was refused.

RABBIT EXTIRPATION.

Sir William Lyne had another consultation with Dr. Tidswell on Saturday relative to Dr. Danysz's microbe for the destruction of rabbits. "Dr. Tidswell assures me that he had no doubt whatever," Sir William Lyne remarked, that the Danysz's microbe, or something closely akin to it, has existed on the mainland for the past 10 years at least, and he undertakes to find this microbe in rabbits from many districts in this State. What I want Dr. Tidswell to do is to demonstrate to me that this microbe is already here, and I shall propose that some of the pastoralists shall send rabbits to Dr. Tidswell for his examination. That will be the most satisfactory course to pursue. One feels a very great responsibility resting on his shoulders in a matter of this kind, for the House was incensed upon learning that an attempt had been made by a sheepbreeder to introduce rabbit disease into Australia." Sir William Lyne added in the course of conversation, "I have just found in looking through some papers that Mr. Deakin some time ago made a suggestion which I think might be acted upon. The Prime Minister proposed that upon the completion of Dr. Tidswell's report on Dr. Danysz's experiments the matter should be referred to the chairmen of the Central Boards of Health of all the States. In all probability effect will be given to that."

THE WORK OF THE SESSION.

The Leader of the Opposition (Mr. T. Bent, M.L.A.,) when invited to express an opinion on the work of the last session of parliament said, "The fourth session, which resulted from the brief prorogation, established a record so far as long sittings were concerned. A very large number of measures were submitted, but many were of minor importance. Of only two is it necessary to speak, apart from the taxation Bills—the Electoral Bill and the State Children Bill. The first-named measure, when first submitted, contained many very objectionable clauses, but after a strenuous passage in the Committee stage these were either modified or deleted. Had it passed in the form it was transmitted from the Legislative Assembly, no great amount of exception could be taken to it, but the Council, in a hasty and ill-considered manner mutilated it in a way that reflects little credit either on their deliberative capacity or ideas on electoral reform. The most disquieting feature of the session, however, is that we have reached the end of 1907, and yet are no nearer financial stability; in fact, the finances are in a worse condition than ever. It is true that new taxation has been authorised by Parliament, but it was only to be expected that when the Government decided to eat the leek at the dictation of the Legislative Council, the incidence of the new proposals should be in the direction of piling new burdens on those least able to bear them. The loan policy, too, will add another £100,000 to our interest and sinking fund obligations, with a stationery revenue to meet it apart altogether from the loss which, even according to the optimistic anticipations of the Government, will be sustained for some years in the actual working of some of the proposals. It is the intention of the Parliamentary Labour Party to issue a circular letter to the labour organisations, in which the various issues involved in the last session's work will be more fully reviewed."

INSECT PESTS.

A preliminary report has been received by the Minister of Agriculture from Mr. W. W. Froggatt, Government Entomologist of New South Wales, who has been sent to America at the joint expense of New South Wales and Victoria to make investigations with regard to insect pests. Writing from Washington on 13th October, Mr. Froggatt says he had interviewed the officers of the United States Agricultural department and studied their methods. Over 10,000 persons are in the employ of the department, there being 300 in the entomological division. Each of the leading entomologists is a specialist on a certain group of insects. Mr. Froggatt states that he has specially inquired into the habits of all cosmopolitan pests, and has recorded the results in his journal, but he does not give them in this report. The two species of fruit fly found in the New England States are not known in the West or Southern States. Trypeta pomonella is very common in the State of New York, and in some years damages as many apples as the codlin moth does, but the commercial orchards are of very small extent, and very little is done to keep it in check. The same is the case with the cherry fruit fly, which is common in cherries in the same districts. The climatic conditions and the neglect of orchards will not furnish Australia with any suggestion in the work of fruit fly destruction. At the time of writing Mr. Froggatt was about to leave for Mexico to investigate the Mexican fruit fly.

A.

## BANDORA MUNICIPALITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is not a year since the new Municipal Board took over the reins of this Municipality and during this period many improvements have been affected. The new Managing Committee, presided over by our eminent citizen, Mr. Cooke, set their energies in metalling the roads. Not only the main roads have been well metalled but also the other roads which were neglected for some years. The new Sanitary Committee, under the pilotship of another eminent citizen, Dr. DeMonte, have also directed their energies in seeing to the sanitation of Bandora. The bubble raised by Chapel Road Eagle and Solomon Eagle in your issues of the 24th and 30th October last regarding an efficient Sanitary and Market Inspector has achieved beneficial results. Since the appearance of their letters in your said issues, and for which you deserve the warm thanks of the residents of Bandora, the Sanitary Committee have appointed a Special Inspector of Markets, and things in the Market direction are rolling smoothly. They have also introduced meat tariff. Though this has created grumbling in the cooks' camp, as they are kept at bay from duping their masters, yet it has received a hearty welcome from the townsmen, as they are saved from the vexation which they were subjected to by the butchers. This is another blessing conferred on the townsmen by the new Board. But what I would now bring to their attention, through the medium of your widely read journal, is that they should devote their attention in seeing to the efficient lighting of Bandora. The Kitson's lamps facing the residences on the main road of the Municipal Montrose should be removed and planted in suitable places where lighting is a desideratum. They should procure the services of a Health Officer, as Bandora is now very thickly populated. Will they see to this?—Yours, etc.,

LUX.

THOSE who believe that ill-luck may attach to places will have their opinion confirmed by the story of the rec

# INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

## SITUATION BECOMES ACUTE.

## Mr. Smuts' Threatens Force.

## ANOTHER CHANCE OFFERED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JANUARY 5.

A telegram from Pretoria states that Mr. Smuts said that the Registration Act had caused 5,000 illegal Asiatics to leave the country frightened.

The Government considered that they had refused to register, because they had been led astray by agitators. They had proofs that thousands had been intimidated. If Indians *en masse* admitted that they had been led astray by their leaders, it was the Government's duty to consider giving them another chance.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

Mr. Smuts in his speech at Pretoria further said that no mercy would be shown to Mr. Ghandi and his friends.

The "Tribune" in an article expresses alarm at Mr. Smuts' uncompromising speech and fears that Mr. Botha and his colleagues do not realize the seriousness of the Imperial side of the question.

The article strongly hints at the necessity for the prompt intervention of the Imperial Government.

"When the Transvaal and England have each said their word, is India to be considered? We are entitled to demand of the self-governing colonies that they shall at least conduct their affairs in a manner so as not to endanger the whole fabric of the Empire."

Lord Midleton speaking at Ottowa urged the claims of an Imperialism subordinating local issues to the common weal of all the races of the Empire. India, he said, was the main prop of the Empire and he appealed to those who talked of the Asiatic peril, to realise this and to deal gently with British statesmen in their difficulties about the Indian races, numbering nearly one-third of the population of the world.

# GOLD-MINING INVENTION.

## Enormous Saving of Labour.

## MACHINE EQUAL TO THIRTY COOLIES.

LONDON, JANUARY 5.

The most important trials with the Gordon Drill have been going on in the Rand Mines, and promise to have a far-reaching effect upon the labour problem.

A native working the drill for five hours achieved results equal to a day's work of fifteen coolies.

The drills are being started in one of the mines in a few days.

# THE OUTLOOK IN PERSIA.

## Recent Murderers Punished.

## PRESIDENT OF PARLIAMENT REMAINS.

LONDON, JANUARY 5.

A telegram, received in St Petersburg from Teheran, states that the President of Parliament, who had announced his intention of resigning, in the event of the persons who committed the murders in Artillery Square and fired on Parliament not being punished, has yielded to persuasion and will retain his post.

Some of the culprits have been punished with a beating.

# PORTUGUESE GUINEA.

## Reinforcements only Necessary.

LONDON, JANUARY 5.

It is declared in Lisbon that no expedition is being sent to Portuguese Guinea at present, but that the garrisons at Bissao and Cached are being reinforced, and two gunboats are going from Loanda.

# SEVERE WINTER IN ENGLAND.

## Thames Frozen Over.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

The River Dee is frozen over for seven miles and the Thames at Windsor is also frozen over.

# THE COTTON LOCK-OUT.

## Date of Commencement.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

The lock-out of Cotton Operatives begins at the end of this month.

This affects 150,000 operatives.

# AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

## The Test Match.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

In the Test match the Australian eleven were all out for 297 and the M. C. C. have made 159 for the loss of four wickets.

# OBITUARY.

LONDON, JANUARY 6,

The deaths are announced of Lady Havelock and Charles Absolom, the veteran cricketer.

# THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JANUARY 6.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Oriental" with the English mails of the 27th ultimo left here for Bombay at 4 a.m. to-day. The same Company's s.s. "Britannia" left for Colombo and Australia also at 4 a.m. to-day

The Marquis of Stafford and Mr. Blackersteth were to have Calcutta yesterday for shooting.

# THE ANATOLIAN RAILWAY.

## Doubling the Capital.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

Turkey has authorised the Anatolian Railway to double its capital, partly for the purpose of strengthening the line with a view to running expresses in connection with the Bagdad Railway.

As soon as the line is completed to Aleppo, Turkey will subsidise an express service.

# THE DRUCE CASE.

## Withdrawn.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

Counsel for Druce announced in court that the case had been withdrawn.

# CANADA AND IMMIGRATION.

## Further Restrictive Regulations.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

The correspondent of the "Standard" telegraphing from Ottowa states that new Immigration Regulations have been framed providing that immigrants must come direct from the land of their birth. This will put an end to the influx of Japanese via Hawaii.

The regulation can also be applied to European immigration via the United States.

# THE LONDON "TIMES."

## Direction to be in the Walter Family.

LONDON, JANUARY 6.

There is much speculation regarding the statement in yesterday's "Observer" in reference to the "Times."

The surmise that Lord Northcliffe is the intending purchaser is informally contradicted.

Mr. Pearson, in an interview, said, "There is nothing in the report, but there may be some day."

Mr. Walter, the chief proprietor of the "Times," is reticent, but he stated that the direction of the "Times" would not leave the hands of the Walter family.

# THE COOKSON COURT MARTIAL.

## Further Evidence Taken.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JANUARY 6.

In the Cookson Court Martial case Lieutenant Dangar, recalled and cross examined, said that he may have mentioned the previous Court Martial case to accused at his bungalow after the Club incident. This closed the case for the prosecution.

Lieutenant Steele, first defence witness, sworn, said he had told accused what Lieutenant Dangar had said regarding the advisability of informing the father of accused's fiancee of accused's betting difficulties. Accused was much depressed on hearing this.

Rev. E. O. F. Jervis had a somewhat startling story to tell. He swore to being the 13th Hussars Chaplain and having visited accused in hospital. He seemed in a broken down mental condition owing to his troubles. He visited accused fairly frequently subsequent to his discharge from hospital. After accused left hospital Captain Marchant had insinuated to witness that accused was insane Witness most certainly considered accused popular with the men and felt more than anything else his isolation and neglect of brother officers. Accused told witness of the hostile feeling of the regimental officers, towards him, and that Colonel Pedder by writing to his people blackguarding him had caused stoppage of funds.

Colonel Pedder, Commanding 13th Hussars, sworn, said he was not consulted before accused was transferred to the 13th Hussars. Witness interviewed accused on the 14th October, and lectured him about his gambling debts, and advised him to resign Asked whether accused asked for time to settle his debts witness said he did not remember.

Regarding the Club incident enquiry Capt. Bayley was one of those present because he was Lieut. Dangar's Squadron Leader Accused Squadron Leader was not asked to be present because he was a junior Subaltern. Witness admitted counselling accused to leave the regiment, at this investigation, assigning as his reasons accused's gambling troubles, his conduct to Lieut Dangar and because a special report was called for by the Commander-in Chief on accused's conduct since joining his regiment. Asked whether he had ever befriended accused, witness replied "I gave accused my advice to resign. As the Commanding Officer I said he was not to be visited whilst under arrest." Witness also said he did not think the fact of his writing to accused's mother had prejudiced him at all. Witness said he did not remember receiving a letter from accused seeking for help, but remembered getting a letter, on being shown the Adjutant's reply to a letter, but was not prepared to admit anything about the contents of accused's letter. Witness removed all arms from accused's quarters by order of the G. O. C.

Captain Clinch, sworn, said he was accused's Squadron Leader and took evidence at the Court of Enquiry at which accused refused to be examined in absence of his counsel, the reason assigned being that the Adjutant had insulted him.

Lieut. Oates, sworn, said he was called to Lieut. Dangar's bungalow with other Subalterns on 25th October. Accused was not present Lieut. Dangar touched on accused's gambling debts, his engagement and the incident at the Club, and asked all present whether accused should be allowed to remain in the regiment.

Capt. Bayley, sworn, said that he advised accused as a friend that if he were in his shoes he would resign and go.

Lieutenant Newton also spoke to being present at Lieutenant Dangar's bungalow for the Subalterns meeting Witness admitted reporting accused for playing on his piano.

Medical evidence was then led by Captain Wyley, R. A. M. C., Colonel Freyer, C. M. G., R. A. M. C., Colonel Benson P. M. O., I. M. S., and Colonel Batterby, S. M. O., I. M. S., all of whom testified that accused in their opinion was absolutely sane, but excitable. Colonel Benson said he thought his depressed state at times was due to accused being kept under arrest without a trial being held.

Colonel Battersby said accused was kept under observation but was discharged "without any appreciable disease being diagnosed."

Accused's servants were then examined and deposed to excited and worried condition of accused, especially on the night he broke arrest.

# ELECTRIC LIGHTING OF RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 6.

The Electrical Tramway and Supply Co. have inaugurated a complete system of street lighting which is immensely superior to the old-me hod of public lighting by kerosine oil lamps. The streets are brightly lit up and this should have a different effect on crime.

The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior arrives here early next month as a guest of the Viceroy.

# THE TELEGRAPH EXPERT.

## Mr. Newlands' Remarkable Opinions.

## INDIAN OFFICES OVERSTAFFED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 6.

Mr. Newlands, Traffic Expert, G. P. O. London, who has been brought out by the Government of India to advise the Telegraph Department on traffic matters delivered as wired, a most interesting and instructive address to the Rangoon Office staff.

In a report of his views on Indian telegraph system the following appears in the "Rangoon Times":—"

Mr Newlands at the commencement of his address wished it to be understood that he would not make a single statement which he could not support with facts. He was glad of the opportunity afforded him of going into the Indian system of working. But what he had to say about the system would, he thought, be anything but palatable. He believed in being perfectly frank in all he had to say and expressed the hope that his visit to India would result in placing the telegraph system on very much higher basis than it stood at present. He would have his hearers understand that he was an enthusiast in matters relating to telegraphs and that he was never so much at home as when dealing with questions concerning its working. He would have it understood that he had considerable experience extending to over 38 years and knew what he was talking about; that he had visited more telegraph offices throughout the world than any other man. He felt that he could give very confident advice Since he had come out to India he has been most observant on all matters and has kept his eyes and ears very much open, getting his information from every available source whether from an officer subordinate or even a peon. During his stay he has spent hours in large offices watching various progresses, dealing with traffic and has come to the conclusion that the whole system is woefully defective, in fact rotten. He thought there was a useless waste in the system of repeated checks before a message even started on its course and that all this could be done away with. The booking system he referred to as one of confusion, that what the public wanted was rapid transmission and not wasteful checks. He remarked, that it was hinted that the methods he suggested could never get to operate in India, but when he told them that the total output of traffic in the whole department for the year was only 11,000,000 as compared with 90,000,000 dealt with by the English telegraphs and that the staff of the London office alone was larger than the staff of the entire Indian establishment they would readily see that the raising of any obstacles to the reformations he advocated would be positively absurd. He pointed out that whatever side he gave his attention to there was waste arising out of the wretched system of checks hampering the staff to an extent that interfered with their legitimate duties

If this he said must be swept way. The work was increasing by leaps and bounds and we could not any longer afford to play with the question The system in vogue is utterly out of date it was all right 25 years ago, but that it would never suit present requirements.

He does not favour the usage of telegraph stamp and is recommending the abolition of receipts for four anna telegrams both at the booking and delivery offices, maintaining that the small charge does not justify it. The existing system of keeping up several registers is to be done away with and everything reduced to simplicity which would in turn reduce the present abnormal delays to a minimum. The system of delivery was condemned as being hopelessly weak and giving rise to much delay. The method of transmitting telegrams was referred to as so much waste of time, too much being devoted to preambles The reply pass was condemned. The method of accounts was referred to as unnecessarily laborious and incurring waste of labour and good money. The various Codes regulating traffic matters were laughed to scorn as being altogether unintelligible. The average outturn of the operator was reported on as surprisingly low; in fact, the lowest of any administration in the world. The instruments in use were condemned as too antiquated and an obstruction to good results. In short, the entire system of administration was held up to ridicule.

Mr. Newlands looked at things from a purely business standpoint clearly indicating that there is at present much useless labour and waste of money. He believed from what he saw that every office is overstaffed in all its branches and that he was going to show how the Department could take in money more largely. Reforms are already visible in every office visited by Mr, Newlands and he hopes that by the time he leaves India his method will be in full swing. He is convinced that as matters stand the public have a very poor Telegraph service and every right to complain. He appealed to the staff for their honest co-operation in all matters asking them not to debase but to elevate the service. Whatever faults were discovered were not due to their inability but to a faulty system but with the suggested reforms he felt that the Indian Operators would rank second to none in the world in efficiency.

# THE FIRE ON THE SANDHEADS PILOT BRIG.

## The Rescues and an Arrest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

A description of the destruction of the Pilot Brig "Alice" by fire on the 2nd instant at the Sandheads, published in to-day's "Indian Daily News" states that the outburst of flame was preceded by an explosion and adds there were five pilots on board the brig beside the Commander and his two Officers and native crew all of whom managed to get on board of the lightship safely with the loss of most of their kit. One man however a lamp trimmer appears to have been left behind and was rescued while clinging to the martingale of the brig by the s.s. "Mahronda." The "Mahronda" took her pilot before the fire took place and steamed away some distance; and it was then noticed from her bridge that the brig was on fire. She promptly turned back to render any assistance she could and succeeded in rescuing the native lamp trimmer, whom she brought up to town and who has since been arrested on suspicion.

# RANGOON TRAMWAY SUIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 6.

A Full Bench composed of Sir Charles Fox, Chief Judge, and Justices Irwin and Hartnoll, to-day, decided an interesting point upon a reference made for adjudication by the Judge of the Small Causes Court. The two questions raised, were:—first as to whether the tram lines in one section of Rangoon of the old steam system were buildings and lands within the meaning of section 64 of the Burma Municipal Act, and secondly were such tram line in the occupation of the owners of the line within the meaning of Sections 47 and 48 of the same Act?

Mr Justice Fox delivered the judgment of the Court and his learned colleagues concurred in his finding, in which he answered both the questions in the affirmative.

# PTOMAINE POISONING IN RANGOON.

## A European Victim.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON JANUARY, 6.

A regretful case of ptomaine poisoning occurred on board one of the river boats of Messrs. The Irrawaddy Flotilla Company and which proved fatal. The victim was a European Engineer named Mclean who was taken to the hospital where he died in spite of all efforts promptly undertaken to save his life.

Mr. P. R. Mehta, has two years' further extension on special duty.

# NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

## ARREST OF ROBERT CALDWELL.

## Accused Suffering from Bright's Disease.

London, December 23.

Upon arrival at New York yesterday Robert Caldwell was arrested on a charge of perjury in consequence of his having stated in the Druce case that the fifth Duke of Portland paid him to conduct a sham burial of T. C. Druce in 1864.

Caldwell informed the police that he was suffering from Bright's disease, and the Court before which he was brought appointed doctors to examine him. The doctors reported that he was desperately ill and the Court thereupon remanded him to January 7, and fixed the bail for his release at 5,000 dollars (about £1,000). The bail was forthcoming.

## Australia's Labour Policy.

STATEMENT BY MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD.

Interviewed yesterday by the "Morning Post," Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, Labour, M.P., said that Australia had no more intention of conceding real preference to Great Britain than had Germany. The failure of the Australian Labour parties in connection with compulsory arbitration and wages boards would compel them gradually to drop those aims, and to concentrate their attention on land nationalisation, and the national ownership and control of great industries, such as iron production and agricultural implement making.

## German Jingoism.

CONDEMNATION OF THE NAVY LEAGUE'S ATTITUDE.

The "Berliner Tageblatt" severely condemns the German Navy League extremists. The constant agitation by these persons is this journal declares, threatening to put Germany at enmity with the whole world, and especially with England.

## The Palermo Explosion.

FIFTY PERSONS KILLED.

The explosion in the privately-owned arms factory at Palermo, in Sicily, was due to the illegal storing of explosives.

Two buildings, including the Emigrants' Hotel, were ruined, and a passing cab was blown to atoms.

Fifty persons were killed, the majority of them being returned emigrants. Included among the victims were 15 women and eight children.

## Rugby Football.

NEW ZEALANDERS DEFEATED.

The New Zealand team of Rugby footballers were defeated yesterday by a Warrington team. The ground was sodden and slippery. The visitors, playing with a stiff breeze, led at halftime by two goals and a try to their opponents' one goal one try. Afterwards the Warrington men pressed severely, and scored a try, winning by 8 points to 7.

## Irish Cattle Driving Movement.

ACTION AGAINST MR. GINNELL, M. P.

SENTENCE OF SIX MONTHS' IMPRISONMENT.

Yesterday the Land Judges' Court at Dublin ordered that Mr. L. Ginnell, M. P., who did not appear, be arrested and imprisoned for six months for contempt of Court, contained in a speech recently delivered by him at Kilkyre, in Meath, on the 22nd inst.

Mr. Justice Ross, in describing Mr. Ginnell's speech as a crime, wished it clearly to be understood that the prosecution had not been undertaken at the instance of the Irish Government. The cattle-driving movement had demoralised the people to an extent unequalled in his memory. Wrongdoers laughed at the futile efforts of the authorities, and the King's subjects no longer had confidence in the efficacy of the law for the protection of their property and liberty. Mr. Ginnell had dared to turn the swollen tide of lawlessness and violence upon an estate under the Court's immediate protection.

## The Jacob's Creek Disaster.

ALL HOPE OF RESCUE ABANDONED.

All hope of rescuing the 250 men entombed in the Pittsburg Coal Co.'s mine at Jacob's Creek has practically been abandoned.

Thirteen bodies, terribly mutilated, three of them being headless, were recovered from the burning mine yesterday.

# KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIOT CASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JANUARY 6.

In connection with the Kolar Gold Field riot, judgment has been delivered in the case of the ten Punjabi watchmen who were arrested on a charge of being implicated. Three of the accused were awarded three months' imprisonment. One was awarded five weeks'; another was fined Rs. 15, and the remainder were acquitted. The watchmen resumed all their usual duties on the Mysore mine on Friday morning. When shifts were being changed there was no demonstration on the par of the coolies who are apparently now satisfied with the justice that has been administered.

The trial of twenty-seven rioters commenced on Saturday when Mr. Bowring, Special Magistrate, heard some ten witnesses. Prisoners showed much trepidation, many sobbing loudly when brought into Court.

# MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

Lieutenant Kennedy Crawford Stuart, 21st Cavalry, has been selected for appointment to the Burma Military Police.

Major Ormsby, 2nd Battalion, 6th Gurkhas, is transferred to the 1st Battalion, 3rd Gurkhas.

Major Ducat, 2nd Battalion, 6th Gurkhas, is appointed 2nd in Command of that Battalion.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cartwright and Major Pollard, 36th Horse, are appointed Command and 2nd in Command respectively of that Regiment.

Approval has been given to the transfer of Lieutenant Yearsley, 44th Infantry, to the 28th Punjabis.

Captain K. D. Fiel and Lieutenant C. G. Bacon, Royal Garrison Artillery, have been posted to the Indian Establishment on appointment to No. 89 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, at Madras

2nd Lieutenant L G Gubbins, Royal Field Artillery, has been posted to the 80th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, at Peshawar.

Captain Bayley, 29th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is transferred to No. 2 Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

Captain the Hon'ble B. J. Russell, is posted to the 29th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Lieut. Bocquet, Royal Engineers, is transferred from No. 1 Company, Indian Submarine Mining Corps, Karachi, to the Calcutta Section.

Sanction has been given to the employment to Captain A. L. Davis, 2nd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, with the Egyptian Army.

Messrs. W. M. Clowes and Sons, have just issued a third and enlarged edition of Lieut. Bertrand Stewart's "Active Service Pocket Book," which has been called for by the rapid sales of the first and second Editions, not only at home, but in India and throughout the Colonies. The book has been increased from 425 pages to 952 pages, contains 186 plates, and is only about one inch thick, being printed on Oxford India paper. A large number of important new subjects have been dealt with.

It is understood that the South Indian Railway authorities intend, if Government accord sanction, to name the handsome new station now in course of erection at Egmore, Madras, the Clive Station.

# NEW YEAR AT SEA.

## Fancy Dress on the "Oceana."

In the days of my dear friend J. M. Maclean it was usual for the *Bombay Gazette* to publish a short letter from some passenger by the first P & O Mail Steamer each year describing the New Year's festivities on their good ship. Therefore I ask you, dear Sir, to publish this—with the greater confidence that it is on behalf of charity—'tis a brief account of the Fancy Dress Ball on New Year's eve on the P and O Steamer "Oceana" commanded by Captain Heyward.

Your septuagenarian correspondent has voyaged by all the great "Ocean Greyhounds" of the world, but never has he witnessed so picturesque a Ball Masque on any other ship, or a festival in which the proverbial hospitality and courtesy of the P and O Company and of its officers have been more markedly displayed.

To say that we have been comfortable, and feel on the best of terms would be but to repeat truisms, to rest ate the experience of all who voyage in the steamers of the Company whose motto is "Quis separabit?"

We have been a Happy Ship's Company, a merrie and a friendlie, aye!—and an unusually handsome company: and (tell it not in Gath!) a most moral company.

Evil speaking, lying and slandering and all uncharitableness have been unknown Mrs. Grundy would have been keel-hauled or tossed to the sharks, had she poked her unscrupulous old nose aboard: for we have no woman-rights "unsexed female" among us, God be praised! There have been—there are, of course,—flirtations, mild and furious (as the case may be), some of which may (or may not) end before God's altar. Your peripatetic wanderer with his aged een hath seen slim fair hands fondly clasped in sun-burned palms. And why not? They all do it! we all do, or have done the like: we all hope to do the like again, do we not? Even I "Le Diable Boiteux qui s'it tout," mean to try my wrinkled hand again at the sweet game! As Bocage said 'Ce n'est qu'ume peche venielle!" With some on board the "Oceana" it is calf-love, to some Platonic, to some Pickwickian," pour passer meithar le temps, n'est ce pas!" but with one and all of the actors and actresses it has been, and is pure.

We shall part to-morrow with regret from friends newly found and made aboard, who may, by God His Grace, become old and fast friends in time "So mote it be!" "Suche lyke partinges tende toe Chryste, toe Godde!" So Chaucer wrote. An when we lie awake next hot weather, sleepless because of the mosquitos and the prickly heat, thinking of our New—Old friends, God grant that as

"The leaves of memory seem to make
"A mournful rustling in the dark

"We may have to mourn no loss of friends" whose deaths "mark the milestones on the road of life." Some one will no doubt send the T. of I, a list of the characters represented in our Fancy Dress Ball. The costumes were remarkable for accuracy, for ingenuity in make-up, for originality and for good taste. There were only two duplicates, but even they differed materially in detail, and we could have done with half a dozen sweet Molly Bawns. The dancing was far above the average form. The Lancers most graceful (bar Le Minuet de la Cour) of all the dances fantastiques was not vulgarly "romped" as it has been of late years in England. Of the Ladies' steps I must record in Sir John Suckling's words (Ballad upon a Wedding).

'Their little feet beneath their petticoats
Like little mice stole in and out
As if they feared the light
But O! they danced in such a way;
No sun upon a New Year's Day,
Is half so fine a sight."

The Belles of our Ball being as plentiful as Blueberries in America, 'tis not easy to select from such an "Embarrass de richesse." But all agreed that "Oceana" 'glorious matron) was the cynosure of all eyes among the noble throng—that La "Coleur de" Rose—"petite et mignonne" (exact image of Piccolomini, as I remember her many years agone) was a priceless pearl—that the Bride of Oceana (who gained the 1st prize for "Esperanto") as she swept gracefully along the deck with svelte figure was enchanting "when she had passed, it seemed like the ceasing of exquisite music. She richly merited the Esperanto Prize. Her Imperial Majesty Josephine honoured us by leaving her large frame in her Louvre.

Space does not permit me to mention but one more fair sylph—our "Parcel Post" who gained the prize for the best costume of all—within that precious brown paper parcel beats a heart of gold would make any good fellow blissful, but, alas! an absent "Hubby" has already taken delivery.

As to the Male costumes—Robin Hood was "facile princep." His Imperial Majesty Napoleon got the second award. He might have secured the first, but his "tummy" tumbled to his boots, and he was put out of place by his atrocious French.

A famous General, who has been the life and soul of the ship throughout made a famous Deck-Steward. Our genial First Class Baronet as Father Christmas disported himself (a la mode Pickwickienne) "in buoyant and cork-like manner" with our prima donna Molley Bawn and didn't upset her "pestatie" creel.

A tall Gaunt Saheb attired as a "Female Suffragist" caused much amusement, till I found out by tickling her ribs, that this "he-she-or it" wore no stays! ("Disgraceful Hussy!" ejaculated my daughter Esmeralda). Mr. Secretary Bookie was all there when the bell rang, and drove a roaring trade. The show was (so to speak) "hosted" by ship Doctor Turk. Peace was preserved by His Highness the Effendi Pollen-ben-Esperanto.

The Judges were well selected. The best (in evening dress) were our Prince and our Count, urbane and courtly Russians—Nature's Noblemen!

Our Armurikan millionaire catered for us as Chef de Cuisine—looking mighty capable (you bet) to cook any one's goose (I wish he would cook my foes and baste them as well!

In a word. There was not one second rate costume on deck. After the New Year had been ushered in with due form, the festivities continued till 2 a.m. The wine being first class, no one "had a head" next morning. Except the hard worked willing stewards.

Three "Sky-Pilots" watched us benignantly; and no doubt prayed for us. God bless them! and us and you and your readers, most potent, grave and reverend seignior Editor! If He doesn't, you'll send a boy round, I guess?

THE WANDERER.

# SIR ARTHUR AND LADY LAWLEY.

## The Tour to Tanjore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JANUARY 6.

Lady Lawley, accompanied by Mrs. Nielson, her sister and Miss Leatham, arrived in Madras this morning from Ceylon.

Mr. Gordon Cunard, a brother of Lady Lawley, accompanied by Mrs. Cunard, will arrive in Madras on Thursday from Calcutta.

The Governor will leave Madras on 2nd February for Bezwada where he will open the Bezwada-Masulipatam Railway on 4th idem. The tour to Tanjore District will begin on 19th February, His Excellency spending the five days at Tanjore. Negapatam and Kumbakonam will then be visited.

# LADY RUBY ELLIOT LEAVES FOR HOME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, January 6.

Lady Ruby Elliot leaves for home from Bombay by the Messageries S. S. "Ville De La Ciotat" on 23rd instant, accompanied by Miss Farquhar.

# DEATH OF MR. L. P. PUGH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

Mr. L. P. Pugh, for many years leader in Calcutta Bar, died here this afternoon after a long illness. The body will be cremated and the ashes removed to England.

# FACTS AND FANCIES.

BY

## DHONDO PANT.

KONDRUSKY'S ESCAPE.

A certain natural admiration for Kondrusky's daring escape from the lock-up at the Esplanade Police Court is tempered by an equally natural surprise at the slackness of the Police deputed to look after him and his fellow-prisoner. He was a man, who had long been "wanted" by the law, who had been the chief actor in several train-robberies, and who had at last been caught by a piece of clever work on the part of the Criminal Investigation Department. In spite of this the men on duty at the spot where he was temporarily incarcerated calmly allow him to fiddle with bolts, remove bars by force and actually walk past them on his way to freedom. The whole story reflects the greatest discredit on those immediately responsible for safeguarding him; and they will no doubt be adequately punished by the head of their department. Meanwhile Kondrusky himself has vanished from mortal ken. Telegrams have been despatched along the railways, the Police up-country have been warned to look out for him and the Detective Police have been searching for him throughtout the city. The general idea seems to be that he had managed to get clear out of Bombay. We hazard the conjecture that he has done nothing of the kind and that he is possibly lying low in one of the less reputable quarters of the city. He is supposed to have no money left, which is an argument in favour of his still being in the city; for he is far more likely to obtain money here than in the mofussil, while at the same time there are people of approximately his own nationality in Bombay city who would be likely to help him to conceal himself and could possibly supply him with funds. It is not easy for a European to conceal his identity for long in this country, unless he is a past master of language and disguise, which presumably Kondrusky is not, and unless he has gained to his side some very staunch and secretive ally. One feels inclined in this instance to fall back upon the famous axiom of the Paris Police and say "Cherchez la femme!"

NEW YEAR HONOURS.

Once again the Honours List for the New Year has given rise to the invariable expressions of wonder that so and so's name has not appeared or that Jones or Brown have not been deemed worthy of honour. This is chiefly due to the practise now in vogue of endeavouring to forecast, a month or so before the list appears, the names of the possible recipients of Stars and Orders. "Smith might quite conceivably get a C. I. E. this time," some one remarks: the next man who voices the suggestion speaks of it as a certainty; and the view goes on gathering weight like a snowball until Smith's distinction has become an incontrovertible and firmly-established fact. The dream is rudely dispelled when the list appears and it is discovered that Smith has not even collared a Kaiser-i-Hind medal of the second class. The public is disposed to feel somewhat hurt at the falsification of its prophecy, and wish, and having from the beginning ignored the fact that Government who are responsible for the framing of the list know far more concerning the respective merits of officials and non-officials than the public knows or is ever likely to know, it is naturally indisposed to let the list pass without cavil. One cannot help thinking, on the other hand, that a distribution of honours twice a year is very excessive, and that the possibility of gaining a distinction in the following June or January may often induce to remain in the country men who are really ripe for retirement and would be far happier ploughing the furrows of past memories at home It might be a better plan to distribute honours once in every two or three years, and then bestow them upon the worthy, quite irrespective of the fact that the latter might have retired from active service or public life since the issue of the previous list Such an arrangement would also to some extent obviate the possibility of complaint that in any particular list one administrative area had benefited at the expense of another, or that any particular order had been cheapened by indiscriminate bestowal.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

In spite of various specious arguments adduced against the grant of permission to Indians to freely emigrate into South Africa, one cannot help feeling that according to the higher standards of British statesmanship and Imperial policy the Indian is at the present moment meeting with scant courtesy and exiguous justice. The policy of the South African politician, in truth, is rather that of the dog in the manger, and he appears incapable of realizing the larger issues connected with the administration of "the brightest jewel in the English Crown" There is little doubt that emigration from India to other countries will continue to increase as the years go by. The spread of education the increase of population, both conduce towards it; and in some ways there is no more efficient means of welding together an Empire than free immigration between its component countries. Any jealous restrictions placed upon the movement, or harsh methods adopted to make the immigrant's position intolerable, are bound in the long run to weaken the bonds of Empire as a whole and to seriously aggravate the difficulties of the Indian administrator. It is difficult to name precisely the sentiment which lies at the bottom of recent events in South Africa and Canada, and, so far as the Japanese are concerned, in America also. But one cannot help ascribing them in some measure to the fundamental antagonism which, in spite of what the scientist and anthropologist may say, appears to subsist between the light and the dark races of the world. Old-fashioned prejudices of the kind which set one nation against another have tended to disappear since travel and other agencies have familiarised the inhabitants of the various countries with each other. But the supposed barriers of race have remained, and theorists have done their utmost to accentuate the idea of race distinction And yet, judged from the highest scientific standpoint, there can be no inherent antagonism or scale of inherent superiority or inferiority at all; while the distinctions of origin, colour and blood as opposed to a community of history, education, and opportunity) have been grossly exaggerated. It is sincerely to be hoped that the Indian immigrant will meet with just dealing from those countries which form together with India the Empire of England.

STARVATION.

It comes rather as a shock to read in last week's paper that a Hindu boy had died of starvation in this wealthy city. The Hindus are as philanthropic and compassionate as any other race in India, and during past famines when hordes of starving immigrants poured into Bombay they did their best to alleviate want by the daily supply of food at temples and other places. One can only assume that there were special circumstances about this case which debarred the boy from obtaining the wherewithal to keep body and soul together.

# SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

## A ROWING QUESTION.

## Effects of Change.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DECEMBER 20.

There are probably few sportsmen who have not heard something of the trouble created by the Henley Regatta Stewards deciding not to allow foreign oarsmen to compete at the 1908 regatta A lot of misunderstanding has arisen in connection with this, so that a brief reference to facts may be in order. Firstly, the resolution of the Henley Stewards not to accept foreign entries for next year's regatta was passed before the decision of the 1907 fixture; secondly, it was done with the laudable idea of not wishing to detract from the Olympic Regatta to take place at Henley a little later. Then the talk of the Stewards desiring to keep away foreign crews, because the Belgians have won the Grand Challenge Cup two years in succession, is absurd, as the regatta will again be open to all genuine amateurs who conform to Henley requirements, in 1909. All the outcery has arisen because "the man in the street" argues it is unfair and unsportsmanlike to prevent the Belgians defending the cup they hold.

A MISTAKEN IDEA.

Before the Belgians won last July they knew all about the Henley Stewards' resolution and were quite satisfied to reserve their efforts in 1908 for the Olympic Regatta. The president of the Belgian Rowing Federation has made this quite clear in a recent letter, so there is really no need to make any fuss. If the Belgians wished to defend their title and the Henley Stewards were not willing to welcome them, the matter would be quite different. The Stewards were entirely within their rights in deciding not to accept foreign entries for 1908, but this would not effect the Belgians as holders of the Grand Challenge Cup. The holders of a title or trophy are not called on to enter at all—it is the Challengers who must do that. Naturally the holders of a trophy, when a team or row, have to submit the names of the men who will defend the honour, but entering in the ordinary way is not required. This question was once raised in connection with the holder of some Amateur Athletic Championships, who presented himself at the meeting for the purpose of defending his title, without having entered in a formal manner. In Championships and Challenge Cup contests it is the custom to print the name or names of the holders on the programme, and if he or they turned up to defend the honour without having given due notice it would not debar the holder or holders from competing. If the Henley Stewards, or any other body, decided otherwise, they would not only show bad sportsmanship, but also lay themselves open for an action at law.

WOULD IT WERE TRUE.

An American paper recently stated that England was raking the world for athletes to beat the Americans at the Olympic Games of 1908. Most keen sportsmen would be delighted if our sporting bodies showed some inclination to rake even England for athletic talent in view of next year's big fixture. So far no official announcement has been made as to what is being done to regain our lost athletic supremacy. It is understood that a trial meeting will be held for the purpose of selecting our representatives, but this is not enough. We want dozens of trial games, as discus throwers, javelin throwers, rope climbers, wrestlers, weight lifters, etc. are not developed without constant practice. Our runners we know, and there will not be much difficulty in making selections in this department, save for the Marathon Race. This comes under another head entirely, and between now and next April trial races should be held by the Northern, Midland and Southern Counties Cross-Country Associations and Irish, Scotch and welsh Associations, After this a further trial ought to be held, in which the leaders in the sectional trials alone should be allowed to take part. Were this plan adopted it is quite possible some quite unknown talent would be discovered and our chances of winning the chief event at the games thereby increased. It is certainly more than strange that though four races have now been decided, no Englishman has yet scored.

CROSS-COUNRY RUNNING.

The result of the Inter 'Varsity cross-country contest at Roehampton shows that there are some decidedly useful runners at both seats of learning. A better race for first place has seldom been seen and there is really little to choose among E. C. Inman (Cambridge) J.F. Worsley (Oxford), and A.H. Pearson (Cambridge), who finished as written. The close nature of the contest was also extended to the team secring, the Cantabs only winning by a single point, as in 1906. The good form shown leads one to hope we shall see some of the 'Varsity cracks spinning in the ten miles championship, for it must be confessed 'Varsity men do not trouble themselves unduly to help the A. A. A.

BOXING.

When Joe Bowker was beaten by Driscoll of Cardiff, one of the best judges of boxing in England remarked "It is the best thing that could have happened to him and he will now probably really get fit for his next encounter." Bowker certainly shaped like a new man in his exhibition spar with Spike Robson on the night of the Burns-Moir fight, while on Monday he easily put "paid" to the account of Cockney Cohen of Leeds in their ten rounds encounter. Bowker is one of the very best in the business of his weight and now that he has re-entered the arena, his admirers hope he will seek another match with Driscoll, who, however, is certainly a hard nut to crack.

WRESTLING.

Within a few hours the representatives of Zbysco and Hackenschmidt will probably have met for the purpose of talking over a match. Keen followers of the game are not pleased with what they see, and should Hackenschmidt avoid meeting Zbysco on the question of style, it will not greatly surprise many. That the Russian seems willing to try conclusions with Rogers is astonishing, seeing the latter failed to act up to the articles for his meeting, or suggested meeting, with Padounby and Zbysco.

THE TURF.

Echos of the Gimcrack Club Dinner are now heard in two directions. At this function Col. Hall Walker stated that glanders was on the increase and had invaded racing stables. Another item was that a race course inspector would soon be appointed by the Jockey Club. Fortunately Col. Walker appears to have been misinformed, for enquiry by Lord Stanley of the Board of Agriculture officials has led to the announcement that there were only 805 cases of glanders during the first 49 weeks of the present year, as against 1033, 1146 and 1440 cases for the corresponding periods in 1906, 1905 and 1904, respectively. What is more, the Board of Agriculture officials have no record of any outbreak in racing stables. The matter is so serious that in view of the demand for English bloodstock abroad it is well that the facts are widely published.

Turning to the other matter, the Jockey Club Stewards have made a capital choice for the position of Racecourse Inspector in Colonel Wilkinson, D. S. O., of Dringhouses, Yorkshire. He has had a lot to do with racing and racing courses, having been associated with the

in keeping with a Russian Derby Winner and a son of Galtee More. Other examples might be quoted which go to show that when sending an animal to another country, there is and must always be a great risk that it will lose its form.

FOOTBALL.

The form of the New Zealand Rugby men is certainly puzzling, as following a defeat, 9 points to 4, by Halifax, the visitors well beat Yorkshire, 23 points to 4. Turning to Rugby Union games the success (5 points to 0) of London over the West of England in the International trial completely astounded the experts, as the London forwards were easily the better. The Army and Navy match at Queen's Club was a splendid one and the robust tackling of both sets of backs made the old school rejoice. Last year the Navy won by 13 points to 14, but this time the sailors were much the better and proved successful by 15 points to 0. The winners were represented by two Internationals and the losers by six. The tours of the Oxford and Cambridge fifteens since the Inter 'Varsity match have led to some surprising results. Both Dublin University and Monkstown beat Oxford, 14 points to 8 and 6 points to 0, though the Dark Blues managed to dispose of the North of Ireland, 13 points to 3. On the other hand the Cantabs have scored over Edinburgh Ward (5 points to 3), West of Scotland (14 points to 0) and Edinburgh Acad. by 35 points to 8. Thus during their tour the Light Blues have won four matches and scored 69 points as against 20 by their rivals, while Oxford's record reads: 2 wins, 2 defeats with a total of 40 points for and 22 against.

SOCCER.

Home teams fared badly in First League games on Saturday and only four won outright. Chelsea furnished the surprise of the day by visiting Preston North End and winning by four goals to 2, which meant a jump up the table from 19th to 15th place and greatly improved the prospects of the Southerners holding on to the First Division. Manchester United fell from grace somewhat by only drawing (1-1) on visiting Notts County, the first draw of the season for the leaders. Sheffield Wednesday improved the opportunity by picking up both points on entertaining Bolton. Still, Manchester United holds a lead of 5 points, which is a big one with the season half over. A fight of quite another character is taking place in the Scottish League and there is really nothing in it among the top teams—Dundee and Falkirk with 30 points for 18 games and Celtic with 26 for 16 engagements. The Dundee men lost their slight advantage through only being able to draw on visiting Morton, while Falkirk and Celtic vanquished Heart of Midlothian and Hamilton Acad. respectively, the "Hearts" going down on their own ground.

CRICKET.

The result of the Test Match at Sydney again illustrates that a match is never lost until it's won. It was a most even struggle until the last day and when England put up 300 for the second venture, so equalling Australia's first innings, the Colonials were set to get 274 for victory. For a long time our bowlers appeared to be on top and, with half the side out for 95, matters looked bright. Then, however, came a change and McAlister, Carter, Colter and Hazlett pulled the match out of the fire, so that England, for the first time in the history of Test Matches, was beaten at Sydney, the home side winning by two wickets. The Australian wicket keeper Carter made top score (61) in the second innings and the new comers McAlister and Haylett quite justified their selection. The Australians well deserved their win, and a finer example of "playing an uphill game" has seldom been seen. We must now look forward to the other Test Matches (four) and if Hobbs and Hayes have found their form by then and A.O. Jones is able to play, our team will be considerably stronger.

INTERNATIONAL GOLF.

Very great interest centred in the Exhibition Match at Deal yesterday between J. Braid of England (ex-champion) and A. Massey of France, the present open champion. Braid commenced well and held a lead of four at the fourteenth, but then went off in his play, so that Massey was only one down at the end of the round. The Frenchman won the first hole in the afternoon and assumed the lead at the third, while they were all square at the fourth. Massey, however, won the next and finally secured the honours, being 2 up at the end of the seventeenth hole. Braid's scores were 78 and 74 and Massey's 81 and 71 each, thus taking 152 strokes for the 35 holes. Braid outdrove his rival in the morning, but fell off in the second round, while Massey's strong point was his putting.

## DESPERATE TRAIN THIEVES.

### Guard Overpowered.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JANUARY 6.

When the goods train which left Cawnpore at midnight on the fourth instant arrived at Karbigwan it was discovered that Guard Mallington of the East Indian Railway, was missing; also that his hat had been removed from the brake van and the lamps smashed. At noon on the following day Mallington arrived at Karbigwan and was taken to Cawnpore. He says his train halted outside the signals at Sarsaul when he heard a noise like wagon doors being opened. On going out to inspect he was pelted with stones and the hand lamp knocked out of his hand. He was then surrounded and knocked down by some men who rolled him up in his blanket and, tightly bound, he was subsequently carried away to some ravines by the thieves and left there with one of the gang. This rascal happened to leave him alone for a while, when he managed to bite the cords he was bound with and free himself. As soon as he was free he ran off as hard as he could in the direction of Karbigwan. Mallington says there was quite a number of men, one of whom was armed with a revolver. Another goods train in the vicinity is said to have been boarded, but the Guard drew his revolver and the thieves bolted.

## THE MADRAS ESTATES LAND BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JANUARY 6.

At the next meeting of the Madras Legislative Council on Thursday next the Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Forbes will move that the Madras Estates Land Bill, as amended by the Select Committee, and the report of the Select Committee, be taken into consideration at once and that the Bill, as amended, be passed into law.

The Honble Rajah V. Virabhadra Razu Bahadur has given notice of his intention to move the following propositions:—(1) that the Madras Estates Land Bill, as amended by the Select Committee, be recommitted to the Select Committee; (2) that permission be granted under rule 53 of the rules for the conduct of business for counsel to appear before this Council in connection with the Madras Estates Land Bill, on behalf of the Madras Landholders Association which represents the Landholders of this presidency whose private interests are vitally affected by the provisions of the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. K. R. Gurusawmy Iyer has given notice he will move that the Bill be committed again to the Select Committee, the vacancies thereon being filled up.

The non-official members have given notice of amendments to various sections of this Bill, which extend over 59 pages of Agenda paper.

## POLICE vs PRESS.

### Question of Costs.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

The question of the distribution of costs in the "Indian Daily News" vs. Police libel appeals was to day argued before the High Court Bench comprising the Chief Justice and Justices Harington and Fletcher. It appeared that the greater portion of the costs had been incurred in the first case (that of Lahiri) the Court held that the suits not being consolidated, the costs would not be redistributed and ordered the appellants to bear them in the Lahiri case and to receive them in the other five cases.

## LADY NORTHCOTE HINDU ORPHANAGE.

### Speech by the Governor.

The prize-giving of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage took place yesterday at the Orphanage Building, Chinchpogly. A large number of ladies and gentlemen attended and Sir George Clarke presided. His Excellency, who was accompanied by Lady Clarke, was received by Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey, Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. K. N. Sailor, Mr. Ratansi Mulji and others. Gujerati verses were recited by the pupils of the Orphanage welcoming His Excellency.

THE REPORT.

Mr. M. M. Kamdar read the annual report of the Orphanage, which was as follows:

On the working of Lady Northcote Hindu Orphange.

The Managing Committee of the above Orphange have much pleasure in submitting to the benevolent and charitable public their 7th annual report of the working of the above Institution during the year ending 31st December 1906.

As mentioned in the previous reports the Orphanage was started with 21 children. By degrees as it became known and its usefulness came to be realized, the number of orphans on the roll steadily increased till at the end of the year 1906 the number rose to 151. The following table will give particulars of admissions, withdrawals &c from the commencement upto the end of the year under Report.

| A. D. | Number at the commencement of the year. | Admissions during the year. | Discharged, withdrawn etc., | Handed over to relatives secured employments. | On the roll at the close of the year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1900..... | 21 | 34 | 0 | 18 | 37 |
| 1901... | 37 | 87 | 17 | 28 | 79 |
| 1902..... | 73 | 77 | 19 | 46 | 91 |
| 1903.... | 91 | 75 | 27 | 48 | 93 |
| 1904..... | 93 | 53 | 19 | 26 | 101 |
| 1905..... | 101 | 80 | 14 | 27 | 140 |
| 1906... | 140 | 69 | 23 | 40 | 151 |

It will be seen from the above table that there has been a slow and study increase year after year. The figures also bear a silent testimony of the fact that the Hindu public is commencing to see that there is an Institution which welcomes the fatherless ones and brings them up in the way they should be.

The citizens of Bombay have been supporting this institution with their kind and generous help, and the charitable people outside the Bombay city have not been found wanting in this respect, and the Committee feel greatly indebted to them; but if the number of inmates continues increasing in the way they have hitherto done, the resources at the disposal of the Committee will not suffice and the Committee shall have to appeal to the public for increased aid and support. From what has occurred in the past the Committee are confident that any appeal made by them for help will meet with a ready response. It is unnecessary to mention here that this Institution supplies one of the most urgent wants of the Hindu community.

At the close of the year 1905, there was a balance of Rs. 1,30,551-13-5 of which the balance in bonds, cash &c amounted to Rs. 1,19,350-12-0 and the balance in the shape of grain, ghee, oil and clothes in store approximately amounted to Rs. 1,001-1-5. At the end of the year under Repot this balance rose to Rs. 1,65,329-10-6. The donations received in cash during the year amounted to Rs. 32,970-11-9; and the donations in food stuffs, clothes &c. approximately amounted to Rs. 8,964-9-0; and besides, there were other miscellaneous receipts which approximately amounted to Rs. 2,842-8-4. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 17,580-15-0, of which the expenditure in cash amounted to Rs. 10,555-8-3 and that in food-stuffs and cloths approximately amounted to Rs. 7,025-6-9.

The total balance at the end of the year 1906 stands as follows:—

Invested in bonds. Rs. 1,26,500-0-0, deposited in the Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Rs. 1,529-0-1, lent at interest to Messrs. Finally Muir & Co. 12,000-0-0, Amount given in advance through Mr. Dwarkadass Dharamsey for purchasing a piece of ground, Rs. 2,000-0-0. Cash in hand, 2,779-7-9, total balance in bonds, cash &c. 44-808-7-10.

Besides, there is in hand a stock of grain, ghee, oil, clothes &c. of the approximate value of Rs. 2,940-3-8. The buildings presented by Seth Ruttonsee Mooljee J. P. are worth Rs. 54,000. Mr. Ruttonsee Mooljee J. P. has in the course of the year under report added to the buildings that existed before, a new building for the Industrial School at a cost of Rs. 3,000.

The permanent funds of the Orphanage are invested in Securities specified in Appendix "A." The committee beg to mention that they have not as yet received any interest from the Bank of Bombay for 6 months of the bonds &c, deposited in it and so this interest is not included in the above account.

The Committee acknowledge with thanks the kind and generous aid from the merchants of Chittagong through Sheth Hariram Cooverjee and the Committee feel greatly indebted to them for the same. This gift was obtained mainly through the exertions of Sheth Deojee Varsang who has been taking very keen and active interest in the welfare of the Institution and who has been a member of the Committee for a long time and the Committee cannot allow this opportunity to pass without expressing their gratefulness to him.

The Committee heartily thank the gentlemen who have helped this Institution with money, clothes, grain and other necessaries. Their obligations are also due to those gentlemen who pay periodical subscriptions and donations. The Committee are also deeply indebted to the merchants of Tramba, Kanta and Mooljee Jetha and Laxmidass Khimjee Markets who yearly help this Institution with money, clothes &c. The Committee are also thankful to Sheth Pragjee Surjee who has increased his allowance of milk for the children of this Institution to a rupee and a half per day and who also provides them with clothes and feasts them every year.

In the month of July 1906 Goswami Shri Dookinandanji, one of the leading priests of the Vallabhacharya sect, was so kind as to honour this Institution with his holy visit. He was exceedingly pleased with the physical, moral and religious training given to the inmates as well as their discipline and he gave his blessing to the Institution. The visit of such a high personage is a great encouragement and the Committee mark their deep sense of obligations to the Maharaj for it. On the occasion of his visit, the Maharaj was accompanied by several of his votaries who have made liberal donations to the Institution. Their names are given in Appendix "B".

The Committee feel much regret in having to mention that there was an outbreak of cholera in the Institution in the month of July last. At first it was mild, but within a few days it dreadfully increased. There were 36 attacks in all. The sufferers were removed to the Arthur Road Hospital. Several useful precautions were taken and measures were adopted to prevent its further spread. All the healthy inmates of the Institution were removed to Mahalakshami for a period of 1 month. Out of 36 orphans 16 orphans fell victims and 20 survived. Besides this, one orphan boy who was suffering from the caries of the bone of the ankle joint and who was removed to the J. J. Hospital and an operation was performed on him did not recover and died of the same; a girl about 12 years of age who suffered from consumption died also about the same time in the same Hospital.

The Committee beg to state that a school has been opened in the Orphanage premises, in which the boys are taught both Vernacular and English upto the 4th and 5th Standards respectively. Due arrangements have been made also regarding the instruction of girls upto the 3rd Vernacular Standard. The girls are also taught sewing, knitting and embroidery. They have shown considerable aptitude for such work. The necessity of some religious instructions to the children having been felt, arrangements have been made to give effect to it. The Committee are further glad to state that in the newly opened Ruttonsee Mooljee Industrial School hand, loom weaving is taught to the inmates at present. They have a desire to give to the inmates useful industrial education by introducing practical instruction in other branches of industry such as Printing &c.

On the 29th September prizes were distributed to the successful inmates of the Institution. Mr. W. D. Shepperd, I. C. S., the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, presided on the occasion. The President and the other gentlemen who had favoured the Institution with their presence on the occasion, followed with keen interest the dialogues, recitations of ethical and humorous pieces from plays in Vernacular, Sanskrit and English and were much delighted with the way in which the pupils performed their parts. The Lady Lamington Scholarships awarded by Sheth Ruttonsee Mooljee, J. P., were distributed among the students who showed proficiency in their studies. On this occasion Mr. Jaynarayen Indunal Dani gave a liberal donation of Rs. 1,000 for Scholarships to be given in the name of Mrs. W. D. Shepperd. Besides this, several gentlemen presented generous donations. The names are given in in Appendix "E". After Prizes were distributed Mr. Ruttonsee Mooljee requested the President to declare the Industrial School open and so in company with all the gentlemen then present, the President opened the Ruttonsee Mooljee Industrial School. The Hon'ble Mr Gokuldas Kahandas Parekh also delivered a short address. In the end the President made a very nice speech and expressed his complete satisfaction with management of the Institution.

On the 9th of November 1906 the boys of the Primary and Anglo-Vernacular Schools were examined by Mr. K. A. Bala, Deputy Educational Inspector, Gujarathi Schools. In his Report he has expressed his satisfaction at the progress of the boys and at the management in general of the resident Superintendent Dr. Gopalsing as regards children's boarding, lodging, food &c.

The Committee beg to state that due respect has been given to caste distinction and that there has been no case upto now in which any orphan has been refused admission to the Institution.

The Committee feel highly grateful to the late Sheth Valjee Premjee of the Cutchi Lowana by caste, who died on the 29th of May 1906 and who on the 29th of March 1906 has made a Will, by which he has directed that as long as his widow Mrs. Gangabai be alive a donation of Rs. 125 from the income of his immovable property situated on the Koli-wada Street, Bhat Bazaar, should be given to the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage every year and that after her death the said property should be presented to the Orphanage.

The Committee acknowledge with great thanks the services of Mr. Hansraj Haridas who has been taking great pains to promote the welfare of the Institution, and who has been visiting the Orphanage daily. The Committee are much indebted to Mr. Hansraj for his valuable services during the last 11 months.

Committee in conclusion have to acknowledge gratefully the disinterested services of Rao Bahadur Kesheojee Nathoo Sailor and Messers. Deoji Varsang and Mawjee Govindji who continue to take the keenest interests in the welfare of the Institution. It is due solely to their sustained and philanthropic efforts that this Orphanage has been able to show the excellent results set forth in the report. They are the heart and soul of this home of the poor orphans and they have spared neither time nor trouble to forward its beneficent objects.

The Committee feel that they can now appeal with confidence to the generous public to extend their liberal support to the Institution so as to enlarge its sphere of usefulness.

A programme of recitations was gone through by the pupils, after which Lady Clarke distributed the prizes and the Lady Lamington scholarships.

The Hon'ble Mr. Parekh in addressing the meeting said the institution owed its origin to the famine of 1899, when a large number of orphans were found wandering about without means of subsistence. The institution had not only been the means of affording shelter and giving education to poor orphans, but also of preventing them from leading criminal lives which otherwise they might possibly have done. There were industrial classes in connection with the Orphanage which were capable of great development. He appealed to the charitable people of Bombay to provide the necessary funds.

Mr. Ratansi Mulji then announced a number of new donations to the funds of the Orphanage,

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency the Governor said:—Ladies and Gentlemen,—I am sure you have been all as much interested as we have been in the exhibition that has been shown to us and in what has been stated in the report that has been read. The people of India have set a shining example in real charity and in their wonderful kindness to the poor and the destitute. Even the poorest of the people find something out of their scanty stock to give to those who have nothing. This admirable quality must go far towards mitigating the sum total of human suffering, but it cannot do everything, and there is ample scope in India, and perhaps in Bombay specially, for such valuable institutions as the one we are witnessing to-day. There must be many orphans in Bombay at the present time who are sadly in need of such care and such watching as are bestowed in an institution of this nature. The report that has been read shows a most remarkable and steady progress from the year 1900, when there were only 21 boys. At the present time the number stands at 153, and that marks a very steady and satisfactory advance. It also shows that this institution is filling a very real need and the benefit it gives is being more and more widely appreciated everywhere. An excellent feature of this orphanage is that a good and sound education is given here, which is calculated to prove useful in the children's after-life. And also when they leave the institution arrangements are made to give them a start in their new life as far as possible. I note in the report with very great pleasure that secular education is not the only object here. There is training in religion and morality given at the same time. Indeed, education is shorn of a part of its value if it is not associated with a training of character, which is necessary for a sound and healthy life. In the sacred books of the Hindus we come across passages from which we can gather that secular and religious education went hand in hand in those days, as I am glad to find they are now going hand in hand in the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage (Hear, hear.) I am glad to notice that in this excellent institution physical exercise is not neglected. A healthy mind is very often to be found associated with a healthy body; and it is in childhood that you can encourage physical development, which means health in after-life. And health means happiness and usefulness. In India very much is done by Government—perhaps necessarily done by the Government—but it is a matter of sincere gratification to me that a great institution like this is being supported and managed by the members of the great Hindu community themselves. (Hear, hear.) I warmly congratulate the secretaries and the trustees of the institution on the success they have achieved, and I am sure that result is due to the time and care they devote to the welfare of its inmates. It was a very happy idea that this orphanage should be associated with the name of the gracious lady who took such a keen interest in the charitable institutions of Bombay. I am quite certain that all those who are supporting this institution and whose names have just been read out by Mr. Ratansi must feel a keen sense of satisfaction by knowing that their support goes towards rescuing orphans from want and misery, and, as the Hon'ble Mr. Parekh pointed out, even from crime. It is truly calculated to give happiness in its best form. In the Bhagvat Gita I notice some words which seem to me to be exactly appropriate to the present occasion. They are: "That gift is said to be good which is given because it ought to be given to one who can do no service in return." These words were true when they were written—we do not know how many centuries ago—but they equally apply to all races and all times. The support of an institution of this kind is a real good, in the highest sense of the word, and I hope that remembering those words which I have just quoted, others will come forward to share in this really very good work. (Applause). Now I thank you very much for the kindness you have shown us. My wife and I have found great pleasure in coming here and taking part in this interesting ceremony. I assure you that we shall watch with great interest the work of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage, and if I may be permitted I may give a prize next year for any subject that the trustees may think fit. It will give me great pleasure to see my name associated with this institution. (Applause.)

On the motion of Mr. Ratansi Mulji, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to Their Excellencies and the proceedings terminated.

## THE YUGANTAR CASE.

### Printer Surrenders.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

Baikunta Nath Acharya, the printer of the "Yugantar" to-day surrendered to take his trial on the charge of publishing seditious matter and the case is proceeding in the Police Court.

## A REPORTED DISTURBANCE AT MYMENSINGH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 6.

The local papers here publish particulars of some disturbance at Mymensingh on Friday and Saturday in which the Military Police are alleged to have been concerned.

## RICE EXPORTS FROM BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 6.

From the 1st of January to the 28th of December 1907 the total exports of rice from Rangoon to Europe, India, the Straits, China and America aggregated 1,854,459 tons as against 17,188,222 tons for the previous year.

## SOCIETY WEDDING AT BOLARUM.

### Ashburner—Bayley.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JANUARY 3.

A pretty wedding was solemnized at Holy Trinity Church, Bolarum, by Rev. E. O. Jervis, M. A., Chaplain, the contracting parties being Captain L. F. Ashburner, D.S. O., M. V. O., Royal Fusiliers, and Miss Ethel Hermoine Bayley, second daughter of the Hon'ble Mr. C. S Bayley, C.S. I., I. C. S, British Resident at Hyderabad. The time for the ceremony was fixed for four o'clock and the bride accompanied by her father arrived punctually, and as they walked up the aisle the choir sang "The Voice that breathed o'er Eden." Captain Ashburner was supported by Mr. Hudson, 2nd Royal Fusiliers, as best man, and Miss Ashburner (sister of the bridegroom) with the Misses Mayorie and Dorothy England attended the bride. The bride who looked handsome and stately was dressed in white duchesse satin and real lace and stoles of silver passementerie with a veil of old Honiton lace, and the boquet she carried was composed of white roses and eucharis lilies. The chief bridesmaid was dressed in white voile de ninon trimmed with white satin and lace, with a white felt hat trimmed with white ostrich plumes, and the younger ones had on white silk muslin frocks prettily trimmed with lace, and wore wreaths of silver tissue and roses and carried boquets of white flowers. At the conclusion of the service which was fully choral and accompanied by the band, the bride and bridegroom went into the vestry to sign the register and on their way out of the church passed under the crossed swords of the officers present and the non-commissioned officers of the bridegroom's regiment also lining the way up the aisle. The church was beautifully and suitably decorated with white flowers.

Mrs. Bayley held a reception at the Residency at Bolarum afterwards and after the cake was cut by the bride with her husband's sword, Mr. Brian Egerton proposed the health of the bride and Captain Ashburner responded to it. The bride's going-away dress was of white serge trimmed with silk embroidery, and her white toque was trimmed with white ospreys.

Mrs. Bayley (mother of the bride) wore a charming mauve radium silk dress trimmed with velvet, and a white crinoline straw hat. Mrs. Ashburner (the bridegroom's mother) was dressed in black embroidered chiffon over white silk, and a black hat.

Among those present were H.H. the Nizam, H.E. the Prime Minister, Nawab Fakr-ul-Mulk Bahadur, General Sir James and Lady Wolfe Murray, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dunlop, Colonel and Mrs. Staunton, Mr. Faridoonji Jamshedji, Brigadier General and Mrs. Rimington, Lieut. Col. Thompson, Colonel and Mrs. Freyer, Captain and Mrs. Minchin, Mr and Mrs. F. C. Crawford, etc., etc.

The following is a list of the presents:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Major and Mrs Alexander | Silver Topped Bottles |
| Miss C Ashburner | Tea Set |
| Mrs G Ashburner | Fish Knives and Forks |
| Mrs L R Ashburner | Pearl Necklace, Desert Knives and Forks, Dessert Spoons, Cheque |
| Miss M Ashburner | Glass |
| Mr and Mrs Lindsay Austin | Brass Lota |
| Capt H W Ashburner | Cheque |
| Lieut-Col Sir David and Lady Barr | Sapphire Pendant |
| Miss A M Bayley | Paste Pendant |
| Miss A M Bayley and Master Daniel Bayley | Enamelled Waist-Coat Buttons |
| Mr and Mrs C S Bayley | House Linen and Fur Cloak |
| Mrs Daniel Bayley | Cheque |
| Mr A S Bayley | 4 Silver Sweet Dishes |
| Master Daniel Bayley | Silver Napkin Rings |
| Miss L Bayley and Mrs James Gaussen | Carriage Clock |
| Miss M C Bayley | Silver Tea Caddy |
| Sir Stuart and Lady Bayley | Silver Writing Set |
| Major and Mrs Stuart F Bayley | Silver Ink Bottle |
| Mr W L Bayley and Mr C B Bayley | Silver Box |
| Capt, Mrs and Miss Bell | Photograph Frames |
| Capt C Brinley | Silver Vase |
| Miss S Barnaby | Hand Painted Paras l |
| Mr K Burnett | Driving Whip |
| Miss A M Butler | Silver Trinket Box |
| Mrs H L Butler and Miss A C Butler | Hat Pins |
| The Misses Butler | Lace Handkerchiefs |
| Mr and Mrs Brigstocke | Cigarette Case |
| Mrs F W Byrne and Miss Byrne | Silver Box |
| Mr and Mrs J C Blandy | 2 Water Colours |
| Major-General and Mrs Campbell | Silver Entree Dishes |
| Miss G Cater Scott | D'oyleys |
| Capt and Mrs Cassels | Silver Inkstand |
| Capt and Mrs Clinch | Glass Dish |
| Mr and Mrs F C Crawford | Carriage Clock |
| Miss B Chapman | 5 Books |
| Mrs Cave | Cushion Cover |
| Mrs Carleton | Bridge Box |
| Mr and Mrs Dangar and the Misses Dangar | Silver Candlesticks |
| Major E N Davis | Calendar |
| Miss B Dean | Tiffany Glass Liqueur Set |
| Col and Mrs De Lisle | Silver Coffee Pot |
| Major and Mrs Des Veux | Cheque |
| Mr and Mrs Douald | Silver Photograph Frame |
| Brig-Gen F R H Drummond | Sweet Dish |
| Mr and Mrs A J Dunlop | Papier Mache Writing Set |
| Mr Brian Egerton | Silver Brush Trays |
| General Sir C and Miss Egerton | Clock |
| Major and Mrs T P England | Salt cellars and Pepper Pots |
| Mr F Fawcett | Silver Pen Tray |
| Mr and Mrs Herbert Fisher | Silver Toast Rack |
| Capt and Mrs E N Fisher | "Sesame and Lilies" and "A Crown of wild Olives" |
| Capt Frederick | Silver Cigarette Box |
| Miss Alice Hay Forbes | Cream Jug |
| Mr and Mrs W A Gayer | Silver Photograph Frames |
| Rev C D and Mrs Giles | Brass Fish |
| Mr and Mrs Hugh Gough | Silver Lamp |
| Col and Mrs Grant | Ostrich Feather Fan |
| Major and Mrs J Wemyss Grant | Silver Vases |
| Mr Graham | Set of Waist-Coat Buttons |
| Major Glyn | Carved Easel |
| Mr Haggard | Cheque |
| Mrs Haggard | Cheque |
| Major Haggard, Mrs Lang, Mrs Currie and Mrs Pollen | Canteen |
| Mrs Hall | Book |
| Mr and Mrs H C Hankin | Silver Mirror |
| Mr and Mrs Heenan | Photograph Frames |
| Major C E Hendley | Silver Sweet Dishes |
| Capt and Mrs Heyland | Ice Bucket |
| Capt and Mrs Stanley Hill | Coffee Set |
| Mrs Heyland | Cigarette Box |
| Capt Hodgson | Walking Stick |
| Mr and Mrs Hosken | Silver Tea Caddy |
| Capt and Mrs Gorrie Hudson | Silver Topped Trinket Box |
| Dr and Mrs E Henderson Hunt | Silver Salt Cellars |
| Capt W P H Hill | Hunting Crop |
| Dr and Mrs Harris | Ink-stand |
| Mr and Mrs Irwin | 4 Silver Vases |
| Rev E O and Mrs Jervis | Painted Cushion Cover |
| Miss E Kelso and Miss H Rooke | Silver Photograph Frame |
| Major Kennedy | Glass and Crockery |
| Lt.-Col and Mrs Lampm | Glass Scent-Bottle |
| Capt and Mrs Lang | Coffee Spoons |
| Sir Walter and Lady Lawrence | Blotting Book |
| Miss Lindsay | Silver Vase |
| Lt.-Col and Mrs Lawry | Burmese Picture Frames |
| Col and Mrs O H MacDonald | Silver Scent-Bottle |
| Mr and Mrs McIntosh | Silver Menu Holders |
| Lt.-Col Mackey | Silver Sweet Dishes |
| Mr C N C Mackenzie | Carriage Clock |
| Major Sir H and Lady Macmahon | Miniature Silver Whisky Decanters |
| Mr Maninton | Cheque |
| Mr J R Macnabb | Silver Table Lamp |
| Mr and Mrs F St G Manners Smith | Egyptian Shawl |
| Mr and Mrs Neville Manden | Silver Salver |
| Miss I Manners Smith | Silver Photograph Frame and Hat Pins |
| H H the Nizam | Silver frame and Photograph. |
| Major and Mrs J R Mathewes | Silver William III Bowl. |
| Capt and Mrs A B Minchin | Silver Mounted Decanters |
| Miss Adela Mordaunt | Salt Cellars. |
| Mr Manisty | Cheque. |
| Mrs Naida | Silver Rose Bowl. |
| Dr and Mrs Nundy | Cake Knives. |
| Miss P Napier | Marriage Service. |
| Mr and Mrs Nicholson | Lace Handkerchief. |
| Mr E H Nicholson | Sweet Dishes. |
| Lt Col W H Oake | Cheque. |
| Mr and Mrs M P O'Dwyer | Silver Sauce Boats. |
| Lt-Col and Mrs Ogilvie | Silver Fruit Dish. |
| Mr and Mrs Sutherland Carr | Silver Butter Dish. |
| Miss Perdoe | Photograph Frame. |
| Mrs Parker | Fruit Dishes. |
| Mr and Mrs Pendlebury | Gold Wrist Watch. |
| Mr and Mrs Perram | Silver Photograph Frame |
| Lt-Col and Mrs Pedder | Silver Mounted Claret Jug. |
| Mrs H Ravenshaw | Lace Handkerchief. |
| Major and Mrs Bettie | Silver Vases. |
| Mrs Rich | Thermos Bottle. |
| Col and Mrs Ross | Silver Sauce Boat. |
| Mr and Mrs G E B Rogers | Silver Cream Jug. |
| Mr Saunderson, Mr Spencer Smith, and Mr Webber | Silver Liqueur Glasses. |
| Mr Shaw | Photograph Frames. |
| Col and Mrs M T Shewen | Silver Ink Bottle. |
| Mr and Mrs Simpson | Cheque. |
| Major and Mrs Carew Smythe | Silver Sweet Dishes. |
| Mrs Sorabji Jamshedji | Embroidery. |
| Lt Col and Mrs Staunton | Silver Table Lamp. |
| Mr and Mrs A H Stevens | Silver Sugar Sifter. |
| Mr Stevenson Moore | Carved Table |
| Lt-Col and Mrs A Stokes | Teapot Stands |
| Mrs Swaby | Cheque |
| Miss Swaby | Mustard Pot |
| Miss F F Talbot | Fan |
| Major and Mrs A H Taylor | Silver Salts Bottle |
| Lt Col C E Thompson | Silver Sweet Dishes |
| Mrs G H Trevor | Silver Sugar Sifter and Mustard Pot |
| Capt and Mrs Twist | Silver Ink Stand |
| Capt and Mrs H H Tudor | Silver Mounted Decanter |
| Col and Mrs Vizard | Blotting Pad |
| Major E St A Wane | Lace Fan |
| Mr and Mrs G Casson Walker | Limerick Lace |
| Mr Ward | Silver Frame |
| Major and Mrs F M Ward | Coffee Cups |
| Mrs L White West | Lace |
| Mr D G Wilson | Silver Rose Bowl |
| Mr R Worgan | Brass Lamp |
| Col and Mrs Wray | Silver Brushes |
| Major Gen Sir James and Lady Wolfe Murray | Silver Bowl |
| Lt Col Sir Curzon and Lady Wyllie | Turquoise Pendant |
| Mr and Mrs Maub Warner | Silver Topped Scent Bottle |
| Major and Mrs L N Younghusband | Lace |
| Lt Col Stanton and Officers, 2nd Battalion Royal Fusiliers | Silver Candlesticks |
| Lt Col Battersby and Officers, R A M C | Silver Salver |
| Sgt Drummer Franklin and Drummers, 2nd Battalion Royal Fusiliers | Photograph |

## BODY OF A KILLED EUROPEAN.

### Fatal Accident on the G. I. P.

On Sunday morning, at about 8-30, a gruesome discovery was made by the Guard and Driver of 68 Up Thana local train between Ghat Kuper and Vikhroli on their way to Victoria Terminus, Bombay. As they were approaching Ghat Kuper they found the body of a European lying by the side of the railway lines, and at once pulled up the train. On examination they found that life was extinct, and they wired information from Ghat Kuper on their arrival at that station. Fearing complications they left the dead body lying where it was found.

On receipt of the wire from Ghat Kuper, Mr. J. H. Romer, Traffic Inspector, proceeded without delay to the spot. The G. I. P. Railway Police Inspector, Victoria Terminus, was also with him when the body was removed to Thana, it having been found outside the jurisdiction of the Bombay Railway Police.

On enquiries, it was ascertained that the deceased, who is supposed to have been a surveyor by profession, left Victoria Terminus by the 17 Down Poona passenger train at 12-30 a. m. on Sunday with a friend named Mr. Hartell, an Engineer employed on the Railway on the Kalyan to Pandwal survey. They were both going to Kalyan. The deceased, it appears, fell off the train near Ghat Kuper. Nothing further is yet known about the accident although enquiries have been set on foot. It is doubtful whether the deceased was employed also with Mr. Hartell on the new G. I. P. Railway Kalyan-Pandwal survey, but it has been found out that he came to Bombay from Secunderabad. His name has not so far been ascertained. It appears that Mr Hartwell knew nothing of the accident as on his arrival at Kalyan he questioned the Guard of the train about the deceased, saying that as he could not find him he was taking his coat away with him to the camp.

The body of the deceased is lying in the Civil Hospital, Thana, to where it was removed by the Collector of Thana and Mr. Hall, Superintendent of Thana Jail.

A photograph of the body has been taken for purposes of identification, and a post-mortem examination has taken place.

LATER.

The deceased, it appears, was Young Ernest W. Levi, a young Assistant Engineer employed on the surveys which the G. I. P. are carrying out for the Government of India. The year before last Levi was employed on the Bellaspur—Warangal survey and last year was on the Amraoti-Morsee-Saoner survey, the recess work of which had just been completed in Poona. Levi was on his way up to Poona to despatch his kit, prior to joining another G. I. P. survey, and apparently fell out of the train.

## RAILWAY RETURNS.

### B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 21st Dec. on 904·35 Miles open

| | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings (Rettimated.) | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total traffic for the week | Rs. 1,48,000 | Rs. 2,40,000 | Rs. 4,000 | Rs. 3,92,000 |
| Or per mile of Railway | 393 | 476 | 8 | 777 |
| For previous 24 weeks of halfyear | 33,22,203 | 43,96,503 | 94,843 | 76,67,549 |
| Total for 25 weeks | 33,70,203 | 45,90,503 | 98,843 | 80,59,549 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year | 1,41,116 | 2,76,294 | 5,543 | 4,25,953 |
| Per mile of Ry. do. | 286 | 548 | 17 | 845 |
| Total to corresponding date do. | 32,58,178 | 48,95,058 | 1 17,970 | 83,71,206 |

Decrease for the week .... Rs. 33,953
Do. to date ..... „ 2,11,657

### RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st Dec, on 1,768·25 Miles open.

| | Coaching Traffic Receipt. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings estimated. | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Traffic for the week | Rs. 1,62,000 | Rs. 3,00,000 | Rs. 7,000 | Rs. 4,69,000 |
| Or per mile of Railway | 91 | 170 | 4 | 265 |
| For previous 24 weeks of half-year | 42,24,094 | 66,39,3 7 | 1,62,578 | 110,25,979 |
| Total for 25 weeks | 43,86,094 | 69,39,307 | 1,69,578 | 114,94,979 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding Week of previous year | 1,55,462 | 4,46,228 | 5,036 | 6,05,726 |
| Per mile of Ry do. | 88 | 252 | 3 | 343 |
| Total to corresp date do. | 43,14,151 | 68,66,616 | 1,74,924 | 112,55,691 |

Decrease for the week .. Rs. 1,37,726
Increase to date ..... „ 2,39,288

### GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st Dec. on 141·14 Miles open.

| | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings (estimated). | Tota Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Traffic for the week | Rs. 5,000 | Rs. 12,000 | Rs. .... | Rs. 17,000 |
| Or per mile of Railway | 35 | 85 | .... | 120 |
| For previous 24 weeks of half-year | 1,81,695 | 4,47,363 | 4,133 | 6,03,191 |
| Total for 25 weeks | 1,86,695 | 4,59,363 | 4,133 | 6,20,191 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding Week of previous year | 5,144 | 19,576 | 101 | 22,821 |
| Per mile of Ry. do. | 36 | 139 | 1 | 160 |
| Total to corresp date do. | 

## THE PERSIAN CONSTITUTION.

THE following is the full text of the new Persian Parliamentary Constitution and appears in the "Pioneer" from which it has been specially translated:—

In the name of God the most merciful and compassionate

The f llowing articles have been added to complete the Political Rules and Regulations issued under the signature of the late Muzafferuddin Shah, dated the 14th Zecad 1324 Hijrah.

GENERAL.

Article I.—The prevalent religion of Iran is Islam in the Shi'a form. It is necessary that the Shah of Persia should be a follower and promulgator of this religion.

2.—The Parliament which has been established by the favour of Imam-a-Zaman and by the kindness of the ruling chief, and according to the opinion of the learned men and in compliance with the wishes of the people, should, not at any time, frame any such rules as would be in direct conflict with the laws of Mahomedanism. As it is the duty of the learned to recognise the differences between Islamic and non-Islamic principles, it is therefore provided that at no time there should be less than five learned men in the Parliament. Their nomination or election should be in the following manner. The whole body of the learned (ulama) should select from among themselves 20 persons as candidates for the membership of the Parliament. Out of these the members of the Parliament will elect either by vote or by ballot five or more as members of the Parliament. Any religious subject brought up for discussion in the Parliament will be discussed by these men only, so that there may not be any antagonism in law to the Mahomedan religion. Their decision will be final, and this practice will be followed till the appearance of Imam-a-Zaman—that is for ever.

3.—The boundaries of the Kingdom of Persia, comprising provinces, urban and suburb, cannot be altered but according to the laws of the land.

4.—The metropolis of Persia is Teheran.

5.—The colour of Persia flag is green, white and red with the insignia of Lion and Sun.

6.—Lives and properties of foreigners who reside in Persia are secure and safe except in cases in which the laws of the land make exception.

7.—Nothing of public interest should be held in secret—nothing of public importance should be withheld from public knowledge.

RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE OF PERSIA.

8.—All the people of Persia are equal in law.

9.—All persons with regard to their life and property are safe and secure, and nothing are nobody can interfere with them except according to the laws promulgated.

10. No person can be arrested except in the place where an offence is alleged to have been committed by him, and with the written order of a magistrate. In the later case the alleged offence should be communicated to the magistrate within twenty-four hours.

11.—No offender should be compulsorily transferred from a competent court to another.

12.—All processes should be issued according to law.

13.—Houses and properties are secure and safe. Forcible entry into the house of another cannot be made except according to the rules and by-laws drawn up in conformity with the law.

14.—No property can be taken from its owner without the express order of the law, and after paying the usual price.

15.—No one of the residents of Persia can be deported nor should be ordered to leave one place and reside in another without the express order of the law.

16.—No property can be confiscated as a punishment but according to law.

17.—No property can be taken away from its owner or occupier but according to law

18.—Everybody can acquire knowledge, educational and industrial.

19.—Foundation of schools should be on public and state expenses; and the teaching should be according to the rules and regulations of the Minister of Education All schools and places of education should be under the control of the Minister of Education.

20.—Publication of books excepting those which contain irreligious (anti-Mahomedan) subjects, is free. But if anything therein be found against the Press Act, the author or the publisher is liable to prosecution. If the author be a well known man resident in Persia and responsible for his work, the publisher is free from prosecution.

21.—Associations and institutions which are not centres of violent agitations on religion and other secular matters, are free throughout the kingdom of Persia, but their members should not carry weapons, and should obey the rules promulgated by the law in this respect. Meetings in public places should be regulated by the lawful authorities.

22.—Postal letters and articles are free from confiscation, and divulgence of their contents cannot be made except in circumstances described in the rules under this head.

23.—Telegraphic news cannot be divulged or delayed, except under the written order of the addresser, or in circumstances described in the law.

24—The rights of the residents of foreign countries domiciled in Persia for accepting the domiciled rule and for waiving it, are regulated by a separate law.

25—There is no necessity for taking permission to prosecute any public employes, but it is necessary that for the prosecution of Ministers special rules be promulgated.

LEGISLATION.

26—Legislation of the country should be made by the subjects, but the ways and manner of it should be regulate by law.

27.—Legislation is divided into three classes:—

(I) Legislative Branch, which frames the laws, includes the King and both Houses of Parliament, each of which can draft the laws, but nothing should be enacted which is contrary to Mahomedan laws, and which has not been approved by both Houses of Parliament and received the consent of the King. The making of the laws relating to income and expenditure of the kingdom is especially reserved by the House of Commons (national assembly). (II) Judicial Branch, which denotes the branch which decides the cases of rights. The making of laws for this branch is especially reserved by the Kazis and Mahomedan law officers. (III) Executive Branch, which executes the laws This branch is especially reserved by the King, who executes the law through Ministers and Police in his own name, in the manner prescribed by the law

28.—All the aforesaid three branches of the Legislature are separate and independent of each other.

29.—Revenue of each province, city or district, is to be fixed by the Provincial Council according to the laws framed on the subject

RIGHTS OF THE MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

30.—Members of both the houses of Parliament are representative of the whole of Persia, and not only of the particular districts represented by them

31.—One person cannot be member of both the Houses at one and the same time.

32.—Whenever a member of Parliamment is appointed to a particular office, his connection with the House ceases. But he can be re-elected as a member of the House after resigning his office.

33.—Each House has the right of enquiry into political matters

34.—The House of Lords will not sit during the cessation of the House of Commons.

RIGHTS OF THE KING OF PERSIA.

35.—The Kingdom of Persia is the trust which has been placed by the favour of God in the hands of the King on behalf of the people.

36—The throne of Persia will remain with His Majesty Mahomed Ali Shah Kajar and his descendants generation after generation.

37—In case of plurality of children, the eldest son of the Shah will be the Crown Prince. Whenever there is no male issue the eldest nearest relative will be selected as the Crown Prince. In the latter case, whenever a male issue is born, he will be appointed Crown Prince.

38—On the death of the King the Crown Prince can take up the reins of the Government if he is major of eighteen years of age. In case of his minority, a regent will be appointed by both the Houses of Parliament till the Crown Prince attain majority at his eighteenth year.

39—No King can sit on the throne of Persia unless he, before his coronation, appears before both Houses of Parliament and the whole body of Ministers and takes oath in the following terms; "I keeping the Almighty God as a witness, take oath on the Koran and on all which is holy before. Him that I shall engage myself wholly and solely for the stability of Persia, and keep her bounderies intact, safeguard the political laws and reign according to their terms. I shall try to propagate the Shiaism. In every work and deed I shall think God present and omnipotent, and shall do nothing which is not for the benefit and well-being of Persia. I pray to God to help me in the improvement of Persia, and desire help from the souls of the saints of Islam."

40.—In the similar way, anyone who is appointed Regent will have to take oath.

41.—On the death of the King, both the Houses of Parliament must meet at once, and in no case the meeting of the Houses will be delayed more than ten days after the demise of the King.

42.—If the term of any member of any of the Houses of Parliament expire and new one is elected in his place, at the time of the death of the King, the old members will come round and the Houses will meet

43.—The King, without the consent of both the Houses of Parliament, cannot enter into a negotiation with a Foreign Power.

44.—The King is not responsible directly to the Houses of Parliament for any of his acts, but his Ministers are responsible to both the Houses of Parliament.

45.—The King will affix his signature to a document when it is submitted to him by a Minister, and the signature of the Minister on the same is the evidence of its being genuine.

46.—Appointment and dismissal of Ministers will be proclaimed regularly by the edict of the King.

47.—Conferring of military honours, medals and decorations according to the law is especially reserved for the King.

48.—Appointment of the heads of offices for Home and Foreign Departments is to be made by the King in consultation with the Ministers in charge of those Departments, but he will have nothing to do with those of other departments unless explicitly fined by the law.

49.—Issue of edicts and commands is one of the rights of the King, but the issue of such should not be delayed indifinitely

50—The King is the Commander-in-Chief of both the Army and the Navy.

51—Declaration of both war and peace is to be made by the King.

52—Conventions, the terms of which are to be kept secrets according to Article 24 of the Political Laws. dated 14th Zecad 1324, for political expediency, should as soon as the necessity passes away, be brought to the notice of both the Houses of Parliament, on behalf of the King, with full particulars.

53—The secret clauses of any Convention cannot override its public clauses.

54—The King can, at any time, call an extraordinary meeting of both the Houses of Parliament.

55—Coins will be struck according to the law in the name of the King.

56—Budget of income and expenditure should be made according to the law.

57—Rights and authorities of the King are those which are fully described in the laws.

REGARDING MINISTERS.

58.—No person can be a Minister unless he is a Mussalman born and bred in Persia and is a Persian subject.

59.—Princes of first generation, or, sons, brothers, uncles of the reigning King, are not eligible for ministerial appointments.

60.—Ministers are responsible to both the Houses of Parliament. Whenever any of the Houses meets, the Ministers should attend the meeting and explain whatever matter comes before the House for discussion.

61.—Though each Minister is responsible for his own department in general, the Cabinet is responsible to the Houses of Parliament for the doings of all the Ministers.

62.—Number of Ministers will be fixed by the law.

63.—The word Cabinent means all the Ministers as a body.

64.—Ministers cannot throw away there responsibility to the Houses of Parliament by the production of any oral message or written document from the King.

65.—The Houses of Parliament can impeach any one of the Ministers for any fault they commit.

66.—Responsibility and authorities of Ministers are fixed by the law.

67.—Whenever any of the Houses of Parliament, by a majority of votes, declares a Minister incompetent he losses his office forthwith.

68.—Ministers cannot undertake any other work besides that of their respective offices.

69.—Any of the House of Parliament can bring a Minister to a Court of Inquiry. The Court of Inquiry will hold its sittings publicly except when the matter of enquiry is personal to the Minister himself.

N.-B.—Till the time the Court of Inquiry is not appointed, a Committee of any of the Houses of Parliament or both will take its place.

70.—Whenever any of the Houses of Parliament finds fault with a Minister, or charges him with dereliction of his duties, his trial should be according to the laws of the realm.

AUTHORITIES OF THE COURTS.

71.—The High Court and the Police Court will decide criminal cases and the Courts of Kazi will decide civil and religious cases.

72.—Political cases will be heard by the Police Court, excepting those which are specially excepted by the laws.

73.—Courts will be appointed according to the law. Nobody is authorised to constitute a Court illegally.

74.—No Court can be constituted without lawful authority.

75.—For the whole of Persia, there will be only one Court of Inquiry, and it should be located at Teheran, the metropolis. This Court of enquiry shall not enquire into any cases other than those connected with the Ministers

76.—Proceedings of all the courts are public, excepting those the privacy of which is politically required.

77.—Political and sedition cases, if it is thought necessary, will be heard by a full bench

78.—Judgments should be according to the laws, and should be publicly delivered.

79.—In political and sedition cases, the accused should be present at the court of trial.

80.—Judges and Magistrates will be appointed by the King by an edict according to the laws.

81.—No Judge or Magistrate can be removed from his office without any fault or unless he resigns his office.

82.—No Judge or Magistrate can be transferred without his consent.

83.—The appointment of a Public Prosecutor is to be made by the King.

84.—Procedure for appointing Judges and Magistrates will be regulated by the law.

85.—Judges and Magistrates cannot accept any other office which is not authorised and not according to law

86.—In every district one Judge should be appointed, and the term of the appointment should be as described by the law.

87.—Military establishments will be established throughout the country according to the law.

88.—Distribution of work and departmental differences will be made by the Court of Inquiry.

89.—High Court and Police Court will issue general and particular processes according to law.

PROVINCIAL COUNCILS.

90.—Throughout the country, Provincial Councils will be established by special edicts and according to the following procedure.

91.—Members of Provincial Councils are to be elected by the inhabitants according to the Provincial Council Acts.

92.—Provincial Councils have full power to look after the welfare of the public according to the law.

93.—Provincial budgets will be published through Provincial Councils

REVENUE.

94.—Revenue can only be fixed according to law.

95.—Law can exempt any person from the payment of revenue.

96.—The budget of revenue will be prepared by the House of Commons every year, and must be sanctioned by a majority of votes.

97.—In fixing revenue there should be no difference among subjects according to caste, creed or colour.

98.—Redemption after exemption from revenue is regulated by law.

99.—Nothing which is specially described in the law should be taken from any man except land revenue in general, provincial, suburban or urban revenue.

100.—Nothing should go into the Treasury but according to law.

101.—The House of Commons will appoint Revenue Officer for the period fixed by the law.

102.—The Revenue Officer or the Accountant General is the sole authority for examining each item of expenditure. He is the Auditor General of the Treasury, and his duty is to see that no item of expenditure is allowed which is not sanctioned in the Budget, and that every portion of the public money is expended on the particular thing budgeted for He should inspect the expenditure of the whole of the Kingdom and report the same to the House of Commons with his remarks.

103.—Appointments and regulation of this department must be according to the law.

ARMY.

104.—The procedure for recruiting soldiers for the army is regulated by law duties, work and formation of regulars and according to the law.

105.—Military expenditure will be fixed every year by the House of Commons.

106.—No foreign soldier will be introduced into the army. Nor any foreign army can live in or pass from one part of the country to another without the lawful sanction or authority.

107.—Rights authorities and duties of soldiers cannot be altered but according to law.

SIGNATURE OF THE KING.

In the name of God the High, I have gone through the above regulations all are correct. I will, by the help of God, try to follow them and preserve them and my relations and successors will also be guided by them.

In the palace of Teheran, dated 29th Shaban in the year of Jayyet 1325.

## UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

List of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office Bombay:—

From Blackburn to Martin Dunn care of David Sassoon Mills, from Rangoon to Bhinford, from Hyderabad Dec to Jawad Nanjiji, from Sholapur to Jamsetji Palanji Paithonce, from Koregan to Narayan Bhavoo Kasar Tambyach Kata, from Surat to Maneck Rathakison care of Fulshanker S da Shanker Visi Fulchati, from Yeola to Davi e ... Sakharam Maharaj, from Amner to Parsotam Rawceji care of Laloo Magan Marwadi House, from Allahabad to Agent Barsi Light Railway, from Calcutta to Masukhlal Parsa nd, from Rajahmundy to Kavalchand Talairji, from Karachi to Max Symonds Morland, from Baroda to Chachaux Bombay, from Paralia to Premjee Katak, from Bombay to Arbath not Bombay Cricket Team, from Poona city to Cairo, from Neemuch to Bhikhabhoy Khoosaldas, from Kasurmandi to Doorgadass.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged, and will take place at Rangoon in January, between Percy Alfred third son of Henry Hayne, of The Ferns, Tunbridge Wells, and Mark Cross, Sussex; and Emily, younger daughter of the late Major J. G. Anderson, Royal Irish Fusiliers.

## RETIREMENT OF A KHANDESH FOREST OFFICER.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—The retirement of Mr. Abdul Russool Kajbux, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests on the 1st instant at Dhulia was the occasion of an interesting ceremony at the Divisional Forest Officer's bungalow. All the ladies and gentlemen of the station including Mr. and Mrs. Ghosal, Captain Lincoln I. M. S., Mr. and Mrs. Dodgson, Mr. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Neman, Messrs. Papamosco and Webber and other European and about 80 to 100 Indian gentlemen assembled to bid him farewell. The bungalow was gaily adorned with flags and bunting and two triumphal arches were ereted one bearing the word "Welcome" at the entrance over the gateway—the other futher inside the grounds with the words "Happy New Year." The Collector Mr. Ghosal very courteously brought his gramphone and some of his excellent records to entertain the guests as also did Mr. Jaffer Babulset who lent some records of Indian music.

After Mr. Abdul Russool was garlanded and after the distribution of Pan-suparee and refreshments the company was photographed. Then followed an entertainment of conjuring and other tricks and some music after which the evening was brought to a successful close.

Mr. Abdul Russool is a man with a strong personality. He rose from a very humble position to the rank of Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests by sheer integrity, zeal, energy and devotion to duty. It was over 30 years ago that he entered the Forest Department as a subordinate on Rs. 12 per mensem and most of his service was spent in Khandesh. It would be difficult to find an Indian officer in any Department of the State who has served Government more loyally and honestly and with such commendable zeal and enthusiasm Messrs. Propert. Probyn, Ommaney, Cumine, and other officials in the old days and others in more recent times have all borne testimony to his merits and applauded his zeal.

In addition to the excellent work he has performed as a Forest Officer he has proved himself on more than one occasion to be very valiant as a sportsman. It was he who tried to save the life of Mr Hughes, Assistant Collector in Khandesh, when that officer was mauled by a tiger in the Satpura forests. He shot the animal while it was on Mr. Hughes but unfortunately the latter succumbed to his wounds Mr. Abdul Russool's gallantry on this occasion was specially applauded by Government in a Resolution. It was he also who practically saved the life a former Director of Public Instruction, Mr. Chatfield, when that officer was mauled by a panther also in the Satpuras by carrying him about 40 miles to the nearest Doctor. But for the promptitude with which Mr. Abdul Russool acted Mr. Chatfield would without doubt have succumbed to his wound's.

Comparatively recently he was given a reward, on the recommendation of the Collector of Khandesh, of Rs. 100 for his gallantry in klling a man-eating tigress in the Nanapur Forests which was doing a great deal of damage—Work such as his not to mention that performed in periods of famine and distress (for which he has earned the commendations of Government) it would be difficult to speak too highly of and it is hoped that he will yet reap the reward of his assiduity and zeal by receiving some mark of His Excellency the Governor's approval now that his meritorious career has been brought to a close.

Mr. Abdul Russool is a man of a singularly meek and humble character. He has all along been fired with one ambition and that is to assist the Sirkar to the utmost of his ability and to trample down craftiness, deceit and fraud among subordinates. There can be but one opinion of the results of his labours. Every Forest officer who has served in Khandesh knows that he has been a great success and will regret that his services are no longer available for the multifarious duties that have to be performed in the Department.

## THEATRICAL PROSPECTS IN BOMBAY.

WE are informed by Mr. Bandmann's local attorney that the Bandmann Comedy Company who are now touring in the East will on completion of their circuit revisit Bombay in the middle of March The Company will open at the Empire Theatre on 19th March and will play there for 4 weeks after which they proceed to Cairo and thence Home. This will be the farewell visit of the present Comedy Company. The Company has of late been greatly strengthened by inclusion of several new Actors and Actresses engaged from home and Miss Forsythe who was so much missed during the Company's last season will again be with the Company, this time. A very strong and formidable set of Reportoirs is promised for this season including many new ones to be produced for the first time in Bombay such as "The Walls of Jericho," "John Glades' Honour," "The Morals of Marcus," "Lord and Lady Algy," a Beauty and the Barge," "The Christian," "The Earl of Pawtucket," "Sunday," "Peter's Mother." "A Night Out," "Alice-sit-by-the-Fire," and "Old Heidelberg," and it is hoped that the residents of Bombay will not be slow in recognising the merit of this talented Company who did so well during their last Season.

The Opera Company which have been drawing crowded houses every night in Calcutta will not visit Bombay until next Summer. This Company like the Comedy Company has been reorganised and there are several new Artists who have joined the Company recently. The Public will hail with satisfaction the news that Miss Probyn, their old favourite, has again rejoined the Company.

New Reportoires are being introduced and the Company's success during the last few weeks is a record one. The staging of "The Girls of Gottenberg" the other day was received by the audience with much enthusiasm and we are told that this piece was run for 10 nights before appreciative audiences.

The Company played the "Merry Widow" on New Year Day and before the curtains went up there was not even breathing room in the house and many had to go away disappointed. They repeated this performance again and at the conclusion of the play the audience simply rose and cheered and would not leave the Theatre until the curtain was raised again and again. In Mr. Bandmann's own words he thinks that this is one of the finest pieces he has ever touched both in point of popularity and financial success.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

"Gazette of India" January 4.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Governor-General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr T Gordon Walker, C S I, of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Mr William Rudolph Henry Merk, C S I, of the Indian Civil Service, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Captain J Good, M B, I M S, are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Burma.

The services of the following officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for employment in the civil police:—

Lieutenant D Cameron, 7th Rajputs

Lieutenant W H Hodgson, 119th Infantry.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Mr F M Howlett, B A, is appointed to be Second Imperial Entomologist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture, with effect from the 23rd November

Mr G A Gammie, F L S, is appointed as Imperial Cotton Specialist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture, with effect from the 14th December.

Major F J Jalen, F R C V S, Acting Principal, Bombay Veterinary College, is granted, special leave for three months, with effect from the 7th December.

Mr H H Haines, Deputy Conservator of Forests, reverts to the Imperial Forest Service list of Eastern Bengal and Assam, with effect from the 21st January the date on which his furlough commences

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr T Ryan, Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Government Examiner of Accounts, Southern Mahratta Railway, during the absence of Mr C C Fink on privilege leave or until further orders.

Mr G H leMaistre, Under Secretary, is appointed Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.

Mr C H James, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from leave posted to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Punjab.

## THE WEATHER.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° and for Calcutta standard ... local time) on the 4th January was 30·055 ... The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 10ft. at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial baremeter supposing the reading to be 30·00 and that of attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be ·14 and this will be ... lower ... ·01 ... 4 deg ... correction ... thermometer ... cistern, ... curia or aneroid, above zero of tide gauge ... differ ... ent from 47 feet it will read higher or lower by ·01 for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 6TH JANUARY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. ... still continues. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Crop accounts unfavourable

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Agra.—Absence of rain causing anxiety. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Cawnpore.—Drought still continues. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Bewar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general and arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Mornings cold and dewy. Rabi crop prospects generally good

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton crop accounts unfavourable. Wheat doing well

Broach.—Weather fine. Cotton picking partially begun and will be general within a fortnight.

Viramgam.—Cotton plants showing bolls.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton crop excellent and making good progress.

Dholera.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants showing bolls. Present weather may improve cotton yields slightly.

Bhavnagar.—Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Sholapur.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants showing bolls. Cotton crop excellent. Linseed and wheat doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants showing bolls.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 6TH JANUARY 1908.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 6th January, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

Punjab.—Skies remain clear and the air has become drier than usual. Calms and westerly or north-westerly winds prevail generally. Day temperature has been hotter than usual and the night temperature is nearly equal to normal at Rawalpindi, 2° warmer at Delhi and 1° to 4° cooler in other places.

United Provinces.—Skies are free from cloud and humidity has been considerably in defect of normal. Wind direction was calm at Jhansi while it was westerly or south-westerly at the remaining stations. Day temperature has been generally in excess of normal. Night temperature was nearly equal to normal at Jhansi and 3° to 10° in defect elsewhere.

Sind and Rajputana. No cloud is reported and humidity has been in defect. Calms and northeasterly winds prevail generally. Weather both during day and night has been hotter than usual.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—No cloud is reported and humidity has been generally in defect. Wind was north-westerly at Bhavnagar Para while calms and north-easterly or southeasterly breezes prevailed elsewhere. Maximum temperature has been nearly equal to normal at Bhuj and Neemuch and 1° to 7° in excess in other places. At night temperature has been fairly normal at Veraval, 2° to 4° cooler at Bhuj, Bhavnagar Para, Deesa and Indore and 2° to 4° warmer elsewhere

Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or only lightly or moderately clouded and the moisture in the air has decreased and is considerably below the average in all places except at Akola where it has been about normal. The direction of air movement is northerly at Nagpur, westerly at Raipur and north-easterly or south-easterly at Jubbulpore, Saugor, Hoshangabad, Akola and Amraoti. Calm was recorded at Khandwa and Chanda Maximum temperature remains nearly normal at all stations except at Chanda and Raipur where it has been 3° to 4° below. At night, temperature was fairly normal at Saugor and 2° to 9° below it elsewhere.

Konkan.—Light to moderate cloud has appeared throughout the district and humidity is below normal. Winds are generally easterly or northeasterly in direction. Temperature both during day and night has been slightly in excess of normal.

Bombay, Deccan and Hyderabad.—The sky is clear at Malegaon and Poona and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. The amount of moisture in the air has been in excess at Sholapur and more or defect elsewhere Calm and easterly or southerly or south-easterly winds prevail generally. Temperature both during day and night has been cooler than usual in most places.

General Remarks—Weather continues fine and settled over nearly the whole area.

N. LESLIE,

Meteorologist, Bombay.


STRAINS AND STIFFNESS.

ALWAYS USE ZAM-BUK.

The stimulating juices in Zam-Buk render it exceedingly effective when rubbed into the muscles and tendons or about a joint. Zam-Buk gives tone to the muscles of the wrist and arm, ankle and calf, and expels any pain that may be due to impurity in the blood (as in rheumatism, gout, lumbago, neuralgia, etc.) and also overcomes any tenderness and swellings, the result of a strain or sprain.

In sprains, rub Zam-Buk well in, and then apply firm bandage, say of flannel, to promote the absorption of the healing and soothing substances contained in the salve, and also to give extra support to the weakened joint. A few days' rest may then be necessary, but as soon as deemed wise, a little movement should be encouraged without removing the bandage. In this manner the strengthening of the joint may be hastened, and after the lapse of a week or ten days, there should be fresh applications of Zam-Buk rubbed in vigorously with the end of a soft towel, so as to stimulate the process of absorption. The use of Zam-Buk ensures a complete recovery, and checks any tendency to stiff joints.

Zam-Buk is essentially a pure herbal balm, and contains no animal fats or mineral irritatants. It is invaluable for burns, cuts, bruises, eczema, itch, Delhi sores, ringworm, scalp sores, prickly heat, bad legs, ulcers, abscesses, piles, boils, pimples, rashes, poisoned and festering wounds, insect stings and bites, rheumatism, neuralgia, and all other diseased, injured, or irritated conditions of the skin and tissues. Prices Re. 1 per pot, or Rs. 2-4 for large family size, (containing nearly four times the Re. 1) of all chemists and medicine vendors, or for Rs. 1-2 or Rs. 2-8 post free from the Zam-Buk Co., 9 Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.

ZAM-BUK FREE.

Cut out this coupon and send with one anna stamp to the Zam-Buk Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample pot of Zam-Buk.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette," 7th JAN. 1908.

Zam-Buk

RUB IT IN


## THE LADIES' CORNER.

NEW THINGS AT LIBERTY'S.

The variety of novelties at liberty and Co.'s is seemingly endless. No efforts has been spared in the collection of this array of artistic objects for the festive season ... the various departments ... includes in the most fashionable makes of silken, crepe, and velvet fabrics, in all their creamy softness, and these marterials are so lovely in themselves that they do not demand elaborate trimming. In addition to their attractive stock of beautiful materials evening and day gowns, ... and cloaks, and blouses etc ... equally suitable for Christmas gifts, there are hundreds of ... fascinating things which come under the general title of "dress accessories," and include a wonderful variety of presents at all prices and to suit all tastes. Prominent among the attractions are the waistbelts in leather mounted on a velvet ground at 15s. 6d. each, in various sizes, designs, and colourings. Purses, wrist-bags, photo frames, etc., are offered in this artistic leatner work, which is also sold by the yard, in many widths, designs and colourings. For the motorists there are leather cushions ... brown, green, or red, filled with ... with a heavy leather ... attraction here, most ... design, is in silk ... satin bands and ends, ... effect, in shades of pink, blue, or mauve, while there is a becoming scarf in the same material, with ends showing a Persian design. Among the many pretty trifles in the jewellery department there are smart little necklets made from mother-o'-pearl, finished with pearl, and metal beads. Silver rings, in quaint designs, set with pearls and enamel with amethyst and topaz or with the fashionable moonstone hatpins, with large heads, inlaid with enamel, and waistbelt clasps, inlaid with enamel.

THE NEW SHIRT-BLOUSE.

The return of the extremely pain tailormade shirt-blouse is assured. Already these blouses are making their appearance in the severest simplicity, made of striped and plain materials, with only a few gathers at the shoulders to give the requisite fullness over the bust, or a series of stiff pleats extending in a straight line, from sholder to waistline. These blouses are not even allowed the fancifulness that a crosswise cuff or shoulder strapping gives, but instead the cuff is made precisely like that on a man's shirt, and the collar is of the blouse material. Blouses of while linen, for wear with the trotteur skirt, are being made up in all degrees of fineness, with fine tucks laid en masse rather than in clusters. The backs of the linen blouses in some of the designs are quite plain, while others show a few pleats in the centre, extending straight up and down, instead of slanting toward the centre of the back, as in the older styles. Shirt-blouses are easily made at home, provided a good pattern is at hand. The home-made blouse also possesses the additional advantage of fitting perfectly.

JEWELLED COMBS.

The coiffure decorations in the shops make a very effective display. Butterflies of jet and tortoiseshell, ornamented with precious and semi-precious stones, are offered in the most tempting array. Large bow-knots, made of shell, are another attraction, together with the cut jet combs and barettes to match. Never have combs been more artistically designed, and the workmanship in some of them is quite wonderful. From the single comb of imitation shell to the gold-mounted jewel-incrusted comb they are all well proportioned and designed. Pink cameos and inlays of pink coral are among the newest ideas, but nearly every kind of precious and semi-precious stone is employed to make these combs attractive. The plain, hand-carved comb of real tortoiseshell always retains its popularity, and carved bar ttes to match are worn during the daytime, but in the evening the jewel-set, delicately-wrought barette of gold clasps the hair at the back. Sets of hairpins of tortoiseshell with stone-encrusted heads are being offered in some of the shops, and they would make a delightful Christmas present. These hairpins, with large round heads, are thrust through the hair when it is dressed high. Mercury wings are a favourite hair ornamentation, and they look equally well on fair or dark hair. The designs made of old filet net, wired and bound with satin, are very charming. The mercury wings of tortoiseshell, following the lines of the wired wings of tulle or other transparent materials, are a new idea which promises to be popular. A single flower worn in the hair is very becoming, and ribbon threaded through the hair, ending in an artistic bow on the left side, if not overdone, is very fascinating. The latter idea is often useful in affording an opportunity to emphasize a colour in the costume.

## COTTON DISPUTE.

NEARLY 400 firms were represented on Dec. 16 at the meeting of the Cotton Employers' Federation, which was held in Manchester. Mr. C. W. Macara, the president, said they were met to consider two questions of importance—first, the fine counts settlement and, secondly, the position of the ring-spinning question. With regard to the first, he was pleased that they had been able to come to a satisfactory arrangement For some time it looked as if the trade were likely to be involved in a severe struggle, but fortunately a settlement had been arranged, and he had no doubt it would be unanimously approved and ratified. The other question was one of equal importance. In this case, in the opinion of the federation the card-room amalgamation had placed two mills on strike in contravention of the Brookland's agreement and consequently all negotiations had been broken off. That agreement had been in operation for nearly fifteen years, and had enabled the trade to be conducted peacefully during that period. He had pointed with pride to the fact that agreements entered into between cotton employers and operatives in Lancashire had in the past been loyally kept, and he regretted exceedingly to know that there was a change in this matter The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "That this meeting of the federation confirms the agreement entered into with the operative spinners' amalgamation on the fine counts question, and expresses its appreciation of the services rendered by the special committee to whom the negotiations had been deputed." Mr. Joseph Clough (Rochdale) chairman of the ring list committee, then gave a report of the position of affairs in connection with the ring-spinning question He said that the joint committee met that day and unanimously adopted the following recommendation submitted by the ring sub-committee:—"That the ring list committee of the federation approves of the action of the joint committee breaking off all negotiations with the card-room amalgamation in consequence of their placing the Nile and the Palm mills on strike, contrary to the provisions of the Brookland's agreement, and desires to point out that these two mills, being on strike on a question which is of vital importance to the whole of the trade, and all negotiations having been broken off, further action on the part of the federation will be necessary if these disputes are to be brought to a satisfactory termination. The Committee is therefore of opinion that the general committee should recommend at the general meeting of members, that, in the event of the work people at the Nile and Palm mills not returning to work within a reasonable period, the whole of the mills in the federation should stop, with a view to bringing these disputes to an end" That recommendation, added Mr Clough, had been unanimously adopted by the General Committee The general meeting approved the recommendation, and unless there is an early settlement of the dispute there will be a general lock out


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## BY THE WAY.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

But we shall still see German students in England. It was because the German Emperor determined to make English compulsory study in German schools that Cecil Rhodes ... apart in his will funds for those fifteen German scholarships at Oxford. Immediately be received Heligoland from Great Britain the Emperor prohibited the teaching of English in the schools there; an act which caused astonishment in the country, and bitter complainings in the island When, therefore, his ... had time to think things over and to decide ... English is an asset to his people, it struck Rhodes ... very significant modification, and he lapped the ... into his will, adding an expression of the wish that Kaiser William would himself nominate the candidates The Emperor was much impressed, and as soon as the facts were made known declared his intention to comply with the conditions. And to-day every young son of the Fatherland at Oxford as a Rhodes scholar has been chosen by the Emperor himself.

ROUTING THE SACRILEGIOUS.

"They ... the rod" about the cloister, and, getting what they regarded as a sign upon the west side, set to work ... full six feet down. All that they found was a coffin," but in regard it was not heavy, we did not open which we afterwards much repented." Lilly left it on record. They gave up the cloister and entered the ... proper. It was a calm, still night, but no sooner had they ... than "so high, so blustering, and loud ... did rise that we verily believed the west end of the church would have fallen upon us. Our rods would not move at all; the candles and torches, all but one, were extinguished or burned very dimly. John Scott ... of the rods) was amazed, looked pale, knew not what to think or do until I gave directions and command to dismiss the daemons, which, when done, all was quiet again." Lilly attributed the failure of the venture to the presence of some thirty onlookers, who were laughing and ... deriding the searchers, so that, had he not dismissed the daemons, he solemnly asserts, the west end of the Abbey would surely have been blown down upon them.

REMOTE ISSUES.

Every now and then we get paragraph over the cables mentioning "the rebellion in China." In spite of the rapid development of the Celestial Empire, with its railways and telegraphs, its new knowledge and new army, here is a serious insurrection about of which the outside world knows next to nothing, which grows and spreads from month to month; which may develop into a second Tae-Ping rebellion. History is made in China to-day very much after the fashion in which it was made centuries before the dawn of the Christian era. The Tae-Ping rebellion began in just as small a way as the rebellion now in progress. One man originated it; years passed before it grew to many as a couple of adherents, but when at last the militant creed which the rebels preached had reached the multitude, there came about an upheaval ... of the whole world, no less than fifteen years.

TOPSY-TURVYDOM.

When Great Britain went to war with China in 1860, the Tae-Ping rebellion was still deluging the land with blood. The Chinese Emperor was desperately afraid that the invading British and French forces would take sides with the rebels, and was influenced by that fear in making terms with the foreigners. A curious example of the topsy-turvy condition of the period is mentioned in Lord Wolseley's autobiography. They found at Shanghai that the rebels, having recently captured the rich city of Soochoo, were advancing on Shanghai The Governor General of the province therefore made what Lord Wolseley terms the oddest request ever addressed by the ruler of an invaded territory to the enemy. "He begged us to land and march upon Soochoo, and retake it for the Emperor. He was kind enough to add that if we did this, he would inform his Celestial master of the valuable services we had rendered, and he had no doubt that, as a reward for these services, we should be granted all we asked." Mr. Herbert Paul mentions that Shangai was actually defended by the combined punitive force against the rebels, for the Emperor whom that force had been sent to punish.

WANTED ENGLISH LINGUISTS.

A Berlin correspondent puts forward an interesting theory. The teaching of English in Germany, he says, must check the flow of young Germans into England, and should that prove to be the case, then Englishmen with a gift for languages ought to be ready to take the vacant positions They ought to be, but of course they will not These young foreigners are masters of four or five languages, and for three or four pounds a week make efficient correspondence clerks An Englishman with similar qualifications would command a good deal more, but where is such a man to be found? As a nation we are duffers at languages, and the bulk of the foreign correspondence in our large businesses has to be done for us by the alien.

NEGLECT OF GERMAN.

Germany occupies such a high position in the commercial, military and naval world that most of its neighbours encourage a study of the German language to enable them to meet on linguistic terms so powerful a competitor. We, however, think differently, and it may surprise many to know that the study of German is decreasing in the United Kingdom For the general welfare of the community, this neglect is distressing, but for the Services it is deplorable, says the Broad Arrow.

UNDERGRADUATES' LICENSE.

The growing license among undergraduates, both at Oxford and Cambridge, will probably lead to the abolition of the special University laws in their favour, and to their treatment by the police and the town magistrates, says the "Nation."

LIMERICKS FOR THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Oh, there once was and English K. C.
Who aspired a peacemaker to be;
With his chest swathed in flannel
He traversed the Channel
As cheerful as cheerful could be.

He had made once or twice more or less
Of his measures a horrible mess,
But the bountiful Birrell
Was blithe as a squirrel
To think of the wrongs he'd redress.

He had studied up "Arrah na-Pogue"
And had mastered the national brogue,
For he thought such devices
Might mitigate crises,
Should crises just then be in vogue.

And he thought with a beautiful smile
Of assuming the name and the style
Of "Assuager of Wrath" or
Of even the "Author
Of Peace" in the Emerald Isle.

His remarks were delightfully phrased
As he sat in the Castle and gazed
On the masses and classes
Through roseate glasses
With eyes that with hopefulness blazed.

The inhabitants didn't appear
Much to mind as they saw drawing near
Their friend and their brother,
But somehow or other
Decided to turn a deaf ear.

There was only just one little change
In their ways they saw fit to arrange;
Cattle-driving they started,
Which Birrell, big hearted,
Considered decidedly strange.

With a feeling approaching to awe
He saw, and he knew England saw
How stern Fate always trebles
The number of rebels
When Radicals ... the law.

But he never once thought to cry "Halt!"
At the sight of excess and assault;
In his chair he was rocking
And moaning, "It's shocking,
But isn't the least bit my fault.

And the people of Erin the Green,
As soon as they clearly had seen
That he would not give battle,
Drove off some more cattle,
While smiling a smile most serene.

Oh, as painful as painful can be
'Tis to witness the K.C., M.P.,
Who wrote "Obiter Dicta,"
A "regular derelicta,"
Adrift in the turbulent sea!

—Mostyn T. Pigott, in the "World."


ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere


## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Co's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain A J Cole which arrived in Bombay Harbour on Sunday from the Persian Gulf &c, brought a general cargo as 8 cases opium, 4 horses and Capt Mulloy, Mr Craig, Mr Sewla 6 native and 110 deck passengers.

The A Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Bohemia 2305 tons Captain M Dabinvich, arrived in Harbour yesterday from Trieste via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Satara, 3340 tons, Captain J M Tyrrel, sailed yesterday for ... in ballast.

The steamer Kalibia, 3140 tons, Captain F Walker, will sail to day for Rangoon in ballast.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lawada, 2,1.. tons, Captain J Kilpatrick will sail to-day for Calcutta &c with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVERNMENT DOCKYARD.

H M S Proserpine ... Capt James ... R Navy

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Hyacinth ... Capt A W Heneage ... R Navy
H M S Highflyer ... Capt O S Hickley ... R Navy
H M S Sphinx ... Comdr Lilienfeld ... R Navy
R I M S Dufferin ... Capt T A L de Berry ... R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—JAN. 6.

| Vessel | Tons | Captain | From | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alberto Treves | 2446 | Crows | | S G It Itana |
| Buceros | 7595 | Hutchins | | R A Willis |
| Bohemia | 2305 | Dabarich | | A L S N Co |
| Caledonia | 599 | Teagle | London | P & O Co |
| Dwarka | 750 | Moxon | | M M & Co |
| Euphorbia ... crisy | | Stev ns | | |
| | 2471 | Forsyth | | J M & Co |
| Grantley Hall | 2506 | Jones | | K Nixon & Co |
| ... aveti | 911 | Le Meise | | B & P S N Co |
| Helios | 800 | Kundsen | Singapore | F F C & Co |
| Ipswich | 515 | Pelling | | Shah S N Co |
| Investigator | | | | S Mamoojee & Co |
| Kola | 570 | Cole | | M M & Co |
| Kalibia | 3149 | Walker | | Bombay Co |
| Kicklee | 2575 | Watson | | W & A Graham & Co |
| Landara | 2157 | Austin | | M M & Co |
| Lawada | 2124 | Kilpatrick | | M M & Co |
| ... | | McCabe | | T Morrison & Co |
| ... | | ...ers | N F | P & O S N Co |
| Nairn | 2324 | Lo...n | | K Nixon & Co |
| ... | 28.. | Thomson | | T Morrison & Co |
| ... | 3087 | | | A Stre..de |
| ... | 3566 | Davison | | E T-jbboy |
| ... | 3 .. | Grant | | Shah N N Co |
| ... | 2536 | Clergy | | W & A G & Co |
| ... | 34.. | Tyrrel | N F | M M & Co |

VESSELS IN DOCK—JAN. 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Destination. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B Clan Mackintosh | 3043 | Lennox | Antwerp | 10-1-08 | F Muir & Co |
| G Mashtari | 1.. | ... | ... | 9-1 | B & P S N Co |
| H Majidi | 1... | Coates | ...itius | 8-1-08 | B & P S N Co |
| K Hindoo | 2... | Jones | ...vis K'chi | 9-1 | F M & Co |
| M Maragon | 3279 | Ho gson | R-pairing | | M M & Co |
| N Baron Dalmeny | 2503 | Dodds | Baltimore | 7-1 | R A Willis |
| O ... | 19.. | ... | N F | | H A Hasum |
| P ... | | ... | K'chi | 7-1-08 | G ... & Co |
| Q Ahmadi | 640 | Hughes | Jeddah | 8-1 | B & P S N Co |
| | 30 ton | ... | | | |
| ... | 1387 | Molony | | | N F B & P S N Co |

H W D

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Destination. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | 547 | Ahmed | K'chi | 7-1 | Bo S N Co |
| Satrunji | 547 | Hoosein | M'galor | 10-1 | Bo S N Co |
| Sarasvati | 443 | Ahmed | Mangalore | 6-1 | Bo S N Co |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Destination. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Moyori Maru | 2736 | Hands | Kobe | 8-1-08 | N Y Kaisha |
| 2 | Cest lia | 4081 | Bl ght | L'pool | 7-1-08 | W & A G & Co |
| 3 | R Rubattino | 2682 | Cucchi | Genoa | 15-1 | F & R S N Co |
| 4 | Teviot | | ... | | | |
| 5 | Kybfels | 4996 | V n Thun | H'burg | 11-1 | Horio & R S N Co |
| 6 | Stanley Hall | 2659 | Hend | K'chi | 8-1 | K Nixon & Co |
| 7 | Peninsular | 2.19 | Peters | Shanghai | | B & P & O Co |
| | ... | | Burgl nd | Antwerp | 9-1-08 | M M & Co |
| | ... | 507 | Haywood | | 16-1 | P & O Co |
| | ... | | Re ford | | 6-1 | M M & Co |
| 15 | Zo ... | 2375 | Ewan | London | N F | K Nixon & Co |
| 16 | Nerbudda | 3025 | Williams | Bussorah | 6-1 | Bo S N Co |

ARRIVALS.

| Jan. | Vessel. | Commander | Destination |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | Bohemia s | Dabovich | Trieste, Dec 18 |
| 6 | R Rubattino s | Cucchi | Genoa, Dec 18 |

DEPARTURES.

| Jan. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | Sultan s | Ulrich | Zanzibar, &c |
| | Satara s | Tyrrell | Rangoon |

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday.

Steamer Lawada, Kilpatrick for Calcutta, &c
" Kalebia, Walker for Rangoon

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Lavanso, for Calcutta, &c
" Buceros, for Philadelphia
" R Rubattino for Genoa, &c
" Orissa, for Calcutta, &c

## DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—1 bale cotton, G Tejpal and Co, 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co, 57 bales wool B Hurbham.

FOR LONDON.

Oceana s—1,020 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey 350 cwts cotton seed, Volkart Bros, 2040 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey, 200 cwts Hajee C Tejpal.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan Macintosh s—110 bales hemp, T Purshotum and Co, 50 bales hemp, Ebjee Oomersey, 50 bales hemp, P Bhimjee, 150 bales hemp, V Dewjee, 35 bales hemp, K Nixon and Co, 4,000 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co, 1,550 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

Chupra s—790 bales cotton, Ralli Bros, 1,929 cwts gingelly seed, Wormann and Co, 525 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee, 50 bales hemp, Hirjee Govindji 999 cwts gingelly seed, David Sassoon and Co, 1,999 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros, 999 cwts gingelly seed, M Valabdas, 202 cwts gum, P Jetha

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—2,080 cwts Myrabollams Arjoon Khimjee, 1,558 cwts Myrabollams, W Bechar, 1,700 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros, 102 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers, 250 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co. 50 bales hemp, P Bhimjee, 300 cwt cottonseed, Volkart Bros, 720 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—1,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts castorseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co, 1 bale cotton Ralli Bros, 80 bales cotton fly, W. W. H and Sons.

FOR BREMEN.

Ehrenfels s—1,976 cwts gingellyseed, Cooverjee.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kybfels s—396 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 330 bales F F Campbell and Co, 55 bales cotton, Vat bhagbandy and Son, 120 bales hemp P Bhimjee, 100 cwt nigerseed, Volkart Bros, 1,955 cwts gingelly-seed, John Fa birn, 1,001 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey, 100 bales hemp, 1,007 cwts myrabollams, Hirjee Govindjee, 290 bales cotton seed, Owen and Okell 100 bales hemp, E Oomersey, 866 bales cotton, Ralli Bros, 1,000 cwts myrabollams, G Madhowjii and Co.

Ehrenfels s—20 bales twist R Hurmukhrai, 185 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 525 cwts myrabollams A Kimjee.

FOR GENOA

R Rubbattino s—19 bales twist E D Sossoon and Co.

FOR HONKONG

Peninsular s—3 cwts general horn M K E Ellias, 4 cases rose oil N Bharucha, 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co, 8 cases opium, P and O Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Peninsular s—27 chests opium, Pelrozsha B Petit and Co, 25 chests opium, C Bamonjee and Co, 100 bales twist, C Bhownidas.

FOR KOBE

Moyori Maru s—329 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co; 25 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co

Peninsular s—1,400 bales cotton, M B Kaisha; 100 bales cotton. The New Mofussil Co; 10 bales cotton, J B Petit and Co; 150 bales cotton D B Petit and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Peninsular—100 bales cotton, The Metsui B Kaisha.

A GUIDE to hotels in Switzerland which a correspondent has picked up contains some very fine examples of German English, of which two seem worth quoting. The first is from a description of the scenery in the neighbourhood of an Overland hotel on Lake Lucerne: "Below the land-edge floated with the lake-glass, with the precious castle-group and the fine trees; behind the steep rocky walls of the Ralligstocks and the Beatenberg . . . Even if one doesn't know if there is to be preferred picturesque lakescape or the grandious high mountains and then it is again the changing richly formed fore-ground, which makes the whole to a unique, the senses so refreshing lands-cape" Less vague but equally enticing are the charms of a certain Swiss watering-place: "Richly changing promenades. Idyllic quietness. Sports, Lawn-tennis, Fishing, Angle sporting, Rowing, Bowlings. Cure-music. A game-parc with numerous beasts in the shady idyllic small valley is situated 15 minutes from the town. Treated for all diseases of the stomach, the gut, fat sickness, chlorotic, neurasthenie, hysteria, melancholy, also gouty and rheumatisme diseases.

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## THE TWO SERVICES.

INTERPRETERS IN THE NAVY.

It is satisfactory to find that the Admiralty are gradually giving more attention to the subject of foreign languages, and encouraging naval men to take up the study of this subject, and sit for the interpreter examination. A couple of years ago the authorities invited all the lower deck ratings who had any knowledge of a foreign tongue to register their names with the naval commander-in chief of their mother port, in view of their services being available if required for either the purpose of war or entertaining foreign guests during peace time. It was understood at the time that there was a ready and some what startling response to this request, which was gratifying to the authorities, for although in most cases the knowledge of a foreign tongue among the men of the fleet was only a colloquial one, yet this would be sufficient for many situations. A revision has recently taken place in respect to allotting marks for officers who seek to become interpreters, in which a much larger number of marks is awarded for "conversation." and reproduction orally, in the foreign language, of a narrative read aloud or related by an examiner. As these points are obviously the most useful in ship work the change is a commendable one and a knowledge of maritime idiom in general use among naval officers in foreign fleets is likewise a condition to be insisted upon.

NAVAL VICTUALLING EXPERIMENT.

One of the purposes for which the Director of Victualling in the Navy (Mr. O. A R Murray) visited Devonport was to consider the arrangements for initiating a change in the victualling of the boys belonging to the trainingship "Impregnable." Up to the present the boys have been fed on the fixed ration principle, which has resulted in considerable wastage, and in other ways has not been found satisfactory. It is now intended to establish what is known as "a general mess" on similar lines to the system which has worked so well in the cruiser "Furious" Staff-Paymaster P. J. Ling, formerly of the "Repulse," who has been appointed to the "Impregnable" for victualling and clothing duties will be given a free hand as regards the purchases of food, and after the experiment has been given a fair trial a report is to be made to the Admiralty. Judging from the experience of the 'general mess" system as conducted in the "Furious" at Portsmouth, there is much to be said in its favour, economically and in feeding men to their own liking. Representatives of each section of the lower deck meet weekly, under Lieutenant Garforth, to decide upon the menu for the ensuing week and to deal with any complaints or suggestions. The bill of fare provides for fish thrice a week for breakfast, a good hot dinner with vegetables and sweets, watercress and other luxuries for tea, and hot supper, bread and butter also being served with each meal. This varied and wholesome dietary is obtained for the nominal subscription of 2d. per week per man The experiment about to be tried in the "Impregnable" will necessarily differ in details from that in the "Furious," in order to meet the particular circumstances of the training service, but inasmuch as the governing idea is the same, there is everything to justify the success of the new system.

STRENGTHENING THE NORE DIVISION.

The new battleship "Agamemnon" will join the Nore division of the Home Fleet when she is handed over as a completed ship to the Navy by the contractors. The exact changes that are to take place to make room for the "Agamemnon" in the Nore division are as follows:—The "Venerable" is to be paid out of commission at Chatham on the 6th of January and recommissioned on the following day to relieve the "Jupiter" in the Channel Fleet, thus strengthening Lord Charles Beresford's command. The "Venerable" will be manned by the crew of the "Majestic," and this latter ship will be given a nucleus crew and be sent to Devonport to join the Western Division of the Home Fleet in February next. By that time the "Agamemnon" will be ready to take her place in the fighting line, and will join Admiral Bridgeman's command, with headquarters at the Nore. Her sistership, the "Lord Nelson," will probably join the same command later on, and remain there until sufficient "Dreadnoughts" have the pennant at their mastheads to make another reshuffle of the fleets necessary, so that these monsters may find a place in the Channel command. Meantime the "Agamemnon" and "Lord Nelson" should do something as new ships to obviate the dispersion of the Nore division for repairs, such as it has recently undergone, and which causes a weakness at a very important point in our naval defence. The "Jupiter" will probably join the Home Fleet.

THE WOODS CASE EXPENSES.

The Treasury, at the request of the War Office, has taken the only step possible with regard to the case of the 2nd Batn. Grenadier Guards. It has decided to repay to the officers concerned the expenses they incurred in defending themselves. If this course had not been taken, the inquiry would have left some very disagreeable reflections behind it. In form it was an investigation into the qualities of Lieut. Woods as a regimental officer, but practically it placed three other officers in a position which called upon them to defend their honour, and in so doing to defend the honour of the Army. The action of Mr. Haldane in ordering the public inquiry gave it this character. In some respects good results must follow, as good often comes out of evil, but from the point of view of the Army as a whole, and with regard to military efficiency and discipline, it would have been infinitely better if Sir John French's advice had been adopted, and the investigation had taken place privately at Aldershot. The holding of the inquiry publicly made it essential for the officers concerned to take the best steps they could to protect themselves, and thus leading counsel were engaged, and all the machinery of the law was set in motion. This was not done without imposing a heavy charge upon the officers. Leading counsel are not engaged without considerable costs being incurred. Mr. Haldane—who is himself a lawyer—did not overlook this fact, and doubtless recognises that, if inquiries of this kind are to take place, not only will they prove highly detrimental to the Army, but they will deter many from accepting commissions who may think that some aggrieved subaltern may at some future time impose upon them pecuniary responsibilities which they cannot afford to bear. In these circumstances it was incumbent on the Treasury to assume the responsibility.

THE NEW CAVALRY SWORD.

It appears that the new sword for the cavalry has now been definitely selected, or at least that the final trials implying acceptance, are those now in progress at Aldershot in the 1st Cavalry Brigade. We described the weapon on October 5th as well as the new long, thin, far-reaching bayonet, as a thrusting and not a cutting arm, long, straight, and narrow, nearly like the rapier, and a little lighter than the present sword, with a grip somewhat after the style of the old Italian weapon. Obviously the thrust gets home before the cut, and there may be a certain risk, though perhaps not a serious one, of the point getting fast. In order to obviate this possible difficulty, Major H. P. Young, late 4th Bombay Cavalry, suggests, in a letter which we print to-day, the addition of a half-inch projection to the back of the blade behind the few inches sharpened for the thrust, to prevent the blade entering too far. There may be doubts as to whether this would be a practicable addition. It is expected that a charge will be included in the Army Estimates to enable the manufacture of these weapons to go on rapidly. The new pattern is believed to be well balanced and admirably adapted to cavalry use. A new swordsmanship based on rapier play, will be introduced. The famous sword makers of Solingen will, it is understood, be entrusted with the production of the blades, but much of the work in the fitting of the sword, its grip, and its scabbard, will be executed at Woolwich and in the factories of private firms. The regiments at home will be first supplied with the new sword, which will afterwards be issued to regiments abroad.

THE PREDOMINANCE OF THE NAVY.

The necessity of this new argument is not apparent to us, because obviously it is very desirable, and it may be essential, to organise our forces as soon as possible. Moreover, there is no reason to suppose that we shall not be able to maintain our naval predominance. We have always considered the Territorial Army to be intended to resist those raids which may be attempted by any resolute adversary in time of war. The dangers were described by Captain E. J. W. Slades, R.N., late Captain of the Naval War College, and now Director of Naval Intelligence, before the Royal Engineers Institute in February last year. He said a raid might be pushed home by evasion of our ships, and would depend upon rapidity of movement and the unexpectedness of the attack to surprise the spot aimed at before adequate arrangements had been made for its defence. The spot might be any of our large shipping centres and manufacturing or shipbuilding towns on the coast, such as the Tyne, Barrow-in-Furness, Liverpool, the Clyde, and our naval bases. This seems to us to be a sufficient reason for organising the Territorial Army, without recourse to an argument implying our assumed falling away at some future time from the two-Power naval standard.

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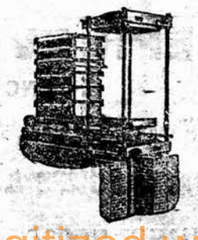

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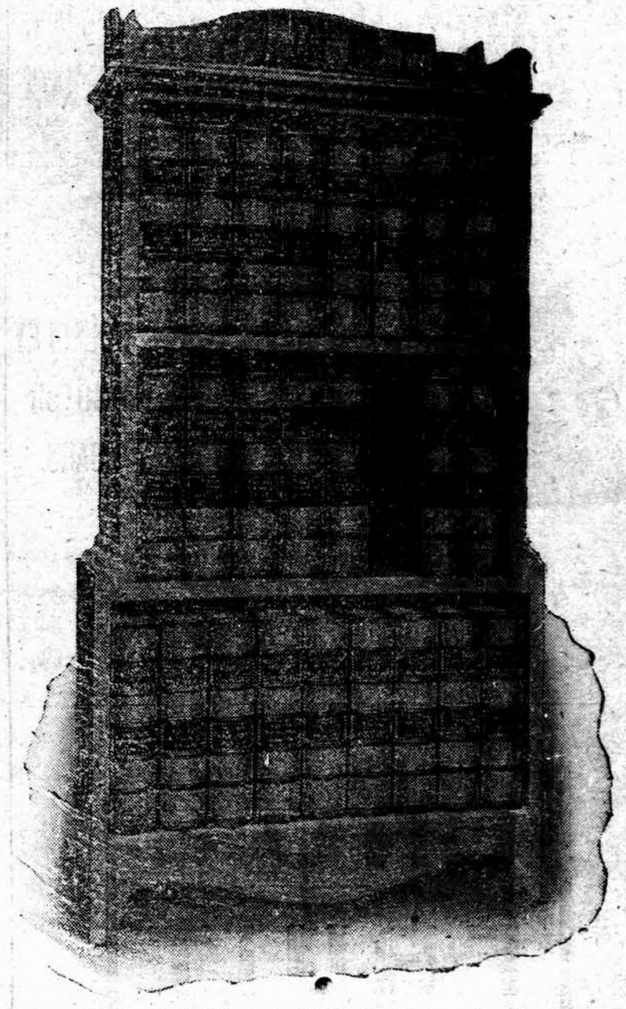

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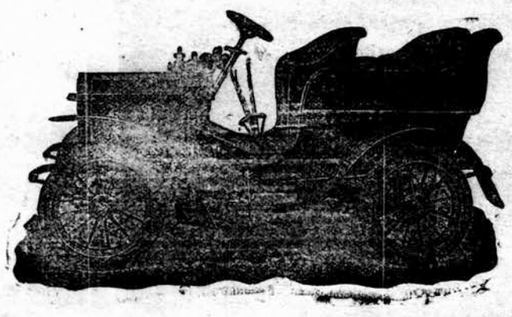

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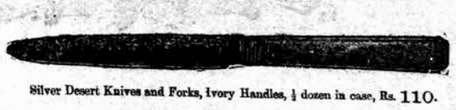

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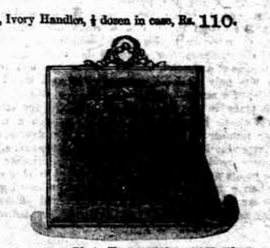

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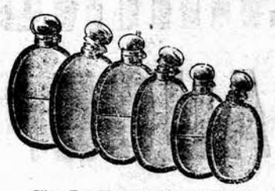

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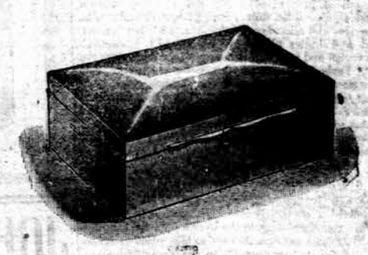

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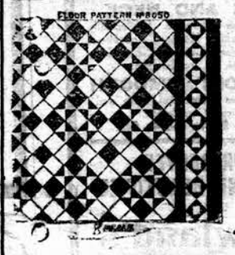

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